UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014

OR

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-36008

Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

MARYLAND

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

11620 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1000, Los Angeles, California (Address of principal executive offices)

(310) 966-1680

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \square No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \square No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer \Box

Accelerated filer \Box

Non-accelerated filer 🗹

Smaller reporting company \Box

46-2024407

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

90025

(Zip Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \Box No \Box

The number of shares of common stock outstanding at August 5, 2014 was 25,649,026.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

ASSETS I <th></th> <th> June 30, 2014</th> <th colspan="2">December 31, 2013</th>		 June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	
Buildings and improvements 403,639,000 312,216,000 Tenant improvements 17,834,000 13,267,000 Fumiture, fixtures, and equipment 188,000 188,000 Total real estate held for investment 720,366,000 542,550,000 Accumulated depreciation (66,572,000) 6897,000 Cash and cash equivalents 9,272,000 8,997,000 Restricted cash 379,000 3325,000 Nets receivable 13,136,000 13,139,000 Restricted cash 379,000 325,000 Deferred treverivable, net 2,2650,000 2,164,000 Deferred leasing costs, net 3,197,000 1,3622,000 Acquired lidefinite-lived intangible assets, net 2,2652,000 1,3622,000 Acquired lidefinite-lived intangible assets 2,271,000 5,578,000 5,687,000 Assets 2,283,000 2,322,000 3,687,000 1,862,000 Assets 2,583,000 5,558,000 5,687,000 5,687,000 Acquired lasse intangible assets, net 2,652,000 5,554,675,000 5,687,000	ASSETS			
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Furniture, fixtures, and equipment 188,000 188,000 Total real estate, held for investment 720,366,000 542,550,000 Accumulated depreciation (66,572,000) (68,978,000) Cash and cash equivalents 9,272,000 8,997,000 Restricted cash 379,000 325,000 Nets receivable 13,136,000 131,39,000 Rents and other receivables, net 1,467,000 929,200 Deferred loas costs, net 2,650,000 2,164,000 Deferred loan costs, net 3,197,000 1,597,000 Acquired indefinite-lived intangible assets, net 2,265,2000 1,527,000 Acquired indefinite-lived intangible 5,271,000 5,227,000 Acquired indefinite-lived intangible 5,273,000 5,687,000 Investment in unconsolidated real estate entities 5,758,000 5,687,000 Total Assets 5,758,000 5,54,675,000 IABUTITES & EQUITY 5 542,650,000 LiAbilities 6,024,000 6,024,000 Notes payable 6,024,000 6,024,000 Orien associated with		17,834,000		
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Other assets 2,583,000 2,322,000 Acquisition related deposits 1,450,000 1,510,000 Investment in unconsolidated real estate entities 5,758,000 5,687,000 Assets associated with real estate held for sale 11,898,000 1,898,000 Investment in unconsolidated real estate entities 5 725,822,000 \$ 554,675,000 LIABILITIES & EQUITY 5 725,822,000 \$ 192,491,000 Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities 6,281,000 5,368,000 Dividends payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities, net 3,075,000 5,368,000 Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net 1,977,000 1,160,000 Tenant security deposits 7,451,000 6,155,000 Prepaid rents 964,000 1,448,000 Liabilities 389,621,000 212,906,000 Total Liabilities 389,621,000 212,906,000 Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equity 255,000 255,000 Common Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively 255,000 255,000	Acquired lease intangible assets, net	22,652,000		13,622,000
Acquisition related deposits 1,450,000 1,510,000 Investment in unconsolidated real estate entities 5,758,000 5,687,000 Assets associated with real estate held for sale - 11,898,000 Total Assets \$ 725,822,000 \$ 554,675,000 LIABILITIES & EQUITY - 11,898,000 Liabilities - - Notes payable \$ 369,873,000 \$ 192,491,000 Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities 6,281,000 6,024,000 Dividends payable 3,075,000 5,368,000 Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net 1,977,000 1,160,000 Tenant security deposits 7,451,000 6,155,000 Prepaid rents 964,000 1,448,000 Liabilities 389,621,000 212,906,000 Equity - 260,000 Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equity 255,000 215,000 Common Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding at 312,451,000 311,936,000 Additional paid in capital 312,451,000 311,936,000	Acquired indefinite-lived intangible	5,271,000		5,271,000
Investment in unconsolidated real estate entities 5,758,000 5,687,000 Assets associated with real estate held for sale 11,898,000 11,898,000 Total Assets \$ 725,822,000 \$ 554,675,000 LIABILITIES & EQUITY Notes payable accrued expenses and other liabilities 6,281,000 6,024,000 Dividends payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities 6,281,000 5,368,000 Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net 1,977,000 1,160,000 Tenant security deposits 964,000 1,448,000 Iabilities 389,621,000 6,155,000 Prepaid rents 964,000 1,448,000 Liabilities associated with real estate held for sale 389,621,000 212,906,000 Equity 389,621,000 212,906,000 212,906,000 Equity 389,621,000 312,451,000 311,936,000 Additional paid in capital 312,451,000 311,936,000 Additional paid in capital 312,451,000 311,936,000 Additional paid in capital 312,451,000 311,936,000 Accumula	Other assets	2,583,000		2,322,000
Assets associated with real estate held for sale11,898,000Total Assets725,822,000554,675,000LIABILITIES & EQUITY1Liabilities1Notes payable369,873,000192,491,000Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities6,281,0006,024,000Dividends payable3,075,0005,368,000Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net1,977,0001,160,000Tenat security deposits964,0001,448,000Prepaid rents964,0001,448,000Liabilities associated with real estate held for sale389,621,000212,906,000Total Liabilities associated with real estate held for sale389,621,000212,906,000Equity389,621,000212,906,000212,906,000Common Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively255,000255,000Additional paid in capital312,451,000311,936,000Accumulated other comprehensive income(410,000)(5,933,000)	Acquisition related deposits	1,450,000		1,510,000
Total Assets \$ 725,822,000 \$ 554,675,000 LIABILITIES & EQUITY -	Investment in unconsolidated real estate entities	5,758,000		5,687,000
LIABILITIES & EQUITYLiabilitiesNotes payable\$ 369,873,000\$ 192,491,000Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities6,281,0006,024,000Dividends payable3,075,0005,368,000Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net1,977,0001,160,000Tenant security deposits7,451,0006,155,000Prepaid rents964,0001,448,000Liabilities389,621,000212,906,000Total Liabilities389,621,000212,906,000Equity325,500255,000Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equity Common Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively255,000255,000Additional paid in capital312,451,000311,936,000-Accumulated other comprehensive income(410,000)Accumulated deficit(10,784,000)(5,993,000)	Assets associated with real estate held for sale	-		11,898,000
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Dividends payable3,075,0005,368,000Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net1,977,0001,160,000Tenant security deposits7,451,0006,155,000Prepaid rents964,0001,448,000Liabilities associated with real estate held for sale260,000Total Liabilities389,621,000212,906,000Equity8389,621,000212,906,000Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equity55Common Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively255,000Additional paid in capital312,451,000311,936,000Accumulated other comprehensive income(410,000)-Accumulated deficit(10,784,000)(5,993,000)	Notes payable	\$ 369,873,000	\$	192,491,000
Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net1,977,0001,160,000Tenant security deposits7,451,0006,155,000Prepaid rents964,0001,448,000Liabilities associated with real estate held for sale260,000Total Liabilities389,621,000212,906,000Equity889,621,000212,906,000Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equity559,886 outstanding atJune 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively255,000Additional paid in capital312,451,000Accumulated other comprehensive income(410,000)Accumulated deficit(10,784,000)	Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,281,000		6,024,000
Tenant security deposits7,451,0006,155,000Prepaid rents964,0001,448,000Liabilities associated with real estate held for sale260,000Total Liabilities389,621,000212,906,000Equity389,621,000212,906,000Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equityCommon Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively255,000Additional paid in capital312,451,000311,936,000Accumulated other comprehensive income(410,000)-Accumulated deficit(10,784,000)(5,993,000)		3,075,000		5,368,000
Tenant security deposits7,451,0006,155,000Prepaid rents964,0001,448,000Liabilities associated with real estate held for sale260,000Total Liabilities389,621,000212,906,000Equity389,621,000212,906,000Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equityCommon Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively255,000Additional paid in capital312,451,000311,936,000Accumulated other comprehensive income(410,000)-Accumulated deficit(10,784,000)(5,993,000)	Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net	1,977,000		1,160,000
Liabilities associated with real estate held for sale260,000Total Liabilities389,621,000212,906,000EquityRexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equityCommon Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively255,000255,000Additional paid in capital312,451,000311,936,000311,936,000Accumulated other comprehensive income(410,000)-Accumulated deficit(10,784,000)(5,993,000)	Tenant security deposits	7,451,000		6,155,000
Total Liabilities389,621,000212,906,000EquityRexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equityCommon Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively255,000255,000Additional paid in capital312,451,000311,936,000Accumulated other comprehensive income(410,000)-Accumulated deficit(10,784,000)(5,993,000)	Prepaid rents	964,000		1,448,000
EquityRexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equityCommon Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding atJune 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively255,000Additional paid in capital312,451,000Accumulated other comprehensive income(410,000)Accumulated deficit(10,784,000)	Liabilities associated with real estate held for sale	-		260,000
Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equityCommon Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding atJune 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively255,000Additional paid in capital312,451,000Accumulated other comprehensive income(410,000)Accumulated deficit(10,784,000)	Total Liabilities	389,621,000		212,906,000
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively255,000255,000Additional paid in capital312,451,000311,936,000Accumulated other comprehensive income(410,000)-Accumulated deficit(10,784,000)(5,993,000)	Equity			
June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively 255,000 255,000 Additional paid in capital 312,451,000 311,936,000 Accumulated other comprehensive income (410,000) - Accumulated deficit (10,784,000) (5,993,000)	Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equity			
Additional paid in capital 312,451,000 311,936,000 Accumulated other comprehensive income (410,000) - Accumulated deficit (10,784,000) (5,993,000)	Common Stock, \$0.01 par value 490,000,000 authorized and 25,623,645 and 25,559,886 outstanding at			
Accumulated other comprehensive income (410,000) - Accumulated deficit (10,784,000) (5,993,000)	June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	255,000		255,000
Accumulated deficit (10,784,000) (5,993,000)	Additional paid in capital	312,451,000		311,936,000
	Accumulated other comprehensive income	(410,000)		-
201 512 000 20C 100 000	Accumulated deficit	 (10,784,000)		(5,993,000)
10tal stockholders' equity 301,512,000 306,198,000	Total stockholders' equity	301,512,000		306,198,000
Noncontrolling interests 34,689,000 35,571,000	Noncontrolling interests	34,689,000		35,571,000
Total Equity 336,201,000 341,769,000	Total Equity	336,201,000		341,769,000
Total Liabilities and Equity \$ 725,822,000 \$ 554,675,000	Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 725,822,000	\$	554,675,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated and combined financial statements.

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC. AND REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC. PREDECESSOR CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months E	Ended June 30,			
	2014	2013	2014	2013			
	Rexford Industrial	Rexford Industrial	Rexford Industrial	Rexford Industrial			
	Realty, Inc.	Realty, Inc. Predecessor	Realty, Inc.	Realty, Inc. Predecessor			
RENTAL REVENUES							
Rental revenues	\$ 12,773,000	\$ 9,062,000	\$ 24,401,000	\$ 16,822,000			
Tenant reimbursements	1,681,000	1,112,000	3,192,000	1,959,000			
Management, leasing and development services	249,000	170,000	483,000	431,000			
Other income	15,000	49,000	57,000	167,000			
TOTAL RENTAL REVENUES	14,718,000	10,393,000	28,133,000	19,379,000			
Interest income	278,000	324,000	554,000	635,000			
TOTAL REVENUES	14,996,000	10,717,000	28,687,000	20,014,000			
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Property expenses	3,892,000	2,835,000	8,026,000	5,234,000			
General and administrative	2,780,000	1,396,000	5,385,000	2,535,000			
Depreciation and amortization	6,003,000	3,514,000	12,133,000	6,134,000			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	12,675,000	7,745,000	25,544,000	13,903,000			
OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE	· · ·		, ,				
Acquisition expenses	652,000	624,000	985,000	717,000			
Interest expense	1,537,000	4,386,000	2,788,000	8,161,000			
Gain on mark-to-market of interest rate swaps	-	-	-	(49,000			
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSE	2,189,000	5,010,000	3,773,000	8,829,000			
TOTAL EXPENSES	14,864,000	12,755,000	29,317,000	22,732,000			
Equity in loss from unconsolidated real estate entities	(51,000)	(712,000)	(6,000)	(925,000			
Gain from early repayment of note receivable	-	-	-	1,365,000			
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-	(37,000			
NET INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	81.000	(2,750,000)	(636,000)	(2,315,000			
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS							
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before gain on sale of real estate							
and loss on extinguishment of debt	-	(257,000)	21.000	(838,000			
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	(41,000)	-	(250,000			
Gain on sale of real estate	-	2,580,000	2,125,000	4,989,000			
INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	-	2,282,000	2.146.000	3,901,000			
NET INCOME (LOSS)	81,000	(468,000)	1,510,000	1,586,000			
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(8,000)	(1,818,000)	(160,000)	(3,544,000			
NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO REXFORD INDUSTRIAL	(0,000)	(1,010,000)	(100,000)	(5,544,000			
REALTY, INC. STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 73,000	\$ (2,286,000)	\$ 1,350,000	\$ (1,958,000			
Income (loss) from continuing operations available to common stockholders per share - basic and diluted	\$ -		\$ (0.02)				
Net income available to common stockholders per share - basic and diluted	\$ -		\$ 0.05				
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - basic and diluted	25,419,757		25,419,588				
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.12		\$ 0.24				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated and combined financial statements.

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC. AND REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC. PREDECESSOR CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,					
		2014		2013		2014		2013			
Net income (loss)	\$	81,000	\$	(468,000)	\$	1,510,000	\$	1,586,000			
Other comprehensive loss: cash flow hedge adjustment		(759,000)		-		(459,000)		-			
Comprehensive (loss) income		(678,000)		(468,000)		1,051,000		1,586,000			
Less: comprehensive loss (income) attributable to											
noncontrolling interests		72,000		(1,818,000)		(111,000)		(3,544,000)			
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to common											
stockholders	\$	(606,000)	\$	(2,286,000)	\$	940,000	\$	(1,958,000)			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated and combined financial statements.

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Number of Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at January 1,								
2014	25,559,886	\$ 255,000	\$311,936,000	\$ (5,993,000)	\$-	\$306,198,000	\$ 35,571,000	\$341,769,000
Issuance of restricted stock	89,048	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forfeiture of restricted								
stock	(25,289)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offering costs	-	-	(6,000)	-	-	(6,000)	-	(6,000)
Amortization of stock								
based compensation	-	-	521,000	-	-	521,000	-	521,000
Dividends	-	-	-	(6,141,000)	-	(6,141,000)	-	(6,141,000)
Distributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	(993,000)	(993,000)
Net income	-	-	-	1,350,000	-	1,350,000	160,000	1,510,000
Other comprehensive loss		-			(410,000)	(410,000)	(49,000)	(459,000)
Balance at June 30, 2014	25,623,645	\$ 255,000	\$312,451,000	\$(10,784,000)	\$ (410,000)	\$301,512,000	\$ 34,689,000	\$336,201,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated and combined financial statements.

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC. AND REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC. PREDECESSOR CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Six Months 2014	Ended June 30, 2013			
	2014 Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.	Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$ 1.510.000	\$ 1.586.000			
Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net	\$ 1,510,000	\$ 1,586,000			
cash provided by operating activities:					
Equity in loss of unconsolidated real estate entities	6,000	925,000			
Depreciation and amortization	12,133,000	6,134,000			
Depreciation and amortization included in discontinued operations	7,000	762,000			
Amortization of above (below) market lease intangibles, net	154,000	212,000			
Accretion of discount on notes receivable	(129,000)) (94,000			
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	287,000			
Gain on sale of real estate	(2,125,000)				
Amortization of loan costs	273,000	657,000			
Gain on mark-to-market interest rate swaps	-	(49,000)			
Accretion of premium on notes payable	(46,000)				
Deferred interest expense	-	530,000			
Equity based compensation expense	451,000	85,000			
Gain from early repayment of notes receivable	-	(1,365,000)			
Change in working capital components:	-	(125.000)			
Rents and other receivables	(538,000)				
Deferred rent receivable Change in restricted cash	(579,000)) (217,000) (116,000)			
Leasing commissions	- (879,000)				
Other assets	(220,000)				
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(41,000)				
Tenant security deposits	535,000	495,000			
Prepaid rent	(1,137,000)				
Net cash provided by operating activities	9,375,000	2,402,000			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		2,402,000			
Acquisition of investments in real estate	(174,287,000)) (73,332,000			
Capital expenditures	(4,221,000				
Acquisition related deposits	60,000	50,000			
Contributions to unconsolidated real estate entities	(105,000)				
Distributions from unconsolidated real estate entities	28,000	237,000			
Change in restricted cash	(54,000)) (71,000			
Principal repayments of notes receivable	132,000	5,494,000			
Disposition of investment in real estate	13,790,000	21,537,000			
Net cash used in investing activities	(164,657,000)) (47,290,000			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from notes payable	171,000,000	55,459,000			
Repayment of notes payable	(4,137,000)) (21,078,000)			
Deferred loan costs	(1,873,000)				
Offering costs	(6,000)				
Prepaid offering costs	-	(1,524,000			
Capital contributions from Predecessor members	-	1,156,000			
Distributions to Predecessor members	-	(5,695,000			
Reimbursements due to Predecessor members	-	(1,221,000			
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(8,434,000)				
Distributions paid to common unitholders	(993,000)				
Change in restricted cash		43,000			
Net cash provided by financing activities	155,557,000	26,340,000			
	075 000	(10 5 10 000			
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents	275,000	(18,548,000			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	8,997,000	43,499,000			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 9,272,000	\$ 24,951,000			

See Notes 3 and 6 for significant noncash investing and financing activities

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated and combined financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. Organization

Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. is a self-administered and self-managed full-service real estate investment trust ("REIT") focused on owning and operating industrial properties in Southern California infill markets. We were formed as a Maryland corporation on January 18, 2013 and Rexford Industrial Realty, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership"), of which we are the sole general partner, was formed as a Maryland limited partnership on January 18, 2013. Through our controlling interest in our Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries, we own, manage, lease, acquire and develop industrial real estate primarily located in Southern California infill markets. As of June 30, 2014, our consolidated portfolio consisted of 82 properties with approximately 7.9 million rentable square feet. We also own a 15% interest in a joint venture that owns three properties with approximately 1.2 million rentable square feet.

