

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2021
OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission File Number: 001-36008

Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

46-2024407

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

11620 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1000

Los Angeles

California

90025

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(310) 966-1680

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbols	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	REXR	New York Stock Exchange
5.875% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock	REXR-PB	New York Stock Exchange
5.625% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock	REXR-PC	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of common stock outstanding at October 21, 2021 was 151,487,390.

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.
QUARTERLY REPORT FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021
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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited and in thousands – except share and per share data)

	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
ASSETS		
Land	\$ 3,714,038	\$ 2,636,816
Buildings and improvements	2,466,435	2,201,187
Tenant improvements	124,156	84,462
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	132	132
Construction in progress	50,823	25,358
Total real estate held for investment	6,355,584	4,947,955
Accumulated depreciation	(452,019)	(375,423)
Investments in real estate, net	5,903,565	4,572,532
Cash and cash equivalents	60,154	176,293
Restricted cash	50	1,230
Rents and other receivables, net	9,863	10,208
Deferred rent receivable, net	55,726	40,893
Deferred leasing costs, net	33,531	23,148
Deferred loan costs, net	2,192	2,240
Acquired lease intangible assets, net	125,697	92,172
Acquired indefinite-lived intangible	5,156	5,156
Other assets	18,213	14,390
Acquisition related deposits	9,610	4,067
Assets associated with real estate held for sale	—	8,845
Total Assets	\$ 6,223,757	\$ 4,951,174
LIABILITIES & EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Notes payable	\$ 1,386,649	\$ 1,216,160
Interest rate swap liability	10,205	17,580
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	77,968	45,384
Dividends and distributions payable	37,970	29,747
Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net	111,444	67,256
Tenant security deposits	55,487	31,602
Prepaid rents	16,358	12,660
Liabilities associated with real estate held for sale	—	193
Total Liabilities	1,696,081	1,420,582
Equity		
Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 10,050,000 shares authorized:		
5.875% series A cumulative redeemable preferred stock, zero and 3,600,000 shares outstanding at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively (\$90,000 liquidation preference)	—	86,651
5.875% series B cumulative redeemable preferred stock, 3,000,000 shares outstanding at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 (\$75,000 liquidation preference)	72,443	72,443
5.625% series C cumulative redeemable preferred stock, 3,450,000 shares outstanding at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 (\$86,250 liquidation preference)	83,233	83,233
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 489,950,000 authorized and 151,444,908 and 131,426,038 shares outstanding at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively	1,514	1,313
Additional paid in capital	4,283,600	3,182,599
Cumulative distributions in excess of earnings	(187,510)	(163,389)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(13,234)	(17,709)
Total stockholders' equity	4,240,046	3,245,141
Noncontrolling interests	287,630	285,451
Total Equity	4,527,676	3,530,592
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 6,223,757	\$ 4,951,174

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited and in thousands – except share and per share data)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
REVENUES				
Rental income	\$ 115,260	\$ 83,622	\$ 319,140	\$ 240,882
Management, leasing and development services	136	118	350	325
Interest income	7	116	36	279
TOTAL REVENUES	115,403	83,856	319,526	241,486
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Property expenses	27,501	20,684	75,631	57,682
General and administrative	11,806	9,464	33,981	27,753
Depreciation and amortization	38,676	28,811	110,048	84,715
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	77,983	58,959	219,660	170,150
OTHER EXPENSES				
Acquisition expenses	4	70	35	89
Interest expense	10,427	7,299	29,772	22,176
TOTAL EXPENSES	88,414	66,328	249,467	192,415
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(505)	—	(505)	—
Gains on sale of real estate	13,702	13,669	27,312	13,669
NET INCOME	40,186	31,197	96,866	62,740
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(2,173)	(1,531)	(5,852)	(3,332)
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.	38,013	29,666	91,014	59,408
Less: preferred stock dividends	(2,976)	(3,636)	(10,249)	(10,909)
Less: original issuance costs of redeemed preferred stock	(3,349)	—	(3,349)	—
Less: earnings allocated to participating securities	(143)	(129)	(423)	(389)
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 31,545	\$ 25,901	\$ 76,993	\$ 48,110
Net income attributable to common stockholders per share - basic	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.40
Net income attributable to common stockholders per share - diluted	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.40
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - basic	138,762,384	123,548,978	134,922,168	119,153,997
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding - diluted	139,630,475	123,843,977	135,429,176	119,424,927

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(Unaudited and in thousands)

	Three Months Ended September		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Net income	\$ 40,186	\$ 31,197	\$ 96,866	\$ 62,740
Other comprehensive (loss) income: cash flow hedge adjustment	(900)	2,047	4,806	(13,147)
Comprehensive income	39,286	33,244	101,672	49,593
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(2,188)	(1,595)	(6,183)	(2,874)
Comprehensive income attributable to Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.	<u>\$ 37,098</u>	<u>\$ 31,649</u>	<u>\$ 95,489</u>	<u>\$ 46,719</u>

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REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(Unaudited and in thousands – except share data)

	Preferred Stock	Number of Common Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)	Total Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 242,327	137,727,998	\$ 1,377	\$ 3,499,623	\$ (182,851)	\$ (12,319)	\$ 3,548,157	\$ 284,615	\$ 3,832,772
Issuance of common stock	—	13,688,432	137	791,129	—	—	791,266	—	791,266
Offering costs	—	—	—	(8,552)	—	—	(8,552)	—	(8,552)
Share-based compensation	—	16,238	—	1,000	—	—	1,000	3,596	4,596
Shares acquired to satisfy employee tax withholding requirements on vesting restricted stock	—	(609)	—	(38)	—	—	(38)	—	(38)
Conversion of OP units to common stock	—	12,849	—	438	—	—	438	(438)	—
Net income	2,976	—	—	—	35,037	—	38,013	2,173	40,186
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	(915)	(915)	15	(900)
Redemption of 5.875% series A preferred stock	(86,651)	—	—	—	(3,349)	—	(90,000)	—	(90,000)
Preferred stock dividends (\$0.183594 per series A preferred share, \$0.367188 per series B preferred share and \$0.351563 per series C preferred share)	(2,976)	—	—	—	—	—	(2,976)	—	(2,976)
Preferred unit distributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(708)	(708)
Common stock dividends (\$0.24 per common share)	—	—	—	—	(36,347)	—	(36,347)	—	(36,347)
Distributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1,623)	(1,623)
Balance at September 30, 2021	<u>\$ 155,676</u>	<u>151,444,908</u>	<u>\$ 1,514</u>	<u>\$ 4,283,600</u>	<u>\$ (187,510)</u>	<u>\$ (13,234)</u>	<u>\$ 4,240,046</u>	<u>\$ 287,630</u>	<u>\$ 4,527,676</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Continued)
(Unaudited and in thousands – except share data)

	Preferred Stock	Number of Common Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Total Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 242,327	123,789,199	\$ 1,236	\$ 2,820,216	\$ (147,907)	\$ (22,214)	\$ 2,893,658	\$ 172,081	\$ 3,065,739
Issuance of common stock	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Offering costs	—	—	—	(23)	—	—	(23)	—	(23)
Share-based compensation	—	(5,187)	—	817	—	—	817	2,337	3,154
Shares acquired to satisfy employee tax withholding requirements on vesting restricted stock	—	(388)	—	(18)	—	—	(18)	—	(18)
Conversion of OP units to common stock	—	4,967	—	135	—	—	135	(135)	—
Net income	3,636	—	—	—	26,030	—	29,666	1,531	31,197
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	1,983	1,983	64	2,047
Preferred stock dividends (\$0.367188 per series A and series B preferred share and \$0.351563 per series C preferred share)	(3,636)	—	—	—	—	—	(3,636)	—	(3,636)
Preferred unit distributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(708)	(708)
Common stock dividends (\$0.215 per common share)	—	—	—	—	(26,615)	—	(26,615)	—	(26,615)
Distributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(917)	(917)
Balance at September 30, 2020	<u>\$ 242,327</u>	<u>123,788,591</u>	<u>\$ 1,236</u>	<u>\$ 2,821,127</u>	<u>\$ (148,492)</u>	<u>\$ (20,231)</u>	<u>\$ 2,895,967</u>	<u>\$ 174,253</u>	<u>\$ 3,070,220</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Continued)
(Unaudited and in thousands – except share data)

	Preferred Stock	Number of Common Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Total Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 242,327	131,426,038	\$ 1,313	\$ 3,182,599	\$ (163,389)	\$ (17,709)	\$ 3,245,141	\$ 285,451	\$ 3,530,592
Issuance of common stock	—	19,711,131	198	1,104,244	—	—	1,104,442	—	1,104,442
Offering costs	—	—	—	(12,284)	—	—	(12,284)	—	(12,284)
Share-based compensation	—	109,029	1	2,790	—	—	2,791	10,703	13,494
Shares acquired to satisfy employee tax withholding requirements on vesting restricted stock	—	(28,943)	—	(1,403)	—	—	(1,403)	—	(1,403)
Conversion of units to common stock	—	227,653	2	7,654	—	—	7,656	(7,656)	—
Net income	10,249	—	—	—	80,765	—	91,014	5,852	96,866
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	4,475	4,475	331	4,806
Redemption of 5.875% series A preferred stock	(86,651)	—	—	—	(3,349)	—	(90,000)	—	(90,000)
Preferred stock dividends (\$0.917970 per series A preferred share, \$1.101564 per series B preferred share and \$1.054689 per series C preferred share)	(10,249)	—	—	—	—	—	(10,249)	—	(10,249)
Preferred unit distributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,124)	(2,124)
Common stock dividends (\$0.72 per common share)	—	—	—	—	(101,537)	—	(101,537)	—	(101,537)
Distributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(4,927)	(4,927)
Balance at September 30, 2021	<u>\$ 155,676</u>	<u>151,444,908</u>	<u>\$ 1,514</u>	<u>\$ 4,283,600</u>	<u>\$ (187,510)</u>	<u>\$ (13,234)</u>	<u>\$ 4,240,046</u>	<u>\$ 287,630</u>	<u>\$ 4,527,676</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Continued)
(Unaudited and in thousands – except share data)