We did not have any meaningful operating activity until the consummation of our initial public offering ("IPO") and the related acquisition of certain assets of our predecessor as part of our formation transactions on July 24, 2013. The historical financial results in these financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 relate to our accounting predecessor. Our Predecessor is comprised of Rexford Industrial, LLC ("RILLC"), Rexford Sponsor V, LLC ("Sponsor"), Rexford Industrial Fund V REIT, LLC ("RIF V REIT") and their consolidated subsidiaries, which consist of Rexford Industrial Fund I, LLC ("RIF I"), Rexford Industrial Fund II, LLC ("RIF II"), Rexford Industrial Fund II, LLC ("RIF II"), Rexford Industrial Fund IV, LLC ("RIF IV"), Rexford Industrial Fund V, LP ("RIF V") and their subsidiaries (collectively the "Predecessor Funds"). The entities comprising Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor are combined on the basis of common management and common ownership.

The terms "us," "we," "our," and the "Company" as used in these financial statements refer to Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and its subsidiaries (including our Operating Partnership) subsequent to our IPO on July 24, 2013 and our predecessor prior to that date ("Predecessor" or "Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor").

Basis of Presentation

As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the financial statements presented are the consolidated financial statements of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and its subsidiaries, including our Operating Partnership. The financial statements presented for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, are the combined financial statements of our Predecessor. All of the outside ownership interests in entities that our Predecessor consolidates are included in non-controlling interests. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated and combined financial statements.

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") may have been condensed or omitted pursuant to SEC rules and regulations, although we believe that the disclosures are adequate to make their presentation not misleading. The accompanying unaudited financial statements include, in our opinion, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial information set forth therein. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2014. The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the combined and consolidated financial statements in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K and the notes thereto. Any references to the number of properties and square footage are unaudited and outside the scope of our independent registered public accounting firm's review of our financial statements in accordance with the standards of the United States Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the consolidated and combined financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

We consolidate all entities that are wholly owned and those in which we own less than 100% but control, as well as any variable interest entities in which we are the primary beneficiary. We evaluate our ability to control an entity and whether the entity is a variable interest entity and we are the primary beneficiary through consideration of the substantive terms of the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

arrangement to identify which enterprise has the power to direct the activities of a variable interest entity that most significantly impacts the entity's economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses of the entity or the right to receive benefits from the entity. Investments in entities in which we do not control but over which we have the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies are presented under the equity method. Investments in entities that we do not control and over which we do not exercise significant influence are carried at the lower of cost or fair value, as appropriate. Our ability to correctly assess our influence and/or control over an entity affects the presentation of these investments in our consolidated and combined financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash and liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less. The carrying amount approximates fair value due to the short term maturity of these investments.

Discontinued Operations

The revenue, expenses, impairment and/or gain on sale of operating properties that meet the applicable criteria are reported as discontinued operations in the consolidated and combined statements of operations for all periods presented. A gain on sale, if any, is recognized in the period during which the property is disposed. In addition, all amounts for all prior periods presented are reclassified from continuing operations to discontinued operations.

In determining whether to report the results of operations, impairment and/or gain on sale of operating properties as discontinued operations, we evaluate whether we have any significant continuing involvement in the operations, leasing or management of the property after disposition. If we determine that we have significant continuing involvement after disposition, we report the revenue, expenses, impairment and/or gain on sale as part of continuing operations.

Held for Sale Assets

We classify properties as held for sale when certain criteria set forth in the Long-Lived Assets Classified as Held for Sale Subsections of ASC Topic 360: *Property, Plant, and Equipment,* are met. At that time, the assets and liabilities of the property held for sale are presented separately in the consolidated and combined balance sheets and we cease recording depreciation and amortization expense at the time a property is classified as held for sale. Properties held for sale are reported at the lower of their carrying value or their estimated fair value, less estimated costs to sell. In addition, the assets and liabilities of the property are reclassified and presented separately for all comparative periods.

Investment in Real Estate

Acquisitions

When we acquire operating properties, with the intention to hold the investment for the long-term, we allocate the purchase price to the various components of the acquisition based upon the fair value of each component. The components typically include land, building and improvements, intangible assets related to above and below market leases, intangible assets related to in-place leases, debt and other assumed assets and liabilities. The initial allocation of the purchase price is based on management's preliminary assessment, which may differ when final information becomes available. Subsequent adjustments made to the initial purchase price allocation are made within the allocation period, which typically does not exceed one year.

We allocate the purchase price to the fair value of the tangible assets by valuing the property as if it were vacant. We consider Level 3 inputs such as the replacement cost of such assets, appraisals, property condition reports, comparable market rental data and other related information.



NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

In determining the fair value of intangible lease assets or liabilities, we consider Level 3 inputs including the value associated with leasing commissions, legal and other costs, as well as the estimated period necessary to lease such property and lease commencement. Acquired above and below market leases are valued based on the present value of the difference between prevailing market rates and the in-place rates measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the lease for above market leases and the initial term plus the term of any below market fixed rate renewal options for below market leases, if applicable. The estimated fair value of acquired in-place at-market tenant leases are the costs that would have been incurred to lease the property to the occupancy level of the property at the date of acquisition. Such estimates include the fair value of leasing commissions and legal costs that would be incurred to lease the property to this occupancy level.

The difference between the fair value and the face value of debt assumed in connection with an acquisition is recorded as a premium or discount and amortized to "interest expense" over the life of the debt assumed. The valuation of assumed liabilities is based on our estimate of the current market rates for similar liabilities in effect at the acquisition date.

For acquisitions that do not meet the accounting criteria to be accounted for as a business combination, we record to land and building the purchase price paid and capitalize the associated acquisition costs.

Capitalization of Costs

We capitalize costs incurred in developing, renovating, rehabilitating, and improving real estate assets as part of the investment basis. Costs incurred in making repairs and maintaining real estate assets are expensed as incurred. During the land development and construction periods, we capitalize insurance, real estate taxes and certain general and administrative costs of the personnel performing development, renovations, and rehabilitation if such costs are incremental and identifiable to a specific activity to get the asset ready for its intended use. Capitalized costs are included in the investment basis of real estate assets.

Depreciation and Amortization

Real estate, including land, building and land improvements, tenant improvements, and furniture, fixtures and equipment, leasing costs and intangible lease assets and liabilities are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization, unless circumstances indicate that the cost cannot be recovered, in which case, the carrying value of the property is reduced to estimated fair value as discussed below in our policy with regards to impairment of long-lived assets. We estimate the depreciable portion of our real estate assets and related useful lives in order to record depreciation expense. Our ability to estimate the depreciable portions of our real estate assets and useful lives is critical to the determination of the appropriate amount of depreciation and amortization expense recorded and the carrying value of the underlying assets. Any change to the assets to be depreciated and the estimated depreciable lives of these assets would have an impact on the depreciation expense recognized.

The values allocated to buildings, site improvements, in-place leases, tenant improvements and leasing costs are depreciated on a straight-line basis using an estimated remaining life of 10-30 years for buildings, 20 years for site improvements, and the shorter of the estimated useful life or respective lease term for tenant improvements.

As discussed above, in connection with property acquisitions, we may acquire leases with rental rates above or below the market rental rates. Such differences are recorded as an intangible lease asset or liability and amortized to "rental revenues" over the reasonably assured term of the related leases. The unamortized balances of these assets and liabilities associated with the early termination of leases are fully amortized to their respective revenue line items in our consolidated financial statements over the shorter of the expected life of such assets and liabilities or the remaining lease term.

Our estimate of the useful life of our assets is evaluated upon acquisition and when circumstances indicate a change in the useful life, which requires significant judgment regarding the economic obsolescence of tangible and intangible assets.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with the provisions of the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets Subsections of ASC Topic 360: *Property, Plant, and Equipment*, we assess the carrying values of our respective long-lived assets, including goodwill, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of these assets may not be fully recoverable.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Recoverability of real estate assets is measured by comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to the estimated future undiscounted cash flows. In order to review real estate assets for recoverability, we consider current market conditions, as well as our intent with respect to holding or disposing of the asset. The intent with regard to the underlying assets might change as market conditions change, as well as other factors. Fair value is determined through various valuation techniques; including discounted cash flow models, applying a capitalization rate to estimated net operating income of a property, quoted market values and third party appraisals, where considered necessary. The use of projected future cash flows is based on assumptions that are consistent with estimates of future expectations and the strategic plan used to manage our underlying business. If our analysis indicates that the carrying value of the real estate asset is not recoverable on an undiscounted cash flow basis, we will recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the current estimated fair value of the real estate property.

Assumptions and estimates used in the recoverability analyses for future cash flows, discount rates and capitalization rates are complex and subjective. Changes in economic and operating conditions or our intent with regard to our investment that occur subsequent to our impairment analyses could impact these assumptions and result in future impairment of our real estate properties.

At June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, our investment in real estate has been recorded net of a cumulative impairment of \$18.6 million.

Acquired Indefinite-Lived Intangibles

Acquired indefinite-lived intangibles represent the fair value of the management contracts in-place at the time of the contribution of Sponsor, RIF V REIT and their consolidated subsidiaries to the Operating Partnership as part of our formation transactions. The asset has an indefinite life, and, accordingly, is not amortized.

Income Taxes

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") commencing with our initial taxable year ended December 31, 2013. To qualify as a REIT, we are required (among other things) to distribute at least 90% of our REIT taxable income to our stockholders and meet the various other requirements imposed by the Code relating to matters such as operating results, asset holdings, distribution levels and diversity of stock ownership. Provided we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we are generally not subject to corporate-level income tax on the earnings distributed currently to our stockholders that we derive from our REIT qualifying activities. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, and were unable to avail ourselves of certain savings provisions set forth in the Code, all of our taxable income would be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates, including any applicable alternative minimum tax.

In addition, we are subject to taxation by various state and local jurisdictions, including those in which we transact business or reside. Our nontaxable REIT subsidiaries, including our Operating Partnership, are either partnerships or disregarded entities for federal income tax purposes. Under applicable federal and state income tax rules, the allocated share of net income or loss from disregarded entities (including limited partnerships and S-Corporations) is reportable in the income tax returns of the respective partners and stockholders. Accordingly, no income tax provision is included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014.

Each of RIF I, RIF II, RIF III and RIF IV are limited liability companies but have elected to be taxed as a partnership for tax purposes. As such, the allocated share of net income or loss from the limited liability companies is reportable in the income tax returns of the respective partners and investors. Accordingly, no income tax provision is included in the accompanying combined financial statements.

RIF V REIT has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Code, commencing with its tax period ended December 31, 2010. We believe that RIF V REIT met all of the REIT distribution and technical requirements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, and accordingly, has not recognized any provision for income taxes.

We periodically evaluate our tax positions to determine whether it is more likely than not that such positions would be sustained upon examination by a tax authority for all open tax years, as defined by the statute of limitations, based on their technical merits. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we have not established a liability for uncertain tax positions.



NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

FASB ASC Topic 815: *Derivatives and Hedging* ("ASC 815"), provides the disclosure requirements for derivatives and hedging activities with the intent to provide users of financial statements with an enhanced understanding of: (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (b) how the entity accounts for derivative instruments and related hedged items, and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Further, qualitative disclosures are required that explain the Company's objectives and strategies for using derivatives, as well as quantitative disclosures about the fair value of and gains and losses on derivative instruments, and disclosures about credit-risk-related contingent features in derivative instruments.

As required by ASC 815, we record all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on the intended use of the derivative, and whether we have elected to designate a derivative in a hedging relationship and apply hedge accounting and whether the hedging relationship has satisfied the criteria necessary to apply hedge accounting. Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset, liability, or firm commitment attributable to a particular risk, such as interest rate risk, are considered fair value hedges. Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows, or other types of forecasted transactions, are considered cash flow hedges. Derivatives may also be designated as hedges of the foreign currency exposure of a net investment in a foreign operation. Hedge accounting generally provides for the matching of the timing of gain or loss recognition on the hedging instrument with the recognition of the changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk in a fair value hedge or the earnings effect of the hedged forecasted transactions in a cash flow hedge. We may enter into derivative contracts that are intended to economically hedge certain risks, even though hedge accounting does not apply or we elect not to apply hedge accounting. See Note 8.

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue from rent, tenant reimbursements and other revenue sources once all of the following criteria are met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the delivery has occurred or services rendered, the fee is fixed and determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. Minimum annual rental revenues are recognized in rental revenues on a straight-line basis over the term of the related lease. Rental revenue recognition commences when the tenant takes possession or controls the physical use of the leased space.

Estimated reimbursements from tenants for real estate taxes, common area maintenance and other recoverable operating expenses are recognized as revenues in the period that the expenses are incurred. Subsequent to year-end, we perform final reconciliations on a lease-by-lease basis and bill or credit each tenant for any cumulative annual adjustments. Lease termination fees, which are included in rental revenues in the accompanying consolidated and combined statements of operations, are recognized when the related lease is canceled and we have no continuing obligation to provide services to such former tenant.

Revenues from management, leasing and development services are recognized when the related services have been provided and earned.

The recognition of gains on sales of real estate requires us to measure the timing of a sale against various criteria related to the terms of the transaction, as well as any continuing involvement in the form of management or financial assistance associated with the property. If the sales criteria are not met, we defer gain recognition and account for the continued operations of the property by applying the finance, profit-sharing or leasing method. If the sales criteria have been met, we further analyze whether profit recognition is appropriate using the full accrual method. If the criteria to recognize profit using the full accrual method have not been met, we defer the gain and recognize it when the criteria are met or use the installment or cost recovery method as appropriate under the circumstances. See Note 13 for discussion of dispositions.

Valuation of Receivables

We are subject to tenant defaults and bankruptcies that could affect the collection of outstanding receivables. In order to mitigate these risks, we perform credit reviews and analyses on prospective tenants before significant leases are executed and on existing tenants before properties are acquired. We specifically analyze aged receivables, customer credit-worthiness, historical bad debts and current economic trends when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts. As a result of our periodic analysis, we maintain an allowance for estimated losses that may result from the inability of our tenants to make

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

required payments. This estimate requires significant judgment related to the lessees' ability to fulfill their obligations under the leases. We believe our allowance for doubtful accounts is adequate for our outstanding receivables for the periods presented. If a tenant is insolvent or files for bankruptcy protection and fails to make contractual payments beyond any allowance, we may recognize additional bad debt expense in future periods equal to the net outstanding balances, which include amounts recognized as straight-line revenue not realizable until future periods. We had a \$0.9 million and \$0.5 million reserve for allowance for doubtful accounts as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

Equity Based Compensation

We account for equity-based compensation, including shares of restricted stock, in accordance with ASC Topic 718 Compensation – Stock Compensation, which requires us to recognize an expense for the fair value of equity-based compensation awards. The estimated fair value of shares of restricted stock are amortized over their respective vesting periods. See Note 14.

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding determined for the basic earnings per share computation plus the effect of any dilutive securities, including the dilutive effect of unvested restricted common stock using the treasury stock method. See Note 15.

Segment Reporting

Management views the Company as a single segment based on its method of internal reporting in addition to its allocation of capital and resources.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Changes to GAAP are established by the FASB in the form of ASUs to the FASB's Accounting Standards Codification. We consider the applicability and impact of all ASUs.

On May 28, 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("ASU 2014-09"). ASU 2014-09 establishes principles for reporting the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. The core principle of the new standard is that an entity recognizes revenue to represent the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This standard is effective for us in the first quarter of 2017 and will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance within GAAP. Early adoption is not permitted. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. We are currently evaluating ASU 2014-09 to determine its impact on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures, as well as the transition method to apply the new standard.

On April 14, 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-08: *Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity* ("ASU 2014-08"). Under ASU 2014-08, only disposals that represent a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on the entity's results and operations would qualify as discontinued operations. In addition, ASU 2014-08 (1) expands the disclosure requirements for disposals that meet the definition of a discontinued operation, (2) requires entities to disclose information about disposals of individually significant components, and (3) defines "discontinued operations" similarly to how it is defined under IFRS 5, "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations." ASU 2014-08 is effective for us in the first quarter of 2015 and early adoption is permitted for any annual or interim period for which an entity's financial statements have not yet been made available for issuance. The adoption of ASU 2014-08 is prospective and will likely result in less property sales being classified as discontinued operations.



NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

3. Investments in Real Estate

Acquisitions

On January 15, 2014, we acquired the property located at 7110 Rosecrans Avenue located in Paramount, CA for a contract price of \$4.969 million using proceeds from our revolving credit facility. The property consists of one industrial building totaling 72,000 square foot situated on 3.25 acres of land.

On January 22, 2014, we acquired the property located at 14723-14825 Oxnard Street in Van Nuys, CA for a contract price of \$8.875 million using proceeds from our revolving credit facility. The property consists of a six-building multi-tenant industrial business park totaling 78,000 square feet situated on 3.25 acres of land.

On February 12, 2014, we acquired the property located at 845, 855, and 865 Milliken Avenue and 4317 and 4319 Santa Ana Street in Ontario, CA for a contract price of \$8.55 million as part of a 1031 exchange using proceeds from the disposition of our property located at 1335 Park Center Drive. The property consists of a five-building multi-tenant industrial business park totaling 113,612 square feet situated on 5.74 acres of land.

On February 25, 2014, we acquired the property located at 1500-1510 W. 228th Street in Los Angeles, CA for a contract price of \$6.6 million. A portion of the acquisition was funded with the remaining proceeds from the disposition of 1335 Park Center Drive, and the remainder of the funding was provided from availability under our revolving credit facility. The property consists of a six-building multi-tenant industrial complex totaling 88,330 square feet situated on 3.9 acres of land.

On March 20, 2014, we acquired the property located at 24105 and 24201 Frampton Avenue in Los Angeles, California for a contract price of \$3.93 million using proceeds from our revolving credit facility. The property consists of one single-tenant building totaling 47,903 square feet situated on 2.07 acres of land.

On April 17, 2014, we acquired the property located at 1700 Saturn Way in Seal Beach, California for a contract price of \$21.1 million using proceeds from our revolving credit facility. The property consists of one single-tenant building totaling 170,865 square feet situated on 9.25 acres of land.

On May 30, 2014, we acquired the property located at 2980 and 2990 N. San Fernando Boulevard in Burbank, California for a contract price of \$15.425 million. We funded the acquisition in part by assuming a \$10.3 million first mortgage loan secured by the property and used proceeds from our revolving credit facility to fund the remaining purchase price. The property consists of one single-tenant building totaling 130,800 square feet situated on 5.86 acres of land.

On May 30, 2014, we acquired the property located at 20531 Crescent Bay Drive in Lake Forest, California for a contract price of \$6.48 million using proceeds from our revolving credit facility. The property consists of one single-tenant building totaling 46,178 square feet situated on 2.47 acres of land.

On June 5, 2014, we acquired the property located at 2610 and 2701 S. Birch Street in Santa Ana, California for a contract price of \$11.0 million using funds from our revolving credit facility. The property consists of two single-tenant buildings totaling 98,105 square feet situated on 7.9 acres of land.

On June 24, 2014, we acquired the property located at 4051 Santa Ana Street and 701 Dupont Avenue in Ontario, California for a contract price of \$10.2 million using funds from our revolving credit facility. The property consists of a two-building multi-tenant industrial business park totaling 111,890 square feet situated on 5.66 acres of land.

On June 27, 2014, we acquired an industrial portfolio consisting of nine properties located in the San Gabriel Valley, Orange County, and San Diego submarkets of California for a contract price of \$88.5 million. We partially funded the acquisition with a new \$48.5 million term loan secured by certain properties in the portfolio. The remaining purchase price was funded by using proceeds from our revolving credit facility. The portfolio consists of four single-tenant properties and five multi-tenant properties totaling 817,166 square feet situated on an aggregate 43.6 acres of land.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, our predecessor acquired four properties consisting of 17 buildings and approximately 740,525 square feet. The properties are located throughout Southern California. The total contract price for those acquisitions was \$73.8 million.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition.

	Real estate assets:				ssets:	Acquisition-related intangibles											
Address	Acquisition Date	Buildings and I Land Improvements		Net Above (Below) In-place Market Lease Lease Intangibles (1) (2)		Total Purchase Price			Other Assets	a	Notes Payable, Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses nd Tenant Security Deposits		Net Assets Acquired				
2014 Acquisitions				<i>•</i>											(224,000)		
7110 Rosecrans Avenue(3)	1/15/2014	\$	3,117,000	\$	1,894,000	\$		\$	-	\$	5,011,000	\$	-	\$	(321,000)	\$	4,690,000
14723-14825 Oxnard Street	1/22/2014	\$	4,458,000	\$	3,948,000	\$	490,000	\$	(21,000)	\$	8,875,000	\$	-	\$	(117,000)	\$	8,758,000
845, 855, & 865 Milliken Avenue and	2/12/2014	¢	2 260 000	¢	C 0 42 000	¢	421.000	¢	(104.000)	¢	0 550 000	¢	2 000	¢	(110,000)	¢	0.426.000
4317 & 4319 Santa Ana Street	2/12/2014	\$	2,260,000	\$	6,043,000	\$	-)	\$	(184,000)	\$	8,550,000	\$	2,000	\$	(116,000)	\$	8,436,000
1500-1510 West 228th Street	2/25/2014	\$	2,428,000	\$	4,271,000	\$		\$	(304,000)	\$	6,600,000	\$	-	\$	(34,000)	\$	6,566,000
24105 & 24201 Frampton Avenue	3/20/2014	\$	2,315,000	\$	1,553,000	\$	· · · · ·	\$	-	\$	3,930,000	\$	22,000	\$	(64,000)	\$	3,888,000
1700 Saturn Way	4/17/2014	\$	7,935,000	\$	10,525,000	\$		\$	381,000	\$	21,100,000	\$	76,000	\$	(73,000)	\$	
20531 Crescent Bay Drive	5/30/2014	\$	2,181,000	\$	4,012,000	\$		\$	(102,000)	\$	6,480,000	\$	4,000	\$	(2,000)	\$	6,482,000
2980 & 2990 N. San Fernando Blvd.(4)	5/30/2014	\$	6,373,000	\$	7,356,000	\$		\$	728,000		15,733,000	\$	-		(10,572,000)	\$	5,161,000
2610 & 2701 S. Birch Street(5)	6/5/2014	\$	9,305,000	\$	2,114,000	\$		\$	-		11,419,000	\$	5,000	\$	(299,000)	\$	
4051 Santa Ana St. & 701 Dupont Ave.	6/24/2014	\$	3,725,000	\$	6,145,000	\$		\$	(194,000)		10,200,000	\$	1,000	\$	(90,000)	\$	
9755 Distribution Avenue	6/27/2014	\$	1,863,000	\$	3,211,000	\$		\$	(100,000)	\$	5,425,000	\$	2,000	\$	(97,000)	\$	5,330,000
9855 Distribution Avenue	6/27/2014	\$	2,733,000	\$	5,041,000	\$		\$	130,000	\$	8,525,000	\$	5,000	\$	(39,000)	\$	8,491,000
9340 Cabot Drive	6/27/2014	\$	4,311,000	\$	6,126,000	\$,	\$	-	\$	10,975,000	\$	2,000	\$	(54,000)	\$	
9404 Cabot Drive	6/27/2014	\$	2,413,000	\$	3,451,000	\$,	\$	190,000	\$	6,400,000	\$	1,000	\$	(6,000)	\$	6,395,000
9455 Cabot Drive	6/27/2014	\$	4,423,000	\$	6,799,000	\$	851,000	\$	27,000	\$	12,100,000	\$	1,000	\$	(13,000)	\$	12,088,000
14955-14971 E. Salt Lake City	6/27/2014	\$	5,126,000	\$	5,009,000	\$		\$	(85,000)	\$	10,850,000	\$	3,000	\$	(119,000)		10,734,000
5235 E. Hunter Avenue	6/27/2014	\$	5,240,000	\$	5,065,000	\$	866,000	\$	158,000	\$	11,329,000	\$	15,000	\$	(76,000)	\$	11,268,000
3880 W. Valley Blvd.	6/27/2014	\$	3,982,000	\$	4,796,000	\$	566,000	\$	287,000	\$	9,631,000	\$	1,000	\$	(119,000)	\$	9,513,000
1601 Alton Parkway	6/27/2014	\$	7,638,000	\$	4,946,000	\$	419,000	\$	273,000	\$	13,276,000	\$	1,000	\$	(52,000)	\$	13,225,000
Total		\$	81,826,000	\$	92,305,000	\$	11,094,000	\$	1,184,000	\$	186,409,000	\$	141,000	\$	(12,263,000)	\$	174,287,000
		-		-		_		-		-		-		-		_	
2013 Predecessor Acquisitions:																	
18118-18120 S. Broadway	4/4/2013	\$	3.013.000	\$	2,161,000	\$	274,000	\$	-	\$	5,448,000	\$	16,000	\$	(57,000)	\$	5,407,000
8900-8980 Benson Ave., 5637 Arrow		-	0,000,000	-	_,	-	,	-		-	-,,	-		-	(0.,000)	-	.,,
Highway	4/9/2013	\$	1,817,000	\$	4,590,000	\$	552,000	\$	191,000	\$	7,150,000	\$	20,000	\$	(104,000)	\$	7,066,000
3350 Tyburn St., 3332, 3334, 3360, 3368, 3370, 3378, 3380, 3410, 3424 N. San Fernando Rd.	4/17/2013		26,423,000	s	25,795,000	\$,	¢	1,414,000	\$	56,200,000	\$	168.000		(500,000)		55,868,000
					-,,	ֆ Տ			1,414,000					\$ \$	· · ·		
1661 240th St.	5/31/2013	\$	3,464,000	\$	1,498,000	<u>\$</u>	50,000	\$	1 005 000	\$	5,000,000	\$	8,000	<u>¢</u>	(17,000)	\$	4,991,000
		\$	34,717,000	\$	34,044,000	\$	3,432,000	\$	1,605,000	\$	73,798,000	\$	212,000	\$	(678,000)	\$	73,332,000

(1) The weighted average amortization period of acquired in-place lease intangibles for our 2014 acquisitions was 3.3 years as of June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

- (2) The weighted average amortization period of net below market leases for our 2014 acquisitions was 3.4 years as of June 30, 2014.
- (3) As the purchase of 7110 Rosecrans Avenue was accounted for as an asset acquisition, the total purchase price allocation includes \$42,000 of capitalized acquisition costs.
- (4) In connection with the acquisition of 2980 and 2990 N. San Fernando Blvd. acquisition, we assumed debt with an outstanding principal balance of \$10.3 million and an initial fair value premium of \$308,000.
- (5) As the purchase of 2610 and 2701 S. Birch Street was accounted for as an asset acquisition, the total purchase price allocation includes \$121,000 of capitalized acquisition costs. Additionally, as part of the purchase price allocation, \$299,000 was allocated to deferred liabilities (included in Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities on the balance sheet), related to the six-months of free rent provided to the seller as part of the acquisition.

The preliminary allocation of the purchase price is based upon a preliminary valuation and our estimates and assumptions are subject to change within the purchase price allocation period (generally one year from the acquisition date).

The following table summarizes the combined results from operations of our 2014 acquisitions since the acquisition date, included in the consolidated income statement for the following period:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	1	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014
Revenues	\$ 1,322,000	\$	1,693,000
Net Income	\$ 286,000	\$	209,000

The following table presents unaudited pro-forma financial information as if the closing of our 2014 acquisitions had occurred on January 1, 2013. These unaudited pro-forma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only and include certain adjustments, such as increased depreciation and amortization expenses as a result of tangible and intangible assets acquired in the acquisitions, and increased interest expense for borrowings associated with our 2014 acquisitions. These unaudited pro-forma results do not purport to be indicative of what operating results would have been had the acquisitions actually occurred on January 1, 2013 and may not be indicative of future operating results.

	Three Months	Endeo	l June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2014		2013		2014		2013		
Revenues	\$ 17,169,000	\$	14,008,000	\$	33,938,000	\$	26,610,000		
Net operating income	\$ 12,276,000	\$	10,049,000	\$	23,706,000	\$	19,036,000		
Net income	\$ 368,000	\$	(943,000)	\$	990,000	\$	(359,000)		

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

4. Intangible Assets

The following table summarizes our acquired lease intangible assets, including the value of in-place leases and above-market tenant leases, and our acquired lease intangible liabilities, including below-market tenant leases and above-market ground leases as follows:

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013			
Acquired Lease Intangible Assets:					
In-place lease intangibles	\$ 27,226,000	\$	16,321,000		
Accumulated amortization	(8,017,000)		(4,296,000)		
In-place lease intangibles, net	 19,209,000		12,025,000		
Above-market tenant leases	4,087,000		1,881,000		
Accumulated amortization	(644,000)		(284,000)		
Above-market tenant leases, net	 3,443,000		1,597,000		
Acquired lease intangible assets, net	\$ 22,652,000	\$	13,622,000		
Acquired Lease Intangible Liabilities:					
Below-market tenant leases	(2,092,000)		(1,081,000)		
Accumulated accretion	 376,000		198,000		
Below-market tenant leases, net	 (1,716,000)		(883,000)		
Above-market ground lease	(290,000)		(290,000)		
Accumulated accretion	29,000		13,000		
Above-market ground lease, net	(261,000)		(277,000)		
Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net	\$ (1,977,000)	\$	(1,160,000)		

The following table summarizes the amortization related to our acquired lease intangible assets and liabilities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	 Three Months 1	_	he Predecessor 1 June 30,	Six Months E	 he Predecessor June 30,
	 2014		2013	 2014	2013
In-place lease intangibles(1)	\$ 1,824,000	\$	664,000	\$ 3,910,000	\$ 1,065,000
Above-market tenant leases ⁽²⁾	\$ 194,000	\$	158,000	\$ 360,000	\$ 209,000
Below-market tenant leases(3)	\$ (113,000)	\$	(6,000)	\$ (190,000)	\$ (14,000)
Above-market ground lease ⁽⁴⁾	\$ (8,000)	\$	-	\$ (16,000)	\$ -

(1) The amortization of in-place lease intangibles is recorded to depreciation and amortization expense in the consolidated and combined statements of operations for the periods presented.

(2) The amortization of above-market tenant leases is recorded as a decrease to rental revenues in the consolidated and combined statements of operations for the periods presented.

(3) The accretion of below-market tenant leases is recorded as an increase to rental revenues in the consolidated and combined statements of operations for the periods presented.

(4) The accretion of the above-market ground lease is recorded as a decrease to property expenses in the consolidated and combined statements of operations for the periods presented.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

5. Notes Receivable

On February 8, 2013, the mortgage note borrower for the 2824 E. Foothill Blvd. loan repaid, ahead of schedule, the outstanding principal in full. Our Predecessor received gross proceeds from this payoff of \$5.4 million, including \$6,310 in per diem interest, of which \$2.5 million was used to repay the loan secured by this note. The remaining proceeds were paid as a distribution to investors in RIF V. Our Predecessor recorded a \$1.4 million gain on collection of notes receivable during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

The following table summarizes the balance of our notes receivable:

	 June 30, 2014	D	ecember 31, 2013
Face Amount	\$ 14,030,000	\$	14,161,000
Unrecognized Accretable Yield	(894,000)		(1,022,000)
Note Receivable ⁽¹⁾	\$ 13,136,000	\$	13,139,000

(1) This is a mortgage loan secured by 32401-32803 Calle Perfecto.

6. Notes Payable

The following table summarizes our notes payable:

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	Contractual Maturity Date	Interest Rate
Fixed Rate Debt	 			
RIF V - Jersey, LLC	\$ 5,102,000 (1)	\$ 5,189,000 (1	l) 1/1/2015	5.45%(2)
The Park	3,119,000 (3)	3,177,000 (3	3) 3/1/2031	5.13%(4)
2980 San Fernando	10,527,000 (5)	-	7/1/2015	5.088%(2)
Variable Rate Debt				
RIF V - Glendale Commerce Center, LLC	42,750,000	42,750,000	5/1/2016(6) LIBOR + 2.00%
Term Loan (7)	60,000,000	60,000,000	8/1/2019	LIBOR + 1.90%
Term Loan ⁽⁸⁾	48,500,000	-	6/24/2017(9)) LIBOR + 1.55%
\$100M Term Loan Facility	100,000,000	-	6/11/2019	LIBOR + 1.50%
Unsecured Credit Facility				
\$200M Revolving Facility	99,875,000	81,375,000	6/11/2018(1	0)LIBOR + 1.55% (11)
Total	\$ 369,873,000 \$	192,491,000		

(1) Includes unamortized debt premium of \$25,000 at June 30, 2014 and \$50,000 at December 31, 2013.

(2) Monthly payments of interest and principal based on 30-year amortization table.

(3) Includes unamortized debt discount of \$115,000 at June 30, 2014 and \$118,000 at December 31, 2013.

(4) Monthly payments of interest and principal based on 20-year amortization table.

(5) Includes unamortized debt premium of \$284,000 at June 30, 2014.

(6) Two additional one year extensions available at the borrower's option.

(7) Loan is secured by six properties.

(8) Loan is secured by eight properties.

(9) One additional two-year extension available at the borrower's option.

(10) One additional one-year extension available at the borrower's option.

(11) The facility additionally bears interest at 0.30% or 0.20% of the daily undrawn amount of the revolver, if the balance is under \$100 million or over \$100 million, respectively.

On May 30, 2014, in connection with the acquisition of the property located at 2980 San Fernando, we assumed a first mortgage loan that is secured by the property. The assumed mortgage had a principal balance of \$10.3 million at the acquisition date and was recorded at fair value at the date of acquisition resulting in an initial debt premium of \$308,000. The loan, which

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

was put in place in 2005 by the seller, bears interest at a fixed rate of 5.088% with amortization over 30 years, and has a maturity date of July 1, 2015.

On June 24, 2014, we entered into a \$48.5 million term loan which bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.55% that matures on June 24, 2017, with one additional two-year extension at our option. The loan proceeds were used to partially fund the acquisition of a portfolio of nine properties. The loan is secured by the first priority deed of trust on eight of these nine properties. Additionally, the loan includes a series of customary covenants that we must comply with, in addition to a performance covenant that is tested annually and requires the achievement of a minimum in-place debt yield of 9.25% by the properties securing the loan.