	Preferred Stock	Number of Common Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Cumulative Distributions in Excess of Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 242,327	113,793,300	\$ 1,136	\$ 2,439,007	\$ (118,751)	\$ (7,542)	\$ 2,556,177	\$ 66,272	\$ 2,622,449
Issuance of common stock	—	9,643,270	96	377,240	—	—	377,336	—	377,336
Offering costs	—	—	—	(2,977)	—	—	(2,977)	—	(2,977)
Issuance of OP Units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	67,482	67,482
Issuance of 4.00% cumulative redeemable convertible preferred units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	40,787	40,787
Share-based compensation	—	110,595	1	2,374	—	—	2,375	8,171	10,546
Shares acquired to satisfy employee tax withholding requirements on vesting restricted stock	—	(26,961)	—	(1,254)	—	—	(1,254)	—	(1,254)
Conversion of units to common stock	—	268,387	3	6,737	—	—	6,740	(6,740)	—
Net income	10,909	—	—	—	48,499	—	59,408	3,332	62,740
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	(12,689)	(12,689)	(458)	(13,147)
Preferred stock dividends (\$1.101564 per series A and series B preferred share and \$1.054689 per series C preferred share)	(10,909)	—	—	—	—	—	(10,909)	—	(10,909)
Preferred unit distributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1,838)	(1,838)
Common stock dividends (\$0.645 per share)	—	—	—	—	(78,240)	—	(78,240)	—	(78,240)
Distributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,755)	(2,755)
Balance at September 30, 2020	<u>\$ 242,327</u>	<u>123,788,591</u>	<u>\$ 1,236</u>	<u>\$ 2,821,127</u>	<u>\$ (148,492)</u>	<u>\$ (20,231)</u>	<u>\$ 2,895,967</u>	<u>\$ 174,253</u>	<u>\$ 3,070,220</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited and in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 96,866	\$ 62,740
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	110,048	84,715
Amortization of (below) above market lease intangibles, net	(9,289)	(7,822)
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1,402	1,097
Amortization of (premium) discount on notes payable, net	(34)	(141)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	505	—
Gain on sale of real estate	(27,312)	(13,669)
Equity based compensation expense	13,230	10,381
Straight-line rent	(14,904)	(10,972)
Payments for termination/settlement of interest rate derivatives	(4,045)	—
Amortization related to termination/settlement of interest rate derivatives	1,476	—
Change in working capital components:		
Rents and other receivables	475	337
Deferred leasing costs	(13,148)	(6,695)
Other assets	(4,190)	(2,997)
Sales-type lease receivable	—	20,302
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	21,764	10,040
Tenant security deposits	6,766	(1,997)
Prepaid rents	333	1,329
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>179,943</u>	<u>146,648</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Acquisition of investments in real estate	(1,316,905)	(188,134)
Capital expenditures	(71,588)	(57,531)
(Payments for) return of deposits on real estate acquisitions	(9,610)	875
Proceeds from sale of real estate	45,382	22,692
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(1,352,721)</u>	<u>(222,098)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Redemption of preferred stock	(90,000)	—
Issuance of common stock, net	1,092,158	374,359
Proceeds from borrowings	983,556	—
Repayment of borrowings	(813,682)	(430)
Debt issuance costs	(4,556)	(2,242)
Dividends paid to preferred stockholders	(10,249)	(10,909)
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(93,446)	(72,677)
Distributions paid to common unitholders	(4,795)	(2,410)
Distributions paid to preferred unitholders	(2,124)	(1,838)
Repurchase of common shares to satisfy employee tax withholding requirements	(1,403)	(1,254)
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>1,055,459</u>	<u>282,599</u>
Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(117,319)	207,149
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	177,523	78,857
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	<u>\$ 60,204</u>	<u>\$ 286,006</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest (net of capitalized interest of \$2,902 and \$3,106 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively)	\$ 26,152	\$ 22,950
Supplemental disclosure of noncash transactions:		
Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities	\$ —	\$ 1,353
Issuance of operating partnership units in connection with acquisition of real estate	\$ —	\$ 67,482
Issuance of 4.0% cumulative redeemable convertible preferred units in connection with acquisition of real estate	\$ —	\$ 40,787
Assumption of debt in connection with acquisition of real estate including loan premium	\$ 3,346	\$ 48,759
Accrual for capital expenditures	\$ 16,731	\$ 7,489
Accrual of dividends and distributions	\$ 37,970	\$ 27,532
Lease reclassification from operating lease to sales-type lease:		
Sales-type lease receivable	\$ —	\$ 20,302
Investments in real estate, net	—	(16,117)
Deferred rent receivable, net	—	(63)
Deferred leasing costs, net	—	(164)
Acquired lease intangible assets, net	—	(136)
Gain on sale recognized due to lease reclassification	\$ —	\$ 3,822

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



REXFORD INDUSTRIAL REALTY, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Organization

Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. is a self-administered and self-managed full-service real estate investment trust (“REIT”) focused on owning and operating industrial properties in Southern California infill markets. We were formed as a Maryland corporation on January 18, 2013, and Rexford Industrial Realty, L.P. (the “Operating Partnership”), of which we are the sole general partner, was formed as a Maryland limited partnership on January 18, 2013. Through our controlling interest in our Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries, we own, manage, lease, acquire and develop industrial real estate principally located in Southern California infill markets, and, from time to time, acquire or provide mortgage debt secured by industrial property. As of September 30, 2021, our consolidated portfolio consisted of 278 properties with approximately 34.9 million rentable square feet. In addition, we currently manage 20 properties with approximately 1.0 million rentable square feet.