The following table summarizes the stated debt maturities and scheduled amortization payments, excluding debt discounts and premiums, as of June 30, 2014 and does not consider extension options available to us as noted above:

July 1, 2014 - December 31, 2014	\$ 215,000
2015	15,294,000
2016	42,885,000
2017	48,642,000
2018	100,025,000
Thereafter	162,618,000
Total (1)	\$ 369,679,000

(1) Includes gross principal balance of outstanding debt before impact of the \$194,000 net debt discount.

Amended Facility

On June 11, 2014, we amended our existing revolving credit facility by entering into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Amended Facility"). The Amended Facility, among other matters, adds a five-year \$100.0 million term loan to the existing \$200.0 million revolving credit facility.

The Amended Facility has an initial principal amount of \$300.0 million comprised of a senior unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Revolver") in an initial principal amount of \$200.0 million, and a senior unsecured term loan facility (the "Term Loan Facility") in the principal amount of \$100.0 million. The maturity date of the Revolver was extended to June 11, 2018 (previously July 24, 2016), with one 12-month extension option available, subject to certain conditions, and the Term Loan Facility has a maturity date of June 11, 2019. The aggregate principal amount of the Amended Facility may be increased to a total of up to \$600.0 million, which may be comprised of additional revolving commitments under the Revolver or an increase to the Term Loan Facility, or any combination of the foregoing, subject to the satisfaction of specified conditions and the identification of lenders willing to make available such additional amounts.

Interest on the Amended Facility is generally to be paid based upon, at our option, either (i) LIBOR plus the applicable LIBOR margin or (ii) the applicable base rate which is the greatest of (a) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (b) the administrative agent's prime rate or (c) the thirty-day LIBOR plus 1.00%, plus the applicable base rate margin. Until we attain an investment grade rating, the applicable LIBOR margin will range from 1.30% to 1.90% (previously 1.35% to 2.05%), for the Revolver and 1.25% to 1.85% for the Term Loan Facility, depending on the our Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended Facility). The Amended Facility requires quarterly payments of an annual unused facility fee in an amount equal to 0.20% or 0.30% depending on the undrawn amount of the Revolver.

The Amended Facility is guaranteed by the Company and by substantially all of the current and future subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership that own an unencumbered property. The Amended Facility is not secured by the Company's properties or by equity interests in the subsidiaries that hold such properties.

The Amended Facility includes a series of financial and other covenants that we must comply with in order to borrow under the Amended Facility, including:

· Maintaining a ratio of total indebtedness to total asset value of not more than 60%;

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

- Maintaining a ratio of secured debt to total asset value of not more than 45%;
- · Maintaining a ratio of total recourse debt to total asset value of not more than 15%;
- Maintaining a minimum tangible net worth of at least the sum of (i) \$283,622,250, and (ii) an amount equal to at least 75% of the net equity proceeds received by the Company after March 31, 2014;
- Maintaining a ratio of adjusted EBITDA to fixed charges of at least 1.50 to 1.0;
- · Maintaining a ratio of total unsecured debt to total unencumbered asset value of not more than 60%; and
- Maintaining a ratio of unencumbered NOI to unsecured interest expense of at least 1.75 to 1.0.

The Revolver and the Term Loan Facility may be voluntarily prepaid in whole or in part at any time without premium or penalty. Amounts borrowed under the Term Loan Facility and repaid or prepaid may not be reborrowed.

The Amended Facility contains usual and customary events of default including defaults in the payment of principal, interest or fees, defaults in compliance with the covenants set forth in the Amended Facility and other loan documentation, cross-defaults to certain other indebtedness, and bankruptcy and other insolvency defaults. If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the Amended Facility, the unpaid principal amount of all outstanding loans, together with all accrued unpaid interest and other amounts owing in respect thereof, may be declared immediately due and payable. We believe we are currently in compliance with all of the financial covenants required by our loan agreements.

As of June 30, 2014, we had \$99.9 million outstanding under the Revolver, with additional availability of \$100.1 million.

7. **Operating Leases**

We lease space to tenants primarily under non-cancelable operating leases that generally contain provisions for a base rent plus reimbursement for certain operating expenses. Operating expense reimbursements are reflected in the consolidated and combined statements of operations as tenant reimbursements.

Future minimum base rent under operating leases as of June 30, 2014 is summarized as follows:

Twelve months ending June 30:	
2015	\$ 53,080,000
2016	41,982,000
2017	28,324,000
2018	18,659,000
2019	11,553,000
Thereafter	17,814,000
Total	\$ 171,412,000

The future minimum base rent in the table above excludes tenant reimbursements, amortization of adjustments for deferred rent receivables and the amortization of above/below-market lease intangibles.

8. Interest Rate Contracts

Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

We are exposed to certain risk arising from both our business operations and economic conditions. We principally manage our exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of our core business activities. We manage economic risks, including interest rate, liquidity, and credit risk primarily by managing the amount, sources, and duration of our debt funding and the use of derivative financial instruments. Specifically, we enter into derivative financial instruments to manage exposures that arise from business activities that result in the payment of future known and uncertain

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates. Our derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing, and duration of our known or expected cash payments principally related to our borrowings.

Derivative Instruments

Our objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense and to manage exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, we primarily use interest rate swaps as part of our interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate swaps involve the receipt of variable amounts from a counterparty in exchange for us making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount. We do not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

The accounting for changes in fair value (i.e., gains or losses) of a derivative instrument depends on whether it has been designated and qualifies as part of a hedging relationship and further, on the type of hedging relationship. Derivatives that are not designated as hedges must be adjusted to fair value through earnings. For a derivative that is designated and that qualifies as a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the change in fair value of the derivative is initially recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI"). Amounts recorded in AOCI are subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value is immediately recognized in earnings.

On February 4, 2014, we executed two forward interest rate swaps to hedge the variable cash flows associated with our existing \$60.0 million variable-rate term loan. Each of the two swaps has a notional value of \$30.0 million, which will be in effect beginning in 2015. The first forward swap will effectively fix \$30.0 million of debt at 3.726% annually from the period from January 15, 2015 to February 15, 2019. The second forward swap will effectively fix the other \$30.0 million of debt at 3.91% annually from the period from July 15, 2015 to February 15, 2019.

Prior to our IPO, our predecessor was party to an interest rate swap that was not designated as a hedge, and as such, the changes in its fair value were recognized in earnings. This interest rate swap reached its natural termination on March 15, 2013. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we do not have any derivatives that are not designated as hedges.

The following table is a summary of our derivative instruments and their fair value, which is included in the line item "Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities" on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

				Fair Value(1)				Notional Amo	Effect as of	
Derivative Instrument	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Interest Strike Rate	Ju	ine 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	Ju	ne 30, 2014	Dec	ember 31, 2013
Designated as hedging instruments:										
Interest Rate Swap	1/15/2015	2/15/2019	1.826%	\$	(246,000)	\$-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest Rate Swap	7/15/2015	2/15/2019	2.010%		(213,000)	-		-		-
				_	(459,000)			-		-

(1) We record all derivative instruments on a gross basis in the consolidated balance sheets, and accordingly, there are no offsetting amounts that net assets against liabilities. All of our derivatives were in a liability position as end of the period noted above.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

The following table presents the impact of our derivative instruments on our consolidated and combined statement of operations for the periods presented:

	Three Months 30	,	Six Months Er	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Interest Rate Swaps in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships:				
Amount of gain recognized in AOCI on derivatives (effective portion)	\$ (760,000)	\$-	\$ (459,000)	\$-
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into earnings under "Interest expense"				
(effective portion)	-	-	-	-
Amount of gain (loss) recognized in earnings under "Interest expense" (ineffective				
portion and amount excluded from effectiveness testing)	-	-	-	-
Interest Rate Swaps Not in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships:				
Amount of realized and unrealized gain recognized in earnings under "Gain on mark-				
to-market of interest rate swaps"	-	-	-	49,000

Amounts reported in AOCI related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest expense as interest payments and accruals are made on our variable-rate debt. During the next twelve months, we estimate that an additional \$218,000 will be reclassified as an increase to interest expense.

Credit-risk-related Contingent Features

We have agreements with each of our derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if we default on any of our indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender within a specified time period, then we could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations.

Certain of our agreements with our derivative counterparties contain provisions where if a merger or acquisition occurs that materially changes our creditworthiness in an adverse manner, we may be required to fully collateralize our obligations under the derivative instrument.

As of June 30, 2014, the fair value of derivatives in a net liability position, which includes accrued interest but excludes any adjustment for nonperformance risk, related to these agreements was \$489,000. As of June 30, 2014, we have not posted any collateral related to these agreements.

9. Fair Value Measurements

We have adopted FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure (ASC 820). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. ASC 820 applies to reported balances that are required or permitted to be measured at fair value under existing accounting pronouncements; accordingly, the standard does not require any new fair value measurements of reported balances.

ASC 820 emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs that are classified within Levels 1 and 2 of the hierarchy) and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy).

Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs may include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, as well as inputs that are observable for the asset or liability (other than quoted prices), such as interest rates and yield curves

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

that are observable at commonly quoted intervals. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are typically based on an entity's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity. In instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

Recurring Measurements - Interest Rate Swaps

Currently, we use interest rate swap agreements to manage our interest rate risk. The valuation of these instruments is determined using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves.

To comply with the provisions of ASC 820, we incorporate credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both our own nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty's nonperformance risk in the fair value measurements. In adjusting the fair value of our derivative contracts for the effect of nonperformance risk, we have considered the impact of netting and any applicable credit enhancements, such as collateral postings, thresholds, mutual puts, and guarantees.

Although we have determined that the majority of the inputs used to value our derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustments associated with our derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by ourselves and our counterparties. However, as of June 30, 2014, we have assessed the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustments are not significant to the overall valuation of its derivatives. As a result, we have determined that its derivative valuations in their entirety are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The table below sets forth the estimated fair value of our interest rate swaps as of June 30, 2014, which we measure on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy. There were no assets or liabilities that we measure at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2013.

			Fair Valu	e Mea	surem	ent Using		
Assets	Total Fr	nir Value	Quoted Price in Act Markets for Identic Assets and Liabiliti (Level 1)	cal		ignificant Other bservable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inpu (Level 3)	its
Interest rate swap at:	1010111	<u>ni valuc</u>				(Ltvti 2)		
June 30, 2014	\$	(459,000)	\$	-	\$	(459,000)	\$	-

Financial Instruments Disclosed at Fair Value

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, rents and other receivables, other assets, accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities, and tenant security deposits approximate fair value because of their short-term nature. Additionally, we believe the carrying value of notes receivable approximates fair value.

The fair value of our secured notes payable was estimated by calculating the present value of principal and interest payments, using currently available market rates, adjusted with a credit spread, and assuming the loans are outstanding through maturity.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

The table below sets forth the carrying value and the estimated fair value of our notes payable as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

Fair Value Measurement Using										
	Total Fair Value		Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			Carrying Value
Liabilities										
Notes Payable at:										
June 30, 2014	\$	369,931,000	\$	-	\$	369,931,000	\$	-	\$	369,873,000
December 31, 2013	\$	192,492,000	\$	-	\$	192,492,000	\$	-	\$	192,491,000

10. Related Party Transactions

Howard Schwimmer

We engage in transactions with Howard Schwimmer, our Co-Chief Executive Officer, earning management and development fees and leasing commissions from entities controlled individually by Mr. Schwimmer. Fees and commissions earned from these entities are included in management, leasing and development services in the consolidated and combined statements of operations. We recorded \$63,000 and \$50,000 in management, leasing and development services revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$116,000 and \$79,000 in management, leasing and development services revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal

From time to time, we are subject to various legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business.

On October 3, 2013, two pre-IPO investors filed a putative class action purportedly brought on behalf of the investors in RIF III in the Los Angeles County Superior Court, On February 14, 2014, a First Amended Complaint was filed adding an additional individual pre-IPO investor and putative class claims on behalf of investors in RIF IV. This complaint also alleged that the communication of the proposed accommodation (in which Messrs. Schwimmer, Frankel and Ziman, together with certain other pre-IPO owners of the pre-IPO management companies agreed to return up to \$32.1 million that they received in connection with our IPO and formation transactions) was materially misleading by not including disclosures regarding the lawsuit and claims asserted by plaintiffs. On July 15, 2014, a Second Amended Complaint was filed withdrawing the class action allegations and the allegations concerning communication of the accommodation, and adding four additional plaintiff investors. Plaintiffs assert claims against the Company, RIF III, RIF IV, RILLC and Messrs, Schwimmer, Frankel and Ziman for breach of fiduciary duty, violation of certain California securities laws, negligent misrepresentation, and fraud. Plaintiffs allege, among other things, that the terms of the Company's formation transactions were unfair to investors in RIF III and RIF IV, that the consideration received by investors in RIF III and RIF IV in the formation transactions was inadequate, that the pre-IPO management companies were allocated unfair value in the formation transactions and that the disclosure documents related to the formation transactions were materially misleading. Plaintiffs also request to inspect the books and records of RIF III and RIF IV, which entities no longer exist, and further seek declaratory relief, unspecified recessionary damages, disgorgement, compensatory, punitive and exemplary damages, an accounting for unjust enrichment, and an award of costs including pre-judgment interest, attorneys' and experts' fees, and other unspecified relief. Defendants have answered the Second Amended Complaint denving all allegations and asserting affirmative defenses. While we believe that the action is without merit and intend to defend the litigation vigorously, we expect to incur costs associated with defending the action. At this early stage of the litigation, the ultimate outcome of the action is uncertain and we cannot reasonably assess the timing or outcome, or estimate the amount of loss, if any, or its effect, if any, on our financial condition.

Environmental

We monitor our properties for the presence of hazardous or toxic substances. While there can be no assurance that a material environmental liability does not exist, we are not currently aware of any environmental liability with respect to the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

properties that would have a material effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Further, we are not aware of any environmental liability or any unasserted claim or assessment with respect to an environmental liability that we believe would require additional disclosure or the recording of a loss contingency.

Rent Expense

As of June 30, 2014, we lease a parcel of land that is currently being sub-leased to a tenant for a parking lot. The ground lease is scheduled to expire on June 1, 2062.

The future minimum commitment under our ground lease and corporate office lease as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	0	ffice Lease	 Ground Rent
July 1, 2014 - December 31, 2014	\$	131,000	\$ 72,000
2015		291,000	144,000
2016		300,000	144,000
2017		309,000	144,000
2018		318,000	144,000
Thereafter		189,000	6,252,000
Total	\$	1,538,000	\$ 6,900,000

Tenant Related

As of June 30, 2014, we had commitments of \$1.1 million for tenant improvement and construction work under the terms of leases with certain of our tenants.

12. Investment in Unconsolidated Real Estate

We currently manage and hold a 15% equity interest in a joint venture ("the JV") that indirectly owns three properties located at 3001-3233 Mission Oaks Boulevard in Ventura County. We account for this investment under the equity method of accounting (i.e., at cost, increased or decreased by our share of earnings or losses, less distributions, plus contributions and other adjustments required by equity method accounting, such as basis differences from other-than-temporary impairments, if applicable). The carrying value of our JV investment includes a gross \$2.8 million basis adjustment resulting from the contribution of our equity interest as part of the formation transactions that occurred on July 24, 2013. The basis adjustment is being amortized over the estimated useful life of the underlying assets.

Our Predecessor owned a 70% interest in a property located at 10439-10477 Roselle Street. This was a tenancy-in-common interest in which control was shared equally with the other 30% tenant-in-common partner. As part of the formation transactions, on July 24, 2013, we acquired the 30% interest not previously owned by us in exchange for 2,828 common units in our Operating Partnership. Before this transaction, this investment was accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

The following tables present combined summarized financial information of our equity method investment properties. Amounts provided are the total amounts attributable to the entities and do not represent our proportionate share:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2014(1) 2013(2)				2014(1)	2013(2)			
Revenues	\$	1,921,000	\$	2,099,000	\$	3,733,000	\$	4,245,000	
Expenses		(1,758,000)		(3,147,000)		(3,363,000)		(5,368,000)	
Net income (loss)	\$	163,000	\$	(1,048,000)	\$	370,000	\$	(1,123,000)	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2014	D	ecember 31, 2013
Assets	\$ 62,644,000	\$	61,422,000
Liabilities	(42,627,000)		(42,475,000)
Partners'/members' equity	\$ 20,017,000	\$	18,947,000

- (1) Includes summarized financial information for our equity method investment property located at 3001-3233 Mission Oaks Boulevard.
 - Includes summarized financial information for properties located at 3001-3233 Mission Oaks Boulevard and 10439-10477 Roselle St.

Our unconsolidated real estate entities incurred management, leasing and development fees, which were payable to us, of \$94,000 and \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$188,000 and \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

We recognized management, leasing and development revenue of \$130,000 and \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$269,000 and \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, which has been recorded in management, leasing and development services.

13. Discontinued Operations

Dispositions

(2)

The following table summarizes the properties sold during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

Address	Location	Date of Disposition	Rentable Square Feet	Sales Price		Debt Satisfied (1)		Gain (Loss) Recorded (2)
2014 Dispositions:								
1335 Park Center Drive	Vista, CA	1/29/2014	124,997	\$	10,103,000	\$	-	\$ 2,262,000
2900 N. Madera Road	Simi Valley, CA	3/13/2014	63,305	\$	4,350,000	\$	-	\$ (137,000)
2013 Dispositions:								
4578 Worth Street	Los Angeles, CA	1/31/2013	79,370	\$	4,100,000	\$	2,500,000	\$ 2,410,000
1950 E. Williams Drive	Oxnard, CA	4/4/2013	161,682	\$	8,542,000	\$	2,993,000	\$ 415,000
9027 Glenoaks Blvd.	Los Angeles, CA	5/10/2013	14,700	\$	1,727,000	\$	1,625,000	\$ 234,000
2515, 2507, 2441 W. Erie Dr. &								
2929 S. Fair Lane	Tempe, AZ	5/28/2013	83,385	\$	5,003,000	\$	3,531,000	\$ 1,015,000
1255 Knollwood Circle	Anaheim, CA	6/14/2013	25,162	\$	2,768,000	\$	2,630,000	\$ 915,000

Amount represents the principal paid back to the lender to release the property from a larger pool of properties serving as collateral for the respective portfolio loan.
Gain on sale of real estate is recorded as part of discontinued operations during the period of disposition.

Properties Held for Sale

As of June 30, 2014, we did not have any properties classified as held for sale. As of December 31, 2013, our properties located at 1335 Park Center Drive and 2900 N. Madera Road were classified as held for sale.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

The major classes of assets and liabilities associated with real estate held for sale are summarized in the table below:

	Dec	December 31, 2013		
Investment in real estate, net	\$	10,963,000		
Other		935,000		
Assets associated with real estate held for sale	\$	11,898,000		
Mortgage loan	\$	-		
Accounts payable and other liabilities		260,000		
Liabilities associated with real estate held for sale	\$	260,000		

Discontinued Operations

Income from discontinued operations includes the results of operations (prior to disposition) and the gain on sale of real estate attributable to the seven properties sold during the period from January 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. Their consolidated results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and combined results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and combined results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, are summarized in the table below.

	Rexford Industrial Realty Inc. <u>Predecessor</u> Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 2013			Six Months		Rexford Industrial Realty Inc. Predecessor Inded June 30, 2013	
				2014			
Revenues	\$	- \$	105,000	\$ 85,000	\$	516,000	
Operating expenses		-	(134,000)	(57,000))	(303,000)	
Interest expense		-	(131,000)	-		(289,000)	
Depreciation and amortization expense		-	(97,000)	(7,000))	(762,000)	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-	(41,000)	-		(250,000)	
Gain on sale of real estate		-	2,580,000	2,125,000		4,989,000	
Income from discontinued operations	\$	- \$	2,282,000	\$ 2,146,000	\$	3,901,000	

14. Equity

Noncontrolling Interests

Noncontrolling interests in our Operating Partnership relate to interests in the partnership that are not owned by us. Noncontrolling interests consisted of 3,009,259 common units in our Operating Partnership and represented approximately 10.6% of our Operating Partnership as of June 30, 2014. Common units in our Operating Partnership and shares of our common stock have essentially the same economic characteristics, as they share equally in the total net income or loss distributions of our Operating Partnership. Investors who own common units in our Operating Partnership have the right to cause our Operating Partnership to redeem any or all of their units in our Operating Partnership for an amount of cash per unit equal to the then current market value of one share of common stock, or, at our election, shares of our common stock on a one-for-one basis.

2013 Incentive Award Plan

In July 2013, we established the Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and Rexford Industrial Realty, L.P. 2013 Incentive Award Plan (the "Plan"), pursuant to which we may make grants of stock options, restricted stock, long term incentive plan units ("LTIP units") in our Operating Partnership and other stock based and cash awards to our non-employee directors, employees and consultants. The maximum number of shares of our common stock that may be issued or transferred pursuant to the Plan is 2,272,689 shares (of which 2,068,462 shares of common stock remain available for issuance as of June 30, 2014).

Shares of our restricted common stock generally may not be sold, pledged, assigned or transferred in any manner other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution or, subject to the consent or the administrator of the Plan, a domestic

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

relations order, unless and until all restrictions applicable to such shares have lapsed. Such restrictions generally expire upon vesting. Shares of our restricted common stock have full voting rights and rights to dividends. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, we recognized net equity compensation expense of \$279,000 and \$451,000, respectively, related to the restricted common stock grants ultimately expected to vest. Equity compensation expense is included in general and administrative and property expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Certain amounts of equity compensation expense are capitalized for employees who provide leasing and construction services. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, we capitalized \$41,000 and \$70,000, respectively, related to these employees.

The following is a table summarizing our unvested restricted stock activity for the three months ended June 30, 2014:

	Number of Unvested Shares of Restricted Common Stock
Balance at January 1, 2014	140,468
Granted	89,048
Forfeited	(25,289)
Vested	(963)
Balance at June 30, 2014	203,264

The following is a vesting schedule of the total unvested shares of restricted stock outstanding as of June 30, 2014:

	Shares
July 1, 2014 - December 31, 2014	33,057
2015	63,593
2016	47,495
2017	44,667
2018	14,452
	203,264

ASC Topic 718: *Compensation - Stock Compensation*, requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. We have estimated a forfeiture rate of 6.8% for unvested restricted stock as of June 30, 2014. As of June 30, 2014, there was \$1.7 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to the unvested shares of our restricted common stock assuming the forfeiture rate noted above, of which \$0.2 million will be capitalized for employees who provide leasing and construction services. As of June 30, 2014, this expense is expected to be recognized over a weighted average remaining period of 24 months.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table summarizes the changes in our Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income balance for the six months ended June 30, 2014, which consists solely of adjustments related to our cash flow hedges:

-
9,000)
-
9,000)
9,000
0,000)
0,000)

15. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014		Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	
Numerator:				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	81,000	\$	(636,000)
Net (income) loss from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling				
interests		(8,000)		67,000
Numerator for basic and diluted income (loss) from continuing operations available to common stockholders		73,000		(569,000)
Net income from discontinued operations		-		2,146,000
Net income from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests		-		(227,000)
Numerator for basic and diluted net income available to common stockholders	\$	73,000	\$	1,350,000
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - basic and diluted		25,419,757		25,419,588
Earnings per share - Basic and Diluted:				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations available to common				
stockholders	\$	-	\$	(0.02)
Net income from discontinued operations available to common stockholders	\$	-	\$	0.07
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	-	\$	0.05

The effect of including unvested restricted common stock using the treasury stock method was excluded from our calculation of weighted average shares of common stock – diluted as its inclusion would have been antidilutive. As such, the number of weighted average shares of common stock outstanding, both basic and diluted, are the same for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

16. Predecessor Equity

Controlling interests in our Predecessor include the interests owned by partners of RILLC, and Rexford Sponsor V LLC, and any interests held by their spouses and children ("RILLC and Affiliates"). Noncontrolling interests relate to all other interests not held by RILLC and Affiliates. Noncontrolling interests also includes the 27.76% interest of 10 investors in RIF I—Walnut, LLC, and the 3.23% interest of one investor in RIF IV— Burbank, LLC, both consolidated subsidiaries in our Predecessor's financial statements during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013.

Equity distributions by our Predecessor Funds are allocated between the general partner and limited partners (collectively "Partners") in accordance with each fund's operating agreements. Generally this provides for distributions to be allocated to Partners, pari passu, in accordance with their respective percentage interests. After Partners have exceeded certain cash distribution thresholds, as defined in each Predecessor Fund's operating agreement, then the general partner may receive incentive promote cash distributions commensurate with the cash return performance hurdles also detailed in the Predecessor Fund's operating agreement. Each fund's operating agreement generally provides for income, expenses, gains and losses to be allocated in a manner consistent with cash distributions described above.

During November and December 2012, our predecessor granted to its employees a 9.0% equity interest in Rexford Fund V Manager, LLC's ("Fund V Manager") profits interest in RIF V. An additional 2.0% equity interest was granted in January 2013. Fund V Manager is the controlling member of RIF V and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sponsor. The fair value of these interests was estimated to be approximately \$1.0 million at the time they were granted. The equity interests are considered performance-based equity interests and are subject to graded vesting over the shorter of a 7-year period or the dissolution date of Fund V Manager. On July 24, 2013, the day we consummated our IPO, Fund V Manager was dissolved.

Our Predecessor expensed \$20,000 and \$85,000 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, related to these equity awards.

17. Subsequent Events

On July 8, 2014, we acquired the property located at 3116 W. Avenue 32 in Los Angeles, CA for a contract price of \$11.0 million using funds from our revolving credit facility. The property consists of one two-tenant industrial building totaling 100,500 square feet situated on 2.62 acres of land.

On July 24, 2014, we acquired the Chatsworth Industrial Park located at 21019-21051 Osborne Street, 9035 Independence Avenue and 21026-21040 Nordhoff Street in Chatsworth, CA for a contract price of \$16.8 million using funds from our revolving credit facility. The property consists of seven buildings totaling 153,212 square feet situated on 7.4 acres of land.

On July 25, 2014, we acquired the property located at 24935 and 24955 Avenue Kearny in Santa Clarita, CA for a contract price of \$11.5 million using funds from our revolving credit facility. The property consists of two single-tenant buildings totaling 138,980 square feet situated on 6.0 acres of land.

The following table summarizes the preliminary estimated allocation of the purchase price of Chatsworth Industrial Park and 24935 and 24955 Avenue Kearny. These allocations are based upon preliminary valuations and our estimates and assumptions are subject to change within the purchase price allocation period (generally one year from the acquisition date). As of August 8, 2014, we did not have a preliminary estimated allocation for 3116 W. Avenue 32.

		Allocated Value				
	Chatsworth Industrial Park			24935 and 24955 Avenue Kearny		
Investments in real estate, net	\$	16,287,000	\$	10,743,000		
Acquired lease intangible assets, net		650,000		767,000		
Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net		(137,000)		-		
Total purchase price	\$	16,800,000	\$	11,510,000		

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and the combined financial statements of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor (the "Predecessor") and the related notes thereto that appear in Part I, Item 1 "Financial Statements" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The terms "Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries except where the context otherwise requires.

Forward-Looking Statements

We make statements in this quarterly report that are forward-looking statements, which are usually identified by the use of words such as "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "may," "plans" "projects," "seeks," "should," "will," and variations of such words or similar expressions. Our forward-looking statements reflect our current views about our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies and prospects, which are based on the information currently available to us and on assumptions we have made. Although we believe that our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies and prospects as reflected in or suggested by our forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies or prospects will be attained or achieved and you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Furthermore, actual results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements and may be affected by a variety of risks and factors including, without limitation:

- the competitive environment in which we operate;
- real estate risks, including fluctuations in real estate values and the general economic climate in local markets and competition for tenants in such markets;
- decreased rental rates or increasing vacancy rates;
- · potential defaults on or non-renewal of leases by tenants;
- · potential bankruptcy or insolvency of tenants;
- acquisition risks, including failure of such acquisitions to perform in accordance with projections;
- the timing of acquisitions and dispositions;
- potential natural disasters such as earthquakes, wildfires or floods;
- national, international, regional and local economic conditions;
- the general level of interest rates;
- potential changes in the law or governmental regulations that affect us and interpretations of those laws and regulations, including changes in real estate and zoning or real estate investment trust ("REIT") tax laws, and potential increases in real property tax rates;
- financing risks, including the risks that our cash flows from operations may be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest and we may be unable to refinance our existing debt upon maturity or obtain new financing on attractive terms or at all;
- · lack of or insufficient amounts of insurance;
- our ability to qualify and maintain our qualification as a REIT;
- litigation, including costs associated with prosecuting or defending pending or threatened claims and any adverse outcomes; and
- possible environmental liabilities, including costs, fines or penalties that may be incurred due to necessary remediation of contamination of properties presently owned or previously owned by us.

Accordingly, there is no assurance that our expectations will be realized. Except as otherwise required by the federal securities laws, we disclaim any obligations or undertaking to publicly release any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein (or elsewhere) to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. The reader should review carefully our financial statements and the notes thereto, as well as the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Company Overview

Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. is a self-administered and self-managed full-service REIT focused on owning and operating industrial properties in Southern California infill markets. We were formed as a Maryland corporation on January 18, 2013 and Rexford Industrial Realty, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership"), of which we are the sole general partner, was formed as a Maryland limited partnership on January 18, 2013. Through our controlling interest in our Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries, we own, manage, lease, acquire and develop industrial real estate primarily located in Southern California infill markets. As of June 30, 2014, our consolidated portfolio consisted of 82 properties with approximately 7.9 million rentable square feet. We also hold a 15% interest in a joint venture (the "JV") that indirectly owns three properties located in Ventura County with approximately 1.2 million square feet, which we manage. In addition we currently manage an additional 20 properties with approximately 1.2 million rentable square feet.

We did not have any meaningful operating activity until the consummation of our initial public offering ("IPO") and the related acquisition of certain assets of our Predecessor as part of our formation transactions on July 24, 2013. The historical financial results in these financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 relate to our accounting predecessor. Our Predecessor is comprised of Rexford Industrial, LLC, Rexford Sponsor V, LLC, Rexford Industrial Fund V REIT, LLC ("RIF V REIT") and their consolidated subsidiaries, which consist of Rexford Industrial Fund I, LLC, Rexford Industrial Fund III, LLC, Rexford Industrial Fund IV, LLC, Rexford Industrial Fund V, LP and their subsidiaries (collectively the "Predecessor Funds"). The entities comprising Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor are combined on the basis of common management and common ownership.

We are organized and conduct our operations to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and generally are not subject to federal taxes on our income to the extent we distribute our income to our shareholders and maintain our qualification as a REIT.

Factors That May Influence Future Results of Operations

Rental Revenue and Tenant Reimbursements

We receive income primarily from rental revenue from our properties. The amount of rental revenue generated by the properties in our portfolio depends principally on the occupancy levels and lease rates at our properties, our ability to lease currently available space and space that becomes available as a result of lease expirations and on the rental rates at our properties.

Occupancy Rates. As of June 30, 2014, our consolidated portfolio was approximately 90.5% occupied and 91.1% leased. The difference between our occupancy rate and leased rate is attributed to our uncommenced leases. Our occupancy rate is impacted by market conditions in the areas in which we operate. In particular, we have generally experienced more challenging market conditions and slower recovery in San Diego county, where our properties were 83.6% occupied as of June 30, 2014. By way of comparison, our Los Angeles county properties and Orange county properties were 92.5% and 91.9% occupied, respectively, as of June 30, 2014. In addition, a key component of our growth strategy is to acquire distressed, off-market and lightly marketed properties that are often operating at below-market occupancy at the time of acquisition. Through various redevelopment, repositioning and professional leasing and marketing strategies, we seek to increase the properties' functionality and attractiveness to prospective tenants and, over time, stabilize the properties at occupancy rates that meet or exceed market rates. Consistent with this strategy, three of our properties, representing 211,516 square feet, are currently in various stages of redevelopment and repositioning. Excluding properties in redevelopment or repositioning, our remaining properties were approximately 92.1% occupied as of June 30, 2014. During the three months ended June 30, 2014, we entered into 9 leases (excluding renewals) that had not commenced as of June 30, 2014, representing 53,490 square feet, or an additional 0.7% of our total rentable square feet (net of renewals). We believe the opportunity to increase occupancy at our properties will be a significant driver of future revenue growth.

Leasing Activity and Rental Rates. The following table sets forth our leasing activity for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014:

			(Gross Leasing Act	ivity					
	New I	leases	Renewals			Renewal Ret	tention %	Expiring Leases		
Quarter	Number of Leases	Rentable Square Feet	Number of Leases	Rentable Square Feet	Cash Rent Change	Number of Leases	Rentable Square Feet	Number of Leases	Rentable Square Feet	
Q2-14	44	208,819	72	363,798	6.1%	64.9%	62.5%	111	582,344	
Q1-14	41	307,102	53	351,995	3.9%	55.2%	56.9%	96	618,303	
Total/Weighted										
Average	85	515,921	125	715,793	5.0%	60.4%	59.6%	207	1,200,647	

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, we executed 85 new leases covering approximately 515,921 square feet and renewed 125 leases covering approximately 715,793 square feet, while 82 leases covering approximately 484,854 square feet vacated. Of the 484,854 square feet that vacated, 69,943 square feet was a result of 15 tenant defaults, while the remaining 414,911 square feet was a result of 67 natural lease expirations. Our leasing activity is impacted both by our own redeveloping and repositioning efforts as well as by market conditions. When we redevelop or reposition a property, its space may become unavailable for leasing until completion of the redevelopment or repositioning efforts. In addition, while we have recently noted gradual improvements in market conditions in our markets, the market recovery has been uneven and some markets, particularly San Diego County, have been slower to recover.

Of the 125 leases that we renewed during the six months ended June 30, 2014, the cash renewal spreads increased on average by 5.0%. Of the 85 new leases that were executed during the six months ended June 30, 2014, the cash renewal spreads increased by 3.1% when compared to the ending cash rental rates on the expiring leases for the same space. We believe that while the recovery in our markets has generally been uneven, we believe that our recent leasing statistics are indicative of a trend of improving leasing fundamentals. Among the factors that affect lease rates on renewal is our acquisition activity. We acquired 19 properties during the six months ended June 30, 2014. At the time of acquisition of some of these properties, our underwriting and what we believe to be our value-oriented purchase prices may have factored in anticipated or potential roll-downs in rent at some upcoming lease expirations. We believe that rental rates in our markets for product such as our properties are just beginning to recover from the 2008 financial crisis and subsequent economic recession, and accordingly we expect potential increases in lease rates upon renewal of upcoming lease expirations as market conditions continue to improve.