The terms “us,” “we,” “our,” and the “Company” as used in these financial statements refer to Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and its subsidiaries (including our Operating Partnership).

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

As of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the financial statements presented are the consolidated financial statements of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and its subsidiaries, including our Operating Partnership. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Under consolidation guidance, we have determined that our Operating Partnership is a variable interest entity because the holders of limited partnership interests do not have substantive kick-out rights or participating rights. Furthermore, we are the primary beneficiary of the Operating Partnership because we have the obligation to absorb losses and the right to receive benefits from the Operating Partnership and the exclusive power to direct the activities of the Operating Partnership. As of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the assets and liabilities of the Company and the Operating Partnership are substantially the same, as the Company does not have any significant assets other than its investment in the Operating Partnership.

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) may have been condensed or omitted pursuant to SEC rules and regulations, although we believe that the disclosures are adequate to make their presentation not misleading. The accompanying unaudited financial statements include, in our opinion, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial information set forth therein. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2021. The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the notes thereto.

Any references to the number of properties and square footage are unaudited and outside the scope of our independent registered public accounting firm’s review of our financial statements in accordance with the standards of the United States Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash and liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less. The carrying amount approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of these investments.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash is comprised of escrow reserves that we are required to set aside for future costs as required by certain agreements with our lenders, and from time to time, includes cash proceeds from property sales that are being held by qualified intermediaries for purposes of facilitating tax-deferred like-kind exchanges under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

Restricted cash balances are included with cash and cash equivalents balances as of the beginning and ending of each period presented in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The following table provides a reconciliation of our cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at the beginning and end of the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 176,293	\$ 78,857
Restricted cash	1,230	—
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	\$ 177,523	\$ 78,857
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 60,154	\$ 243,619
Restricted cash	50	42,387
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 60,204	\$ 286,006

Investments in Real Estate

Acquisitions

We account for acquisitions of properties under Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2017-01, Business Combinations - Clarifying the Definition of a Business, which provides a framework for determining whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions of assets or businesses and further revises the definition of a business. Our acquisitions of properties generally no longer meet the revised definition of a business and accordingly are accounted for as asset acquisitions.

For asset acquisitions, we allocate the cost of the acquisition, which includes the purchase price and associated acquisition transaction costs, to the individual assets acquired and liabilities assumed on a relative fair value basis. These individual assets and liabilities typically include land, building and improvements, tenant improvements, intangible assets and liabilities related to above- and below-market leases, intangible assets related to in-place leases, and from time to time, assumed mortgage debt. As there is no measurement period concept for an asset acquisition, the allocated cost of the acquired assets is finalized in the period in which the acquisition occurs.

We determine the fair value of the tangible assets of an acquired property by valuing the property as if it were vacant. This “as-if vacant” value is estimated using an income, or discounted cash flow, approach that relies upon Level 3 inputs, which are unobservable inputs based on the Company’s assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use. These Level 3 inputs include discount rates, capitalization rates, market rents and comparable sales data for similar properties. Estimates of future cash flows are based on a number of factors including historical operating results, known and anticipated trends, and market and economic conditions. In determining the “as-if-vacant” value for the properties we acquired during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we used discount rates ranging from 5.00% to 7.75% and exit capitalization rates ranging from 4.00% to 6.50%.

In determining the fair value of intangible lease assets or liabilities, we also consider Level 3 inputs. Acquired above- and below-market leases are valued based on the present value of the difference between prevailing market rates and the in-place rates measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the lease for above-market leases and the initial term plus the term of any below-market fixed rate renewal options for below-market leases, if applicable. The estimated fair value of acquired in-place at-market tenant leases are the estimated costs that would have been incurred to lease the property to the occupancy level of the property at the date of acquisition. We consider estimated costs such as the value associated with leasing commissions, legal and other costs, as well as the estimated period of time necessary to lease such a property to its

occupancy level at the time of its acquisition. In determining the fair value of acquisitions completed during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we used an estimated average lease-up period ranging from six months to twelve months.

The difference between the fair value and the face value of debt assumed, if any, in connection with an acquisition is recorded as a premium or discount and amortized to “interest expense” over the life of the debt assumed. The valuation of assumed liabilities are based on our estimate of the current market rates for similar liabilities in effect at the acquisition date. In determining the fair value of debt assumed during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we used an estimated market interest rate of 3.75%.

Capitalization of Costs

We capitalize direct costs incurred in developing, renovating, rehabilitating and improving real estate assets as part of the investment basis. This includes certain general and administrative costs, including payroll, bonus and non-cash equity compensation of the personnel performing redevelopment, renovations and rehabilitation if such costs are identifiable to a specific activity to get the real estate asset ready for its intended use. During the redevelopment and construction periods of a project, we also capitalize interest, real estate taxes and insurance costs. We cease capitalization of costs upon substantial completion of the project, but no later than one year from cessation of major construction activity. If some portions of a project are substantially complete and ready for use and other portions have not yet reached that stage, we cease capitalizing costs on the completed portion of the project but continue to capitalize for the incomplete portion of the project. Costs incurred in making repairs and maintaining real estate assets are expensed as incurred.