Future economic downturns or regional downturns affecting our submarkets that impair our ability to renew or re-lease space and adverse developments that affect the ability of our tenants to fulfill their lease obligations, such as tenant bankruptcies, could adversely affect our ability to maintain or increase occupancy or rental rates at our properties. Adverse developments or trends in one or more of these factors could adversely affect our rental revenue in future periods. Additionally, due to the size of our tenant spaces compared with our peer group and our typically shorter-term leases, we may have increased exposure to a negative trend in rental rates among our target tenant base than other industrial REITs.

Scheduled Lease Expirations

Our ability to re-lease space subject to expiring leases will impact our results of operations and is affected by economic and competitive conditions in our markets and by the desirability of our individual properties. As of June 30, 2014, in addition to approximately 754,964 rentable square feet of currently available space in our properties, leases representing approximately 11.3% and 17.0% of the aggregate rentable square footage of our portfolio are scheduled to expire during the years ending December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2015, respectively. As described in more detail above under "—Rental Revenue and Tenant Reimbursements," during the six months ended June 30, 2014. we renewed approximately 60.4% of leases scheduled to expire which represented approximately 59.6% of the aggregate rentable square footage under all expiring leases.

The leases scheduled to expire during the years ending December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2015 represent approximately 11.5% and 19.1% respectively, of the total annualized rent for our portfolio at June 30, 2014. We estimate that, on a weighted average basis, in-place rents of leases scheduled to expire in 2014 and 2015 are currently at or slightly below current market asking rents. However, we believe that rental rates in our markets for product such as our properties are just beginning to recover, and accordingly we expect potential increases in lease rates upon renewal of upcoming 2014 and 2015 lease expirations as market conditions continue to improve.

Taxable REIT Subsidiary

As of June 30, 2014, our Operating Partnership indirectly and wholly owns Rexford Industrial Realty and Management, Inc., which we refer to as the services company. We have elected, together with our services company, to treat our services company as a taxable REIT subsidiary for federal income tax purposes. A taxable REIT subsidiary generally may provide non-customary and other services to our tenants and engage in activities that we may not engage in directly without adversely affecting our qualification as a REIT, provided a taxable REIT subsidiary may not operate or manage a lodging facility or health care facility or provide rights to any brand name under which any lodging facility or health care facility is operated. We may form additional taxable REIT subsidiaries in the future, and our Operating Partnership may contribute some or all of its interests in certain wholly owned subsidiaries or their assets to our services company. Any income earned by our taxable REIT subsidiaries will not be included in our taxable income for purposes of the 75% or 95% gross income tests, except to the extent such income is distributed to us as a dividend, in which case such dividend income will qualify under the 95%, but not the 75%, gross income test. Because a taxable REIT subsidiaries generally will be subject to an additional level of tax as compared to the income earned by our taxable REIT subsidiaries generally will be subject to an additional level of tax as compared to the income earned by our other subsidiaries.

Conditions in Our Markets

The properties in our portfolio are located primarily in Southern California infill markets. Positive or negative changes in economic or other conditions, adverse weather conditions and natural disasters in this market may affect our overall performance.

Property Expenses

Our property expenses generally consist of utilities, real estate taxes, insurance, site repair and maintenance costs, and the allocation of overhead costs. For the majority of our properties, our rental expenses are controlled, in part, by either the triple net provisions or modified gross expense reimbursements in tenant leases. However, the terms of our leases vary and in some instances we may absorb rental expenses. Our overall financial results will be impacted by the extent to which we are able to pass-through rental expenses to our tenants.

General and Administrative Expenses

We expect to incur increased general and administrative expenses, including legal, accounting and other expenses related to corporate governance, public reporting and compliance with various provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, as compared to our predecessor. We anticipate that our staffing levels will increase from approximately 45 employees presently to between 50 and 60 employees during the next 12 to 24 months and, as a result, our general and administrative expenses will increase further.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the reporting periods. Actual amounts may differ from these estimates and assumptions. We have summarized below those accounting policies that require material subjective or complex judgments and that have the most significant impact on financial condition and results of operations. Management evaluates these estimates on an ongoing basis, based upon information currently available and on various assumptions that it believes are reasonable as of the date hereof. In addition, other companies in similar businesses may use different estimation policies and methodologies, which may impact the comparability of our results of operations and financial condition to those of other companies.

A critical accounting policy is one that is both important to the portrayal of an entity's financial condition and results of operations and requires judgment on the part of management. Generally, the judgment requires management to make estimates and assumptions about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. Estimates are prepared using management's best judgment, after considering past and current economic conditions and expectations for the future. The current economic environment has increased the degree of uncertainty inherent in these estimates and assumptions. Changes in estimates could affect our financial position and specific items in our results of operations that are used by the users of our financial statements in their evaluation of our performance. Of the accounting policies discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated and combined financial statements, the accounting policies presented below have been identified by us as critical accounting policies.

Investment in Real Estate

Acquisitions

When we acquire operating properties, with the intention to hold the investment for the long-term, we allocate the purchase price to the various components of the acquisition based upon the fair value of each component. The components typically include land, building and improvements, intangible assets related to above and below market leases, intangible assets related to in-place leases, debt and other assumed assets and liabilities. The initial allocation of the purchase price is based on management's preliminary assessment, which may differ when final information becomes available. Subsequent adjustments made to the initial purchase price allocation are made within the allocation period, which typically does not exceed one year.

We allocate the purchase price to the fair value of the tangible assets by valuing the property as if it were vacant. We consider Level 3 inputs such as the replacement cost of such assets, appraisals, property condition reports, comparable market rental data and other related information.

In determining the fair value of intangible lease assets or liabilities, we consider Level 3 inputs including the value associated with leasing commissions, legal and other costs, as well as the estimated period necessary to lease such property and lease commencement. Acquired above and below market leases are valued based on the present value of the difference between prevailing market rates and the in-place rates measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the lease for above market leases and the initial term plus the term of any below market fixed rate renewal options for below market leases, if applicable. The estimated fair values of acquired in-place at-market tenant leases are the costs that would have been incurred to lease the property to the occupancy level of the property at the date of acquisition. Such estimates include the fair value of leasing commissions and legal costs that would be incurred to lease the property to this occupancy level.

The difference between the fair value and the face value of debt assumed in connection with an acquisition is recorded as a premium or discount and amortized to "interest expense" over the life of the debt assumed. The valuation of assumed liabilities is based on our estimate of the current market rates for similar liabilities in effect at the acquisition date.

For acquisitions that do not meet the accounting criteria to be accounted for as a business combination, we record to land and building the purchase price paid and capitalize the associated acquisition costs.

Capitalization of Costs

We capitalize costs incurred in developing, renovating, rehabilitating, and improving real estate assets as part of the investment basis. Costs incurred in making repairs and maintaining real estate assets are expensed as incurred. During the land development and construction periods, we capitalize interest costs, insurance, real estate taxes and certain general and administrative costs of the personnel performing development, renovations, and rehabilitation if such costs are incremental and identifiable to a specific activity to get the asset ready for its intended use. Capitalized costs are included in the investment basis of real estate assets.

Depreciation and Amortization

Real estate, including land, building and land improvements, tenant improvements, and furniture, fixtures and equipment, leasing costs and intangible lease assets and liabilities are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization, unless circumstances indicate that the cost cannot be recovered, in which case, the carrying value of the property is reduced to estimated fair value as discussed below in our policy with regards to impairment of long-lived assets. We estimate the depreciable portion of our real estate assets and related useful lives in order to record depreciation expense. Our ability to estimate the depreciable portions of our real estate assets and useful lives is critical to the determination of the appropriate amount of depreciation and amortization expense recorded and the carrying value of the underlying assets. Any change to the assets to be depreciated and the estimated depreciable lives of these assets would have an impact on the depreciation expense recognized.

The values allocated to land, buildings, site improvements, in-place leases, tenant improvements and leasing costs are depreciated on a straight-line basis using an estimated remaining life of 10-30 years for buildings, 20 years for site improvements, and the shorter of the estimated useful life or respective lease term for tenant improvements.

As discussed above in investments in real estate, in connection with property acquisitions, we may acquire leases with rental rates above or below the market rental rates. Such differences are recorded as an intangible lease asset or liability and amortized to "rental revenues" over the reasonably assured term of the related leases. The unamortized balances of these assets and liabilities associated with the early termination of leases are fully amortized to their respective revenue line items in our consolidated financial statements over the shorter of the expected life of such assets and liabilities or the remaining lease term.

Our estimate of the useful life of our assets is evaluated upon acquisition and when circumstances indicate a change in the useful life, which requires significant judgment regarding the economic obsolescence of tangible and intangible assets

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

We assess the carrying values of our respective long-lived assets, including goodwill, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of these assets may not be fully recoverable.

Recoverability of real estate assets is measured by comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to the estimated future undiscounted cash flows. In order to review our real estate assets for recoverability, we consider current market conditions, as well as our intent with respect to holding or disposing of the asset. Our intent with regard to the underlying assets might change as market conditions change, as well as other factors, especially in the current global economic environment. Fair value is determined through various valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow models, applying a capitalization rate to estimated net operating income of a property and quoted market values and third party appraisals, where considered necessary. The use of projected future cash flows

is based on assumptions that are consistent with our estimates of future expectations and the strategic plan we use to manage our underlying business. If our analysis indicates that the carrying value of the real estate asset is not recoverable on an undiscounted cash flow basis, we recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the current estimated fair value of the real estate property.

Assumptions and estimates used in the recoverability analyses for future cash flows, discount rates and capitalization rates are complex and subjective. Changes in economic and operating conditions or our intent with regard to our investment that occur subsequent to our impairment analyses could impact these assumptions and result in future impairment of our real estate properties.

Valuation of Receivables

We are subject to tenant defaults and bankruptcies that could affect the collection of outstanding receivables. In order to mitigate these risks, we perform credit reviews and analyses on prospective tenants before significant leases are executed and on existing tenants before properties are acquired. We specifically analyze aged receivables, customer credit-worthiness, historical bad debts and current economic trends when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts. As a result of our periodic analysis, we maintain an allowance for estimated losses that may result from the inability of our tenants to make required payments. This estimate requires significant judgment related to the lessees' ability to fulfill their obligations under the leases. We believe our allowance for doubtful accounts is adequate for our outstanding receivables for the periods presented. If a tenant is insolvent or files for bankruptcy protection and fails to make contractual payments beyond any allowance, we may recognize additional bad debt expense in future periods equal to the net outstanding balances, which include amounts recognized as straight-line revenue not realizable until future periods.

Consolidation

We consolidate all entities that are wholly owned and those in which we own less than 100% but control, as well as any variable interest entities in which we are the primary beneficiary. We evaluate our ability to control an entity and whether the entity is a variable interest entity and we are the primary beneficiary through consideration of the substantive terms of the arrangement to identify which enterprise has the power to direct the activities of a variable interest entity is a variable interest entity or the right to receive benefits from the entity. Investments in entities in which we do not control but over which we have the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies are presented under the equity method. Investments in entities that we do not control and over which we do not exercise significant influence are carried at the lower of cost or fair value, as appropriate. Our ability to correctly assess our influence and/or control over an entity affects the presentation of these investments in our consolidated and combined financial statements.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2013

Our results of operations for all periods presented were affected by acquisitions and dispositions made during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and the period from April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. Therefore, our results are not comparable from period to period. Our "Total Portfolio" represents all of the properties owned during the reported periods. To eliminate the effect of changes in our Total Portfolio due to acquisitions and dispositions, we have separately presented the results of our "Same Properties Portfolio."

Properties included in our Same Properties Portfolio are the properties in our industrial portfolio that were wholly-owned by us as of April 1, 2013 and still owned by us as of June 30, 2014. Results for our Same Properties Portfolio exclude our joint venture or tenants-in-common properties, any properties that were acquired or sold during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and the period from April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013, and corporate general and administrative expenses.

Our results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2014 contain the consolidated results of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and its subsidiaries, including our Operating Partnership. The results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2013 contain the combined results of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor.

The results of our Same Properties Portfolio are presented to highlight for investors and users of our consolidated financial statements the operating results of our on-going business.



		Same Propertie	es Portfolio		Total Portfolio						
	-	Ended June 30,	Increase/	%	Three Months		Increase/	%			
	2014	2013	(Decrease)	Change	2014	2013	(Decrease)	Change			
RENTAL REVENUES	¢ 0 2 4 4 000	¢ 7 000 000	¢ 430.000	E E0/	¢ 10 770 000	¢ 0.002.000	¢ 0.711.000	41.00/			
Rental revenues Tenant reimbursements	\$8,344,000	\$7,906,000	\$ 438,000		\$12,773,000	\$ 9,062,000	\$ 3,711,000	41.0%			
	930,000	909,000	21,000	2.3%	1,681,000	1,112,000	569,000	51.2%			
Management, leasing and development services	-	-	-	0.0%	249,000	170,000	79,000	46.5%			
Other income	7,000	42,000	(35,000)	-83.3%	15,000	49,000	(34,000)	-69.4%			
TOTAL RENTAL REVENUES	9,281,000	8,857,000	424,000	4.8%	14,718,000	10,393,000	4,325,000	41.6%			
Interest income	279,000	324,000	(45,000)	-13.9%	278,000	324,000	(46,000)	-14.2%			
TOTAL REVENUES	9,560,000	9,181,000	379,000	4.1%	14,996,000	10,717,000	4,279,000	39.9%			
EXPENSES											
Property expenses	2,405,000	2,509,000	(104,000)	-4.1%	3,892,000	2,835,000	1,057,000	37.3%			
General and administrative	-	-	-	0.0%	2,780,000	1,396,000	1,384,000	99.1%			
Depreciation and amortization	3,411,000	3,042,000	369,000	12.1%	6,003,000	3,514,000	2,489,000	70.8%			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	5,816,000	5,551,000	265,000	4.8%	12,675,000	7,745,000	4,930,000	63.7%			
OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE											
Acquisition expenses	-	-	-	0.0%	652,000	624,000	28,000	4.5%			
Interest expense	58,000	4,167,000	(4,109,000)	-98.6%	1,537,000	4,386,000	(2,849,000)	-65.0%			
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSE	58,000	4,167,000	(4,109,000)	-98.6%	2,189,000	5,010,000	(2,821,000)	-56.3%			
TOTAL EXPENSES	5,874,000	9,718,000	(3,844,000)	-39.6%	14,864,000	12,755,000	2,109,000	16.5%			
Equity in (loss) income of unconsolidated real estate entities					(51,000)	(712,000)	661,000				
NET INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	3,686,000	(537,000)	4,223,000		81,000	(2,750,000)	2,831,000				
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Loss from discontinued operations before											
gains on sale of real estate					-	(257,000)	257,000				
Loss on extinguishment of debt					-	(41,000)	41,000				
Gain on sale of real estate					-	2,580,000	(2,580,000)				
INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS					-	2,282,000	(2,282,000)				
NET INCOME (LOSS)					\$ 81,000	\$ (468,000)	\$ 549,000				

Rental Revenue

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio rental revenue increased \$0.4 million, or 5.5%, and \$3.7 million, or 41.0%, respectively, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. The increase in our Same Properties Portfolio is primarily due to the increase in our average occupancy for comparable periods. Our Total Portfolio rental revenue was also positively impacted by the revenues from the 30 properties we acquired after April 1, 2013 and the consolidation of our La Jolla Sorrento property that was acquired as part of our formation transactions.

Tenant Reimbursements

Our Total Portfolio tenant reimbursements revenue increased \$0.6 million, or 51.2% during the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013 primarily due to the incremental revenues from the 30 properties we acquired after April 1, 2013 and the consolidation of our La Jolla Sorrento property that was acquired as part of our formation transactions.

Management, Leasing and Development Services

Total Portfolio management, leasing and development services revenue increased by \$0.1 million, or 46.5%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the three month ended June 30, 2013. This was primarily due to higher management fee revenue and commissions from our management of properties not owned by us for comparable periods.

Property Expenses

Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio property expenses as a percentage of total rental revenues decreased to 25.9% and 26.4%, respectively, during the three months ended June 30, 2014, from 28.3% and 27.3%, respectively, during the three months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to the decrease in repairs and maintenance expense for comparable periods. Total Portfolio property expenses increased by \$1.1 million primarily as a result of incremental expenses from the 30 properties we acquired after April 1, 2013 and the consolidation of our La Jolla Sorrento property that was acquired as part of our formation transactions.

General and Administrative

Total Portfolio general and administrative expenses increased \$1.4 million, or 99.1%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. This is primarily due to an increase in bonus accruals of \$0.3 million, an increase in legal expense of \$0.2 million, \$0.2 million of equity compensation expense from vesting of restricted stock, and an increase in payroll and employment fees of \$0.1 million due to additional headcount, combined with higher corporate public company expenses and higher audit and tax service fees.

Depreciation and Amortization

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio depreciation and amortization expense increased \$0.4 million, or 12.1%, and \$2.5 million, or 70.8%, respectively, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013. The increase for Same Properties Portfolio was partially due to the properties contributed by RIF V REIT and their consolidated subsidiaries as part of the formation transactions, which were recorded at the estimated fair value of the assets acquired on the date of contribution. Total Portfolio depreciation and amortization expense also increased due to incremental expenses from the 30 properties we acquired after April 1, 2013 and the consolidation of our La Jolla Sorrento property that was acquired as part of our formation transactions.

Interest Expense

Same Properties Portfolio interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2014 is not comparable to the three months ended June 30, 2013 due to the change in our debt structure at the time of the IPO. Total Portfolio interest expense decreased \$2.8 million, or 65.0%, during the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013, due to the pay down of mortgage debt at the consummation of our initial public offering ("IPO").