We capitalized interest costs of \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$2.9 million and \$3.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020. We capitalized real estate taxes and insurance costs aggregating \$0.7 million and \$0.4 million during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$1.5 million and \$1.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. We capitalized compensation costs for employees who provide construction services of \$1.5 million and \$1.0 million during the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$4.2 million and \$3.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Depreciation and Amortization

Real estate, including land, building and land improvements, tenant improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and intangible lease assets and liabilities are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization, unless circumstances indicate that the cost cannot be recovered, in which case, the carrying value of the property is reduced to estimated fair value as discussed below in our policy with regard to impairment of long-lived assets. We estimate the depreciable portion of our real estate assets and related useful lives in order to record depreciation expense.

The values allocated to buildings, site improvements, in-place lease intangibles and tenant improvements are depreciated on a straight-line basis using an estimated remaining life of 10-30 years for buildings, 5-20 years for site improvements, and the shorter of the estimated useful life or respective lease term for in-place lease intangibles and tenant improvements.

As discussed above in—*Investments in Real Estate—Acquisitions*, in connection with property acquisitions, we may acquire leases with rental rates above or below the market rental rates. Such differences are recorded as an acquired lease intangible asset or liability and amortized to “rental income” over the remaining term of the related leases.

Our estimate of the useful life of our assets is evaluated upon acquisition and when circumstances indicate that a change in the useful life has occurred, which requires significant judgment regarding the economic obsolescence of tangible and intangible assets.

Assets Held for Sale

We classify a property as held for sale when all of the criteria set forth in the Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 360: Property, Plant and Equipment (“ASC 360”) have been met. The criteria are as follows: (i) management, having the authority to approve the action, commits to a plan to sell the property; (ii) the property is available for immediate sale in its present condition, subject only to terms that are usual and customary; (iii) an active program to locate a buyer and other actions required to complete the plan to sell have been initiated; (iv) the sale of the property is probable and is expected to be completed within one year; (v) the property is being actively marketed for sale at a price that is reasonable in relation to its current fair value; and (vi) actions necessary to complete the plan of sale indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn. At the time we classify a property as held for sale, we cease recording depreciation and amortization. A property classified as held for sale is measured and reported at the lower of its carrying amount or its estimated fair value less cost to sell. As of September 30, 2021, we did not have any properties classified as held

for sale. As of December 31, 2020, our property located at 14723-14825.25 Oxnard Street was classified as held for sale. See Note 3.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with the provisions of the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets Subsections of ASC 360, we assess the carrying values of our respective long-lived assets, including goodwill, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of these assets may not be fully recoverable.

Recoverability of real estate assets is measured by comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to the estimated future undiscounted cash flows. To review real estate assets for recoverability, we consider current market conditions as well as our intent with respect to holding or disposing of the asset. The intent with regards to the underlying assets might change as market conditions and other factors change. Fair value is determined through various valuation techniques including discounted cash flow models, applying a capitalization rate to estimated net operating income of a property, quoted market values and third-party appraisals, where considered necessary. The use of projected future cash flows is based on assumptions that are consistent with estimates of future expectations and the strategic plan used to manage our underlying business. If our analysis indicates that the carrying value of the real estate asset is not recoverable on an undiscounted cash flow basis, we will recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the current estimated fair value of the real estate property.

Assumptions and estimates used in the recoverability analyses for future cash flows, discount rates and capitalization rates are complex and subjective. Changes in economic and operating conditions or our intent with respect to our investment that occur subsequent to our impairment analyses could impact these assumptions and result in future impairment of our real estate properties. There were no impairment charges recorded to the carrying value of our properties during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Income Taxes

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Code commencing with our initial taxable year ended December 31, 2013. To qualify as a REIT, we are required (among other things) to distribute at least 90% of our REIT taxable income to our stockholders and meet the various other requirements imposed by the Code relating to matters such as operating results, asset holdings, distribution levels and diversity of stock ownership. Provided we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we are generally not subject to corporate-level income tax on the earnings distributed currently to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year and were unable to avail ourselves of certain savings provisions set forth in the Code, all of our taxable income would be subject to federal corporate income tax, including any applicable alternative minimum tax.

In addition, we are subject to taxation by various state and local jurisdictions, including those in which we transact business or reside. Our non-taxable REIT subsidiaries, including our Operating Partnership, are either partnerships or disregarded entities for federal income tax purposes. Under applicable federal and state income tax rules, the allocated share of net income or loss from disregarded entities and flow-through entities such as partnerships is reportable in the income tax returns of the respective equity holders. Accordingly, no income tax provision is included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

We periodically evaluate our tax positions to determine whether it is more likely than not that such positions would be sustained upon examination by a tax authority for all open tax years, as defined by the statute of limitations, based on their technical merits. As of September 30, 2021, and December 31, 2020, we have not established a liability for uncertain tax positions.

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

ASC Topic 815: Derivatives and Hedging ("ASC 815"), provides the disclosure requirements for derivatives and hedging activities with the intent to provide users of financial statements with an enhanced understanding of: (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (b) how the entity accounts for derivative instruments and related hedged items, and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Further, qualitative disclosures are required that explain the Company's objectives and strategies for using derivatives, as well as quantitative disclosures about the fair value of and gains and losses on derivative instruments, and disclosures about credit-risk-related contingent features in derivative instruments.

As required by ASC 815, we record all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on the intended use of the derivative, and whether we have elected to designate a derivative in a hedging relationship and apply hedge accounting and whether the hedging relationship has satisfied the criteria

necessary to apply hedge accounting. Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset, liability, or firm commitment attributable to a particular risk, such as interest rate risk, are considered fair value hedges. Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows, or other types of forecasted transactions, are considered cash flow hedges. Hedge accounting generally provides for the matching of the timing of gain or loss recognition on the hedging instrument with the recognition of the changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk in a fair value hedge or the earnings effect of the hedged forecasted transactions in a cash flow hedge. We may enter into derivative contracts that are intended to economically hedge certain risks, even though hedge accounting does not apply or we elect not to apply hedge accounting. See Note 7.

Revenue Recognition

Our primary sources of revenue are rental income, management, leasing and development services and gains on sale of real estate.

Rental Income

We lease industrial space to tenants primarily under non-cancelable operating leases that generally contain provisions for minimum base rents plus reimbursement for certain operating expenses. Total minimum annual lease payments are recognized in rental income on a straight-line basis over the term of the related lease, regardless of when payments are contractually due, when collectability is probable. Rental revenue recognition commences when the tenant takes possession or controls the physical use of the leased space. Lease termination fees, which are included in rental income, are recognized when the related leases are canceled and we have no continuing obligation to provide services to such former tenants.

Our lease agreements with tenants generally contain provisions that require tenants to reimburse us for certain property expenses. Estimated reimbursements from tenants for these property expenses, which include real estate taxes, insurance, common area maintenance and other recoverable operating expenses, are recognized as revenues in the period that the expenses are incurred. Subsequent to year-end, we perform final reconciliations on a lease-by-lease basis and bill or credit each tenant for any cumulative annual adjustments. As the timing and pattern of revenue recognition is the same, rents and tenant reimbursements are treated as a combined lease component and presented as a single line item "Rental income" in our consolidated statements of operations.

We record revenues and expenses on a gross basis for lessor costs (which include real estate taxes) when these costs are reimbursed to us by our tenants. Conversely, we record revenues and expenses on a net basis for lessor costs when they are paid by our tenants directly to the taxing authorities on our behalf.

COVID-19 Lease Concessions

From March 2020 through December 2020, we received rent relief requests from a number of tenants claiming impacts from COVID-19, many of whom we believe may have made such rent relief requests in response to local California governmental moratoriums on commercial tenant evictions and provisions enabling commercial tenants to defer rent. In response to these requests, during 2020 we granted the following forms of rent relief to certain tenants: (a) application of security deposits to contractual base rent, (b) acceleration of future rent concessions in the original lease contract to cover contractual base rent and (c) deferral of contractual base rent with a typical deferral period of approximately one to two months and repayment that was generally scheduled to begin in the third or fourth quarter of 2020.

Pursuant to a FASB issued question-and-answer document which addressed frequently asked questions about accounting for concessions related to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, we elected to forgo the evaluation of the enforceable rights and obligations of our lease contracts and elected to account for each rent relief agreement granting lease concessions in the form of accelerated future rent concessions and/or rent deferrals as a lease modification under ASC 842. As these lease concessions generally have not substantially changed the amount of consideration in the original lease contract (only the timing of lease payments has changed), these lease concessions have not had a material impact on our consolidated financial statements to date.

During 2020, we deferred \$4.6 million of contractual base rent payments which represented approximately 1.4% of our total consolidated rental income for 2020. As of September 30, 2021, we have collected approximately \$4.2 million, or 98.0%, of the deferred payments due as of September 30, 2021. Additionally, as of September 30, 2021, we had \$0.3 million of outstanding deferred payments, of which \$0.1 million is due through the remainder of 2021.

Management, leasing and development services

We provide property management services and leasing services to related party and third-party property owners, the customer, in exchange for fees and commissions. Property management services include performing property inspections,

monitoring repairs and maintenance, negotiating vendor contracts, maintaining tenant relations and providing financial and accounting oversight. For these services, we earn monthly management fees, which are based on a fixed percentage of each managed property's monthly tenant cash receipts. We have determined that control over the services is passed to the customer simultaneously as performance occurs. Accordingly, management fee revenue is earned as the services are provided to our customers.

Leasing commissions are earned when we provide leasing services that result in an executed lease with a tenant. We have determined that control over the services is transferred to the customer upon execution of each lease agreement. We earn leasing commissions based on a fixed percentage of rental income generated for each executed lease agreement and there is no variable income component.

Gain or Loss on Sale of Real Estate

We account for dispositions of real estate properties, which are considered nonfinancial assets, in accordance with ASC 610-20: Other Income—Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets and recognize a gain or loss on sale of real estate upon transferring control of the nonfinancial asset to the purchaser, which is generally satisfied at the time of sale. If we were to conduct a partial sale of real estate by transferring a controlling interest in a nonfinancial asset, while retaining a noncontrolling ownership interest, we would measure any noncontrolling interest received or retained at fair value, and recognize a full gain or loss. If we receive consideration before transferring control of a nonfinancial asset, we recognize a contract liability. If we transfer control of the asset before consideration is received, we recognize a contract asset.