Equity in Loss of Unconsolidated Real Estate Entities

The equity in loss of unconsolidated real estate entities of \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 includes our equity interests in the operating results of two properties, La Jolla Sorrento and Mission Oaks, whereas the equity in loss of unconsolidated real estate entities of \$51,000 for three months ended June 30, 2014 only includes our equity interests in Mission Oaks, since the La Jolla Sorrento property was acquired as part of our formation transactions on July 24, 2013. The difference is primarily attributable to a \$0.8 million impairment charge taken on our interest in La Jolla Sorrento during the three months ended June 30, 2013.

Discontinued Operations

Our income from discontinued operations of \$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 is comprised primarily of the gain related to the disposition of our properties located at 1950 East Williams Street, 9027 Glenoaks Blvd., 2929 S. Fair Drive and 2411, 2507 and 2515 Erie Drive and 1255 Knollwood Circle. This gain is partially offset by losses from operations of the disposed properties as well as well the property located at 1335 Park Center Drive, which was classified as held for sale.

Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014 to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2013

Our results of operations for all periods presented were affected by acquisitions and dispositions made during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013. Therefore, our results are not comparable from period to period. Our "Total Portfolio" represents all of the properties owned during the reported periods. To eliminate the effect of changes in our Total Portfolio due to acquisitions and dispositions, we have separately presented the results of our "Same Properties Portfolio."

Properties included in our Same Properties Portfolio are the properties in our industrial portfolio that were wholly-owned by us as of January 1, 2013 and still owned as of June 30, 2014. Results for our Same Properties Portfolio exclude our joint venture or tenants-in-common properties, any properties that were acquired or sold during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013, and corporate general and administrative expenses.

Our results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2014 contain the consolidated results of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and its subsidiaries, including our Operating Partnership. The results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2013 contain the combined results of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor.

The results of our Same Properties Portfolio are presented to highlight for investors and users of our consolidated financial statements the operating results of our on-going business.

		Same Properties	s Portfolio	Total Portfolio						
	3	nths Ended June 0,	Increase/	%	For the Six Mon 30	0,	Increase/	%		
	2014	2013	(Decrease)	Change	2014	2013	(Decrease)	Change		
RENTAL REVENUES										
Rental revenues	\$16,376,000	\$15,645,000	\$ 731,000		\$24,401,000	\$16,822,000	\$ 7,579,000	45.1%		
Tenant reimbursements	1,865,000	1,756,000	109,000	6.2%	3,192,000	1,959,000	1,233,000	62.9%		
Management, leasing and development services	-	-	-	0.0%	483,000	431,000	52,000	12.1%		
Other income	42,000	161,000	(119,000)	-73.9%	57,000	167,000	(110,000)	-65.9%		
TOTAL RENTAL REVENUES	18,283,000	17,562,000	721,000	4.1%	28,133,000	19,379,000	8,754,000	45.2%		
Interest income	555,000	572,000	(17,000)	-3.0%	554,000	635,000	(81,000)	-12.8%		
TOTAL REVENUES	18,838,000	18,134,000	704,000	3.9%	28,687,000	20,014,000	8,673,000	43.3%		
EXPENSES										
Property expenses	5,190,000	4,929,000	261,000	5.3%	8,026,000	5,234,000	2,792,000	53.3%		
General and administrative	-	-	-	0.0%	5,385,000	2,535,000	2,850,000	112.4%		
Depreciation and amortization	7,094,000	5,802,000	1,292,000	22.3%	12,133,000	6,134,000	5,999,000	97.8%		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	12,284,000	10,731,000	1,553,000	14.5%	25,544,000	13,903,000	11,641,000	83.7%		
OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE										
Acquisition expenses	-	-	-	0.0%	985,000	717,000	268,000	37.4%		
Interest expense	115,000	7,941,000	(7,826,000)	-98.6%	2,788,000	8,161,000	(5,373,000)	-65.8%		
Gain on mark-to-market interest rate										
swaps	-		-	0.0%	-	(49,000)	49,000	-100.0%		
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSE	115,000	7,941,000	(7,826,000)	-98.6%	3,773,000	8,829,000	(5,056,000)	-57.3%		
TOTAL EXPENSES	12,399,000	18,672,000	(6,273,000)	-33.6%	29,317,000	22,732,000	6,585,000	29.0%		
Equity in loss of unconsolidated real estate entities					(6,000)	(925,000)	919,000			
Gain from early repayment of note receivable	-	-	-		-	1,365,000	(1,365,000)			
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-		-	(37,000)	37,000			
NET INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	6,439,000	(538,000)	6,977,000		(636,000)	(2,315,000)	1,679,000			
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS							,			
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before gain on sale of real estate and loss on extinguishment of										
debt			-		21,000	(838,000)	859,000			
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-		-		-	(250,000)	250,000			
Gain on sale of real estate					2,125,000	4,989,000	(2,864,000)			
INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	-	-	-		2,146,000	3,901,000	(1,755,000)			
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 6,439,000	\$ (538,000)	\$ 6,977,000		\$ 1,510,000	\$ 1,586,000	\$ (76,000)			

Rental Revenue

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio rental revenue increased \$0.7 million, or 4.7%, and \$7.6 million, or 45.1%, respectively, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013. The increase in our Same Properties Portfolio is primarily due to the increase in our average occupancy for comparable periods. Our Total Portfolio rental revenue was also positively impacted by the revenues from the 30 properties we acquired after January 1, 2013 and the consolidation of our La Jolla Sorrento property that was acquired as part of our formation transactions.

Tenant Reimbursements

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio tenant reimbursements revenue increased \$0.1 million, or 6.2%, and \$1.2 million or 62.9%, respectively, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013. The increase in our Same Properties Portfolio is primarily due to the increase in our average occupancy for comparable periods. Our Total Portfolio was also positively impacted by the revenues from the 30 properties we acquired after January 1, 2013 and the consolidation of our La Jolla Sorrento property that was acquired as part of our formation transactions.

Other Income

Total Portfolio other income decreased by \$0.1 million, or 65.9%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013. This was primarily due to the receipt of construction easement income at one our properties during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

Property Expenses

Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio property expenses as a percentage of total rental revenues increased to 28.4% and 28.5%, respectively, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 from 28.1% and 27.0%, respectively, during the six months ended June 30, 2013, primarily due to an increase in overhead expenses in the 2014 period due to the growth of the company. In addition, Total Portfolio property expenses also increased by \$2.8 million primarily as a result of incremental expenses from the 30 properties we acquired after January 1, 2013 and the consolidation of our La Jolla Sorrento property that was acquired as part of our formation transactions.

General and Administrative

Total Portfolio general and administrative expenses increased \$2.9 million, or 112.4%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013. The increase is primarily due to an increase of bonus accruals of \$0.8 million, an increase of legal expense of \$0.4 million, increase in payroll and employment fees of \$0.3 million due to additional headcount, and \$0.2 million of equity compensation expense from vesting of restricted stock, combined with higher corporate public company expenses and higher audit and tax service fees.

Depreciation and Amortization

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio depreciation and amortization expense increased \$1.3 million, or 22.3%, and \$6.0 million, or 97.8%, respectively, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013. The increase in Same Property Portfolio was primarily due to the properties contributed by RIF V REIT and their consolidated subsidiaries as part of the formation transactions, which were recorded at the estimated fair value of the assets acquired on the date of contribution. Our Total Portfolio depreciation and amortization expense also increased due to incremental expenses from the 30 properties we acquired after January 1, 2013 and the consolidation of our La Jolla Sorrento property that was acquired as part of our formation transactions.

Acquisition Expenses

Total Portfolio acquisition expenses increased \$0.3 million, or 37.4%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013 due to the higher volume of acquisitions during the six months ended June 30, 2014.

Interest Expense

Same Properties Portfolio interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 is not comparable to the six months ended June 30, 2013 due to the change in our debt structure at the time of the IPO. Total Portfolio interest expense decreased \$5.4 million, or 65.8%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013, due to the pay down of mortgage debt at the consummation of the IPO.

Gain on mark-to-market interest rate swaps

Total Portfolio gain on mark-to-market interest rate swaps decreased \$49,000 or 100.0%, during the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2013 due to the expiration of our interest rate swaps during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

Equity in Loss of Unconsolidated Real Estate Entities

The equity in loss of unconsolidated real estate entities of \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 includes our equity interests in the operating results of two properties, La Jolla Sorrento and Mission Oaks, whereas the equity in loss of unconsolidated real estate entities of \$6,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 only includes our equity interests in Mission Oaks, since the La Jolla Sorrento property was acquired as part of our formation transactions on July 24, 2013. The difference is primarily attributable to a \$0.8 million impairment charge associated with our interest in La Jolla Sorrento during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

Discontinued Operations

Our income from discontinued operations of \$2.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 is comprised primarily of the gain related to the sale of our property located at 1335 Park Center Drive, partially offset by the loss on sale of our property located at 2900 Madera Road. Our income from discontinued operations of \$3.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 is comprised primarily of the gain related to the disposition of our properties located at 4578 Worth Street, 1950 East Williams Street, 9027 Glenoaks Blvd., 2929 S. Fair Drive and 2411, 2507 and 2515 Erie Drive and 1255 Knollwood Circle. This gain is partially offset by losses from operations of the disposed properties as well as well the property located at 1335 Park Center Drive.

Non-GAAP Supplemental Measure: Funds From Operations

We calculate funds from operations ("FFO") before non-controlling interest in accordance with the standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"). FFO represents net income (loss) (computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of depreciable operating property, real estate related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs) and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures.

Management uses FFO as a supplemental performance measure because, in excluding real estate related depreciation and amortization, gains and losses from property dispositions, other than temporary impairments of unconsolidated real estate entities, and impairment on our investment in real estate, it provides a performance measure that, when compared year over year, captures trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs. We also believe that, as a widely recognized measure of performance used by other REITs, FFO may be used by investors as a basis to compare our operating performance with that of other REITs.

However, because FFO excludes depreciation and amortization and captures neither the changes in the value of our properties that result from use or market conditions nor the level of capital expenditures and leasing commissions necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties, all of which have real economic effects and could materially impact our results from operations, the utility of FFO as a measure of our performance is limited. Other equity REITs may not calculate or interpret FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition as we do, and, accordingly, our FFO may not be comparable to such other REITs' FFO. FFO should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, and is not indicative of funds available for our cash needs, including our ability to pay dividends.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of FFO before non-controlling interest for the periods presented to net income, the nearest GAAP equivalent:

			Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor hs Ended June 30,		Rexford Industrial <u>Realty, Inc.</u> Six Month		Rea	Rexford Industrial alty, Inc. Predecessor ed June 30,
		2014		2013		2014		2013
Funds From Operations (FFO)								
Net income (loss)	\$	81,000	\$	(468,000)	\$	1,510,000	\$	1,586,000
Add:								
Depreciation and amortization, including amounts in								
discontinued operations		6,003,000		3,611,000		12,140,000		6,896,000
Depreciation and amortization from unconsolidated joint								
ventures and tenants in common(1)		103,000		144,000		188,000		614,000
Impairment writedowns of depreciable real estate -								
unconsolidated joint ventures and tenants in common				837,000				837,000
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-		41,000		-		287,000
Deduct:								
Gain on sale of real estate		-		2,580,000		2,125,000		4,989,000
Funds from operations	\$	6,187,000	\$	1,585,000	\$	11,713,000	\$	5,231,000

(1) Amount represents our 15% ownership of Mission Oaks unconsolidated joint venture for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, and our 15% ownership of Mission Oaks unconsolidated joint venture and 70% tenant-in-common interest in La Jolla Sorrento for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013.

Non-GAAP Supplemental Measure: NOI and Cash NOI

Net operating income ("NOI") includes the revenue and expense directly attributable to our real estate properties calculated in accordance with GAAP. Calculated as total revenue from real estate operations including i) rental revenues ii) tenant reimbursements, and iii) other income less property expenses (before interest expense, depreciation and amortization). We use NOI as a supplemental performance measure because, in excluding real estate depreciation and amortization expense and gains (or losses) from property dispositions, it provides a performance measure that, when compared year over year, captures trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs. We also believe that NOI will be useful to investors as a basis to compare our operating performance with that of other REITs. However, because NOI excludes depreciation and amortization expense and captures neither the changes in the value of our properties that result from use or market conditions, nor the level of capital expenditures and leasing commissions necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties (all of which have real economic effect and could materially impact our results from operations), the utility of NOI as a measure of our performance is limited. Other equity REITs may not calculate NOI in a similar manner and, accordingly, our NOI may not be comparable to such other REITs' NOI. Accordingly, NOI should be considered only as a supplement to net income as a measure of our performance. NOI should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs. NOI should not be used as a substitute for cash flow from operating activities in accordance with GAAP.

NOI on a cash-basis ("Cash NOI") is a non-GAAP measure, which we calculate by adding or subtracting from NOI i) fair value lease revenue and ii) straight-line rent adjustment. We use Cash NOI, together with NOI, as a supplemental performance measure. Cash NOI should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs. Cash NOI should not be used as a substitute for cash flow from operating activities computed in accordance with GAAP. The following are the revenue and expense items comprising NOI and the adjustments to calculate Cash NOI:

	 Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. Three Months I	I F	Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor d June 30,	 Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. Six Months E	In	Rexford lustrial Realty, c. Predecessor l June 30,
	2014		2013	 2014		2013
Rental revenues	\$ 12,773,000	\$	9,062,000	\$ 24,401,000	\$	16,822,000
Tenant reimbursements	1,681,000		1,112,000	3,192,000		1,959,000
Other income	15,000		49,000	57,000		167,000
Total operating revenues	 14,469,000		10,223,000	 27,650,000		18,948,000
Property expenses	 3,892,000		2,835,000	 8,026,000		5,234,000
Net Operating Income	\$ 10,577,000	\$	7,388,000	\$ 19,624,000	\$	13,714,000
Fair value lease revenue	 73,000		151,000	 154,000		195,000
Straight line rent adjustment	(436,000)		30,000	(644,000)		(153,000)
Cash Net Operating Income	\$ 10,214,000	\$	7,569,000	\$ 19,134,000	\$	13,756,000

The following is reconciliation from net income (loss), the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, to NOI and Cash NOI:

	Inc	Rexford lustrial Realty, Inc. Three Months 1	In	Rexford dustrial Realty, c. Predecessor ed June 30.	Re	exford Industrial Realty, Inc. Six Months E	ford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor June 30.
		2014		2013		2014	2013
Net income (loss)	\$	81,000	\$	(468,000)	\$	1,510,000	\$ 1,586,000
Add:							
General and Administrative		2,780,000		1,396,000		5,385,000	2,535,000
Depreciation and amortization		6,003,000		3,514,000		12,133,000	6,134,000
Acquisitions Expense		652,000		624,000		985,000	717,000
Interest Expense		1,537,000		4,386,000		2,788,000	8,161,000
Gain on mark-market interest rate swaps		-		-		-	(49,000)
Deduct:							
Management, leasing and development services		249,000		170,000		483,000	431,000
Interest income		278,000		324,000		554,000	635,000
Equity in loss from unconsolidated real estate entities		(51,000)		(712,000)		(6,000)	(925,000)
Gain from early repayment of note receivable		-		-		-	1,365,000
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-		-		-	(37,000)
Income from discontinued operations		-		2,282,000		2,146,000	3,901,000
Net Operating Income	\$	10,577,000	\$	7,388,000	\$	19,624,000	\$ 13,714,000
Fair value lease revenue		73,000		151,000		154,000	 195,000
Straight line rent adjustment		(436,000)		30,000		(644,000)	 (153,000)
Cash Net Operating Income	\$	10,214,000	\$	7,569,000	\$	19,134,000	\$ 13,756,000

Non-GAAP Supplemental Measure: EBITDA

We believe that EBITDA is helpful to investors as a supplemental measure of our operating performance as a real estate company because it is a direct measure of the actual operating results of our industrial properties. We also use this measure in ratios to compare our performance to that of our industry peers. The following table sets forth a reconciliation of our EBITDA for the periods presented to net income (loss):

	 ford Industrial Realty, Inc.	R	exford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor	R	exford Industrial Realty, Inc.	Re	xford Industrial Realty, Inc. Predecessor
	 Three Months	End	ed June 30,		Six Months E	Ended June 30,	
	 2014		2013		2014		2013
Net income (loss)	\$ 81,000	\$	(468,000)	\$	1,510,000	\$	1,586,000
Interest expense, including amounts in discontinued operations	1,537,000		4,517,000		2,788,000		8,450,000
Proportionate share of interest expense from unconsolidated							
joint ventures	45,000		42,000		102,000		84,000
Depreciation and amortization, including amounts in							
discontinued operations	6,003,000		3,611,000		12,140,000		6,896,000
Proportionate share of real estate related depreciation and amortization from unconsolidated joint ventures and tenant in							
common	103,000		144,000		188,000		614,000
EBITDA	\$ 7,769,000	\$	7,846,000	\$	16,728,000	\$	17,630,000

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We had total indebtedness of \$369.7 million at June 30, 2014, reflecting a debt to total market capitalization of approximately 47.6%. Our total market capitalization is defined as the sum of the market value of our outstanding common stock (which may decrease, thereby increasing our debt to total capitalization ratio), including shares of unvested restricted stock, plus the aggregate value of common units not owned by us, plus the value of our total consolidated indebtedness. We have a \$200.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility. As of June 30, 2014, we had \$99.9 million outstanding on our facility, leaving \$100.1 million available.

Our short-term liquidity requirements consist primarily of funds to pay for operating expenses and other expenditures directly associated with our properties, interest expense and scheduled principal payments on outstanding indebtedness, general and administrative expenses, and capital expenditures for tenant improvements and leasing commissions. We will also require funds for future dividends expected to be paid to our common stockholders and distributions to holders of common units. We expect to meet our short-term liquidity requirements through cash flow from operations and by drawing on our revolving credit facility.