When leases contain purchase options, we assess the probability that the tenant will execute the purchase option both at lease commencement and at the time the tenant communicates its intent to exercise the purchase option. If we determine the exercise of the purchase option is reasonably certain, we will account for the lease as a sales-type lease and derecognize the associated real estate assets on our balance sheet and record a gain or loss on sale of real estate.

Valuation of Operating Lease Receivables

We may be subject to tenant defaults and bankruptcies that could affect the collection of outstanding receivables related to our operating leases. In order to mitigate these risks, we perform credit reviews and analyses on prospective tenants before significant leases are executed and on existing tenants before properties are acquired. On a quarterly basis, we perform an assessment of the collectability of operating lease receivables on a tenant-by-tenant basis, which includes reviewing the age and nature of our receivables, the payment history and financial condition of the tenant, our assessment of the tenant's ability to meet its lease obligations and the status of negotiations of any disputes with the tenant. For all periods subsequent to March 2020, our assessment has specifically included the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, including but not limited to tenants who have requested and/or received rent relief as further described above under "—COVID-19 Lease Concessions." Any changes in the collectability assessment for an operating lease is recognized as an adjustment, which can be a reduction or increase, to rental income in the consolidated statements of operations. As a result of our quarterly collectability assessments, we recognized \$0.1 million as a net increase adjustment to rental income and \$1.5 million as a net reduction adjustment to rental income for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$0.5 million and \$2.9 million as a net reduction adjustment to rental income for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, in the consolidated statements of operations.

Deferred Leasing Costs

We capitalize the incremental direct costs of originating a lease that would not have been incurred had the lease not been executed. As a result, deferred leasing costs will generally only include third-party broker commissions.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability are presented in the balance sheet as a reduction from the carrying value of the debt liability. This offset against the debt liability is treated similarly to a debt discount, which effectively reduces the proceeds of a borrowing. For line of credit arrangements, we present debt issuance costs as an asset and amortize the cost over the term of the line of credit arrangement. See Note 5.

Equity Based Compensation

We account for equity-based compensation in accordance with ASC Topic 718: Compensation - Stock Compensation. Total compensation cost for all share-based awards is based on the estimated fair market value on the grant date. For share-based awards that vest based solely on a service condition, we recognize compensation cost on a straight-line basis over the total requisite service period for the entire award. For share-based awards that vest based on a market condition, we recognize compensation cost on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of each separately vesting tranche. For share-based awards that vest based on a performance condition, we recognize compensation cost based on the number of awards that are expected to vest based on the probable outcome of the performance condition. Compensation cost for these awards will be adjusted to reflect the number of awards that ultimately vest. Forfeitures are recognized in the period in which they occur. See Note 12.

Equity Offerings

Underwriting commissions and offering costs incurred in connection with common stock offerings and our at-the-market equity offering program have been reflected as a reduction of additional paid-in capital. Underwriting commissions and offering costs related to our preferred stock issuances have been reflected as a direct reduction of the preferred stock balance.

Sales of our common stock under forward equity sale agreements (as discussed in Note 11) meet the derivatives and hedging guidance scope exception to be accounted for as equity instruments based on the following assessment: (i) none of the agreements' exercise contingencies were based on observable markets or indices besides those related to the market for our own stock price and operations; and (ii) none of the settlement provisions precluded the agreements from being indexed to our own stock.

Earnings Per Share

We calculate earnings per share ("EPS") in accordance with ASC 260 - Earnings Per Share ("ASC 260"). Under ASC 260, unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends are participating securities and, therefore, are included in the computation of basic EPS pursuant to the two-class method. The two-class method determines EPS for each class of common stock and participating securities according to dividends declared (or accumulated) and their respective participation rights in undistributed earnings.

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding determined for the basic EPS computation plus the potential effect of any dilutive securities including shares issuable under forward equity sale agreements and unvested share-based awards under the treasury stock method. We include unvested shares of restricted stock and unvested LTIP units in the computation of diluted EPS by using the more dilutive of the two-class method or treasury stock method. We include unvested performance units as contingently issuable shares in the computation of diluted EPS once the market criteria are met, assuming that the end of the reporting period is the end of the contingency period. Any anti-dilutive securities are excluded from the diluted EPS calculation. See Note 13.

Segment Reporting

Management views the Company as a single reportable segment based on its method of internal reporting in addition to its allocation of capital and resources.

Leases as a Lessee

We determine if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating lease right-of-use assets (“ROU assets”) are included in “Other assets” and lease liabilities are included in “Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities” in our consolidated balance sheets. ROU assets represent our right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. Because our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives. Our lease terms may include options to extend the lease when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Additionally, for our operating leases, we do not separate non-lease components, such as common area maintenance, from associated lease components. See Note 6.

Reference Rate Reform

On March 12, 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting (“ASU 2020-04”). ASU 2020-04 contains practical expedients for reference rate reform related activities that impact debt, leases, derivatives and other contracts. The guidance in ASU 2020-04 is optional and may be elected over time as reference rate reform activities occur. During the first quarter of 2020, we elected to apply the hedge accounting expedients related to probability and the assessments of effectiveness for future LIBOR-indexed cash flows to assume that the index upon which future hedged transactions will be based matches the index on the corresponding derivatives. Application of these expedients preserves the presentation of derivatives in our financial statements consistent with past presentation. We continue to evaluate the impact of the guidance and may apply other elections as applicable as additional changes in the market occur.