Our long-term liquidity needs consist primarily of funds necessary to pay for acquisitions, recurring and non-recurring capital expenditures and scheduled debt maturities. We intend to satisfy our long-term liquidity needs through cash flow from operations, long-term secured and unsecured borrowings, issuance of equity securities, and if necessary, borrowings available under our revolving credit facility.

In recent years, the capital markets have been subject to periodic significant disruptions. Our inability to obtain capital when needed could have a material adverse effect on our ability to expand our business, execute key elements of our strategic plan and fund other cash requirements. For instance, we may not be able to acquire or develop properties when strategic opportunities exist, meet the capital and operating needs of our existing properties, satisfy our debt service obligations or make the cash distributions to our stockholders necessary to maintain our qualification as a REIT. To the extent that capital is not available to acquire properties, profits may not be realized or their realization may be delayed, which could result in an earnings stream that is less predictable than some of our competitors and result in us not meeting our projected earnings and distributable cash flow levels in a particular reporting period.

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Contractual Obligations

The following table sets forth our principal obligations and commitments, including periodic interest payments related to our indebtedness outstanding as of June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

				F	ayme	nts by Period				
	Total	_	2014	 2015	_	2016	2017	2018]	Thereafter
Principal payments (1)	\$ 369,679	\$	215	\$ 15,294	\$	42,885	\$ 48,642	\$ 100,025	\$	162,618
Interest payments - fixed rate debt	2,322		486	487		153	146	138		912
Interest payments - variable rate										
debt ⁽²⁾	25,320		3,288	6,522		5,082	5,244	3,729		1,455
Office lease payments	1,538		131	291		300	309	318		189
Ground lease payments	6,900		72	144		144	144	144		6,252
Tenant-related commitments	1,093		1,093	-		-	-	-		-
Total	\$ 406,852	\$	5,285	\$ 22,738	\$	48,564	\$ 54,485	\$ 104,354	\$	171,426

(1) Does not include indebtedness outstanding on the three properties owned indirectly by the JV in which we own a 15% interest.

(2) Based on the 30-day LIBOR rate in effect on June 30, 2014 for each of our variable rate loans based on the rate definition per the loans documents.

Consolidated Indebtedness

At June 30, 2014, we had total indebtedness of approximately \$369.7 million, including approximately \$99.9 million outstanding under our revolving credit facility, and excluding the net debt premium of \$0.2 million. Additionally, there was approximately \$6.2 million of secured indebtedness allocable to our 15% joint venture interest in the three properties owned indirectly by the JV which is not reflected on our balance sheet. The weighted average interest rate on our total consolidated indebtedness is 2.0% (based on the LIBOR rates in effect on June 30, 2014 based on the rate definition per the loan documents and a margin of 155 basis points on our revolving credit facility). As of June 30, 2014, approximately \$351.1 million (representing the outstanding principal amount under our revolving credit facility, our term loan facility, and our three other secured term loans), or approximately 95.0%, of our outstanding long-term debt is exposed to fluctuations in short-term interest rates.

On February 4, 2014, we executed two forward interest rate swaps to mitigate our exposure to fluctuations in short-term interest rates. Each of the two swaps has a notional value of \$30.0 million, to effectively fix the interest rate on our \$60.0 million term loan beginning in 2015. The first forward swap will effectively fix \$30.0 million of debt at 3.726% annually from the period from January 15, 2015 to February 15, 2019. The second forward swap will effectively fix the other \$30.0 million of debt at 3.91% annually from the period from July 15, 2015 to February 15, 2019.

The following table sets forth our consolidated indebtedness as of June 30, 2014:

	(Principal dollars in housands)	Interest Rate	Effective Interest Rate	Contractual Maturity Date
Fixed Rate Debt		<u> </u>			
10700 Jersey Blvd	\$	5,077	5.45%	5.450%	1/1/2015
Gilbert/La Palma		3,234	5.125%	5.125%	3/1/2031
2980 San Fernando		10,243	5.088%	5.088%	7/1/2015
Subtotal		18,554 ((1)		
Variable Rate Debt			· /		
Term Loan		60,000	LIBOR + 1.90%	2.050%(2)	8/1/2019(3)
Revolving Credit Facility		99,875	LIBOR + 1.55% (4)	$1.900\%^{(2)}_{(5)}$	6/11/2018(3)
Glendale Commerce Center		42,750	LIBOR + 2.00%	2.150%(2)	5/1/2016(6)
\$100M Term Loan Facility		100,000	LIBOR + 1.50% (4)	1.650%(2)	6/11/2019
Term Loan		48,500	LIBOR + 1.55%	1.701%(2)	6/24/2017(7)
Subtotal		351,125			
Total/Weighted Average	\$	369,679		2.025%	



- (1) Does not include unamortized net debt premium of \$194,000 at June 30, 2014.
- (2) Based on a 30-day LIBOR rate of 0.1495% as of June 30, 2014 as defined under the respective loan agreements.
- (3) With one 1-year option to extend, provided that certain conditions are satisfied.
- (4) LIBOR margin will range from 1.30% to 1.90% for the revolving credit facility and 1.25% to 1.85% for the term loan facility, depending on our Leverage Ratio, as defined in the loan agreement.
- (5) Includes the effect of the unused commitment fee which is calculated as 0.30% or 0.20% of the daily unused commitment if the balance is under \$100 million or over \$100 million, respectively.
- (6) With two 1-year option to extend, provided that certain conditions are satisfied.
- (7) With one 2-year option to extend, provided that certain conditions are satisfied.

The following table sets forth our allocated share of secured indebtedness outstanding on three properties owned directly by the JV, in which we own a 15% interest, as of June 30, 2014:

	Principal (1) (dollars in thousands)		Interest Rate	Effective Interest Rate (2)	Contractual Maturity Date (3)
3001 Mission Oaks Blvd	\$	2,011	LIBOR + 2.50%	2.688%	6/28/2015
3175 Mission Oaks Blvd		3,094	LIBOR + 2.50%	2.688%	6/28/2015
3233 Mission Oaks Blvd		1,120	LIBOR + 2.50%	2.688%	6/28/2015
Total/Weighted Average	\$	6,225			

(1) Represents 15% of the principal amount of the JV debt based on our 15% interest in the JV.

(2) Based on a 30-day LIBOR rate of 0.1875% as of June 30, 2014 as defined per the loans documents.

(3) With two 1-year options to extend, provided that certain conditions are satisfied.

Certain of our loan agreements contain financial covenants. The Glendale Commerce Center loan contains a debt service coverage ratio requirement that is tested quarterly, and a debt service coverage ratio requirement and a loan-to-value ratio requirement that are tested each time we exercise an option to extend the maturity date of the loan. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Glendale Commerce Center loan, we must also meet certain liquidity and net worth requirements that are tested annually.

The Mission Oaks Boulevard loans each contain a combined debt yield ratio requirement that is tested annually, and a combined debt service coverage ratio requirement and a combined loan-to-value ratio requirement that are tested each time the borrowers of the Mission Oaks Blvd loans exercise an option to extend the maturity date of the loans. We and the borrowers of the Mission Oaks Blvd loans are currently in compliance with the financial covenants and net worth liquidity requirements in our and their respective loan agreements. The Glendale Commerce Center loan and the Mission Oaks Blvd loans also each contain cross-default provisions with respect to certain of our other indebtedness, and the Mission Oaks Blvd loans are cross-collateralized with each other.

Our \$60.0 million Term Loan contains a debt service coverage ratio requirement that is tested quarterly. In addition, pursuant to the terms of loan, we must also meet certain liquidity and net worth requirements that are tested annually.

Our \$48.5 million Term Loan contains a performance covenant that is tested annually and requires the achievement of a minimum in-place debt yield of 9.25% by the eight properties securing the loan.

Our ability to borrow under our Amended Facility is subject to our ongoing compliance with a number of customary restrictive covenants, including a maximum leverage ratio, a maximum secured leverage ratio, a maximum recourse debt ratio, a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio, a maximum unsecured leverage ratio, a minimum tangible net worth requirement, and a minimum unencumbered interest coverage ratio. Additionally, under our revolving credit facility, our distributions may not exceed the greater of (i) 95.0% of our funds from operations or (ii) the amount required for us to qualify and maintain our status as a REIT and avoid the payment of federal or state income or excise tax in any 12 month period. If a default or event of default occurs and is continuing, we may be precluded from making certain distributions (other than those required to allow us to qualify and maintain our status as a REIT). The revolving credit facility also includes cross-default provisions with respect to certain of our other indebtedness. We believe we are currently in compliance with all of the financial covenants required by our loan agreements.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of June 30, 2014, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements other than the one unconsolidated real estate entity which has been disclosed in the notes to our consolidated and combined financial statements.

Cash Flows

Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014 to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2013

The following table summarizes the cash flows of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and the Predecessor for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	 Six Months	Ended	June 30,
	2014		2013
	 (dollars i	in thous	ands)
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 9,375	\$	2,402
Cash used in investing activities	\$ (164,657)	\$	(47,290)
Cash provided by financing activities	\$ 155,557	\$	26,340

Net cash provided by operating activities. Net cash provided by operating activities increased by \$7.0 million to \$9.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to \$2.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013. The increase was primarily attributable to lower cash interest paid due to the reduction of debt at the date of our IPO and incremental cash flows from property acquisitions completed after January 1, 2013. These increases were partially offset by the loss of cash flows from property dispositions that occurred after January 1, 2013 and fluctuations in working capital.

Net cash used in investing activities. Net cash used in investing activities increased by \$117.4 million to \$164.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to \$47.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase of \$104.0 million paid toward acquisitions and construction and development projects, the \$5.4 million from the Foothill note receivable repayment during the six months ended June 30, 2013, and a decrease in proceeds of \$7.7 million received from property dispositions for comparable periods.

Net cash provided by financing activities. Net cash provided by financing activities of \$155.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 primarily reflects net borrowings of \$118.5 million on our unsecured line of credit, and a new \$48.5 million term loan borrowing, partially offset by the payment of \$9.4 million in dividends and distributions to shareholders and unitholders, and \$1.9 million in deferred loan costs. Net cash provided by financing activities of \$26.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 primarily reflects new borrowings of \$55.5 million and \$1.2 million of cash contributions made by members of our predecessor business, partially offset by the payment of \$6.9 million in distributions and reimbursements to members of our predecessor business, the repayment of \$21.1 million of debt, and the payment of \$1.5 million of prepaid offering costs and \$0.8 million in deferred loan costs.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Our future income, cash flows and fair values relevant to financial instruments are dependent upon prevailing market interest rates. Market risk refers to the risk of loss from adverse changes in market prices and interest rates. In the future, we may use derivative financial instruments to manage, or hedge, interest rate risks related to our borrowings, primarily through interest rate swaps.

An interest rate swap is a contractual agreement entered into by two counterparties under which each agrees to make periodic payments to the other for an agreed period of time based on a notional amount of principal. Under the most common form of interest rate swap, known from our perspective as a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap, a series of floating, or variable, rate payments on a notional amount of principal is exchanged for a series of fixed interest rate payments on such notional amount.

On February 4, 2014, we executed two forward interest rate swaps, each with a notional value of \$30.0 million, to effectively fix the interest rate on our \$60.0 million term loan in the future. The first forward swap has an effective date of January 15, 2015, and will effectively fix \$30.0 million of debt at 3.726% annually from the effective date through the maturity date, February 15, 2019. The second forward swap has an effective date of July 15, 2015, and will effectively fix the other \$30.0 million of debt at 3.91% annually from the effective date through the maturity date, February 15, 2019.

No assurance can be given that any future hedging activities by us will have the desired beneficial effect on our results of operations or financial condition.

The variable rate component of our variable rate consolidated indebtedness is LIBOR-based. Based on our consolidated indebtedness balance as of June 30, 2014, if LIBOR were to increase by 50 basis points, the increase in interest expense on our variable rate debt would decrease our future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$1.8 million annually. If LIBOR were to decrease by 50 basis points, the decrease in interest expense on our variable rate debt would be approximately \$0.5 million annually.



Interest risk amounts are our management's estimates and were determined by considering the effect of hypothetical interest rates on our financial instruments. These analyses do not consider the effect of any change in overall economic activity that could occur in that environment. Further, in the event of a change of that magnitude, we may take actions to further mitigate our exposure to the change. However, due to the uncertainty of the specific actions that would be taken and their possible effects, these analyses assume no changes in our financial structure.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) or Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the "Exchange Act") that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is processed, recorded, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Security and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As required by SEC Rule 13a-15(b), we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2014, the end of the period covered by this report. Based on the foregoing, our Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer concluded, as of that time, that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

No changes to our internal control over financial reporting were identified that occurred during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On October 3, 2013, two pre-IPO investors filed a putative class action purportedly brought on behalf of the investors in Rexford Industrial Fund III ("RIF III") in the Los Angeles County Superior Court. On February 14, 2014, a First Amended Complaint was filed adding an additional individual pre-IPO investor and putative class claims on behalf of investors in Rexford Industrial Fund IV, LLC ("RIF IV"). This complaint also alleged that the communication of the proposed accommodation (in which Messrs. Schwimmer, Frankel and Ziman, together with certain other pre-IPO owners of the pre-IPO management companies agreed to return up to \$32.1 million that they received in connection with our IPO and formation transactions) was materially misleading by not including disclosures regarding the lawsuit and claims asserted by plaintiffs. On July 15, 2014, a Second Amended Complaint was filed withdrawing the class action allegations and the allegations concerning communication of the accommodation, and adding four additional plaintiff investors. Plaintiffs assert claims against the Company, RIF III, RIF IV, Rexford Industrial, LLC and Messrs. Schwimmer, Frankel and Ziman for breach of fiduciary duty, violation of certain California securities laws, negligent misrepresentation, and fraud. Plaintiffs allege, among other things, that the terms of the Company's formation transactions were unfair to investors in RIF III and RIF IV, that the consideration received by investors in RIF III and RIF IV in the formation transactions was inadequate, that the pre-IPO management companies were allocated unfair value in the formation transactions and that the disclosure documents related to the formation transactions were materially misleading. Plaintiffs also request to inspect the books and records of RIF III and RIF IV, which entities no longer exist, and further seek declaratory relief, unspecified recessionary damages, disgorgement, compensatory, punitive and exemplary damages, an accounting for unjust enrichment, and an award of costs including pre-judgment interest, attorneys' and experts' fees, and other unspecified relief. Defendants have answered the Second Amended Complaint denying all allegations and asserting affirmative defenses. While we believe that the action is without merit and intend to defend the litigation vigorously, we expect to incur costs associated with defending the action. At this early stage of the litigation, the ultimate outcome of the action is uncertain and we cannot reasonably assess the timing or outcome, or estimate the amount of loss, if any, or its effect, if any, on our financial statements.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors set forth in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit

- 3.1 Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Form S-11/A, filed by the registrant on July 15, 2013 (Registration No. 333-188806))
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of Form S-11/A, filed by the registrant on July 15, 2013 (Registration No. 333-188806))
- 4.1 Form of Certificate of Common Stock of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form S-11/A, filed by the registrant on July 15, 2013 (Registration No. 333-188806))
- 10.1 Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of June 11, 2014, among the Rexford Industrial Realty Inc., Rexford Industrial Realty, L.P., Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, swing line lender, and letter of credit issuer, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Bookrunners and the other parties named therein. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form8-K dated by the registrant on June 13, 2014)
- 10.2 Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of June 24, 2014, by and among Rexford Industrial SDLAOC, LLC, as borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, the Lenders referenced therein, and J.P. Morgan Securities, LLC, as Sole Bookrunner and Sole Lead Arranger. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Form8-K dated by the registrant on June 30, 2014)
- 10.3 Agreement of Purchase and Sale and Joint Escrow Instructions, dated as of May 19, 2014, among Westcore Cabot, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and Westcore Distribution, LLC, Westcore Distribution II, LLC, Westcore Hunter, LLC, Westcore Salt Lake Avenue, LLC, Westcore Valley, LLC, and Westcore Alton, LLC (all Delaware limited liability companies) and Rexford Industrial Realty, L.P., as amended on May 27, 2014, May 30, 2014, June 4, 2014, June 13, 2014 and June 24, 2014. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of the Form8-K/A dated by the registrant on July 2, 2014)
- 31.1* Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2* Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.3* Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1* Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2* Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.3* Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 101.1* + The registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited), (ii) Consolidated and Combined Statements of Operations (unaudited), (iii) Consolidated and Combined Statements of Changes in Equity (unaudited), (v) Consolidated and Combined Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) and (vi) the Notes to Consolidated and Combined Financial Statements (unaudited) that have been detail tagged.
- Filed herein
- + Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the XBRL information will not be deemed filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and will not be deemed filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, or otherwise subject to liability under those Sections.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto authorized.

August 11, 2014

August 11, 2014

August 11, 2014

Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.

/s/ Michael S. Frankel

Michael S. Frankel Co-Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Howard Schwimmer

Howard Schwimmer Co-Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Adeel Khan

Adeel Khan Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Michael S. Frankel, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 11, 2014

By: /s/ Michael S. Frankel

Michael S. Frankel Co-Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Howard Schwimmer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 11, 2014

By: /s/ Howard Schwimmer

Howard Schwimmer Co-Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Adeel Khan, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 11, 2014

By: /s/ Adeel Khan

Adeel Khan Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael S. Frankel, Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Michael S. Frankel

Michael S. Frankel Co-Chief Executive Officer August 11, 2014

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Howard Schwimmer, Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Howard Schwimmer

Howard Schwimmer Co-Chief Executive Officer August 11, 2014

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Adeel Khan, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Adeel Khan

Adeel Khan Chief Financial Officer August 11, 2014