3. Investments in Real Estate

Acquisitions

The following table summarizes the wholly-owned industrial properties we acquired during the nine months ended September 30, 2021:

Property	Submarket	Date of Acquisition	Rentable Square Feet	Number of Buildings	Contractual Purchase Price ⁽¹⁾ (in thousands)
15010 Don Julian Road ⁽²⁾	Los Angeles - San Gabriel Valley	1/5/2021	92,925	1	\$ 22,200
5002-5018 Lindsay Court	San Bernardino - Inland Empire West	1/11/2021	64,960	1	12,650
514 East C Street ⁽³⁾	Los Angeles - South Bay	1/14/2021	3,436	1	9,950
17907-18001 Figueroa Street	Los Angeles - South Bay	1/26/2021	74,810	6	20,200
7817 Woodley Avenue ⁽⁴⁾	Los Angeles - San Fernando Valley	1/27/2021	36,900	1	9,963
8888-8892 Balboa Avenue ⁽²⁾	San Diego - Central	2/4/2021	86,637	2	19,800
9920-10020 Pioneer Boulevard	Los Angeles - Mid-Counties	2/19/2021	157,669	7	23,500
2553 Garfield Avenue	Los Angeles - Central	3/19/2021	25,615	1	3,900
6655 East 26th Street	Los Angeles - Central	3/19/2021	47,500	1	6,500
560 Main Street	Orange County - North	3/19/2021	17,000	1	2,600
4225 Etiwanda Avenue	San Bernardino - Inland Empire West	3/23/2021	134,500	1	32,250
12118 Bloomfield Avenue ⁽²⁾	Los Angeles - Mid-Counties	4/14/2021	63,000	4	16,650
256 Alondra Boulevard ⁽³⁾	Los Angeles - South Bay	4/15/2021	2,456	1	11,250
19007 Reyes Avenue ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Los Angeles - South Bay	4/23/2021	—	—	16,350
19431 Santa Fe Avenue ⁽³⁾	Los Angeles - South Bay	4/30/2021	14,793	3	10,500
4621 Guasti Road	San Bernardino - Inland Empire West	5/21/2021	64,512	1	13,335
12838 Saticoy Street	Los Angeles - San Fernando Valley	6/15/2021	100,390	1	27,250
19951 Mariner Avenue	Los Angeles - South Bay	6/15/2021	89,272	1	27,400
East 12th Street	Los Angeles - Central	6/17/2021	257,976	4	93,600
29120 Commerce Center Drive	Los Angeles - San Fernando Valley	6/22/2021	135,258	1	27,052
20304 Alameda Street	Los Angeles - South Bay	6/24/2021	77,758	2	13,500
4181 Ruffin Road	San Diego - Central	7/8/2021	150,144	1	35,750
12017 Greenstone Avenue ⁽³⁾	Los Angeles - Mid-Counties	7/16/2021	—	1	13,500
1901 Via Burton ⁽²⁾	Orange County - North	7/26/2021	—	1	24,211
1555 Cucamonga Avenue	San Bernardino - Inland Empire West	8/4/2021	107,023	2	21,000
1800 Lomita Boulevard ⁽³⁾	Los Angeles - South Bay	8/6/2021	—	—	70,000
8210-8240 Haskell Avenue	Los Angeles - San Fernando Valley	8/17/2021	53,248	3	12,425
3100 Lomita Boulevard	Los Angeles - South Bay	8/20/2021	575,976	5	202,469 ⁽⁵⁾
2401-2421 Glassell Street	Orange County - North	8/25/2021	191,127	4	70,025
2390-2444 American Way ⁽²⁾	Orange County - North	8/26/2021	—	—	16,700
500 Dupont Avenue	San Bernardino - Inland Empire West	8/26/2021	276,000	1	58,500
1801 St. Andrew Place	Orange County - Airport	9/10/2021	370,374	1	105,300
5772 Jurupa Street	San Bernardino - Inland Empire West	9/17/2021	360,000	1	54,000
2500 Victoria Street ⁽³⁾	Los Angeles - South Bay	9/30/2021	—	—	232,067 ⁽⁶⁾
Total 2021 Wholly-Owned Property Acquisitions			3,631,259	61	\$ 1,336,347

- (1) Represents the gross contractual purchase price before prorations, closing costs and other acquisition related costs. Each acquisition was funded with available cash on hand unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Represents acquisition of a current or near-term redevelopment site.
- (3) Represents acquisition of an industrial outdoor storage site.
- (4) The acquisition of 7817 Woodley Avenue was funded through a combination of cash on hand and the assumption of \$3.2 million of debt. This property is the remaining asset in the Van Nuys Airport Industrial Center Portfolio that we acquired in December 2020.
- (5) In connection with the acquisition of 3100 Lomita Boulevard, we prepaid an existing loan on the property and incurred a \$20.4 million prepayment fee at closing. The acquisition price in the table above reflects this prepayment fee in addition to the \$182.0 million contractual purchase price.
- (6) In connection with the acquisition of 2500 Victoria Street, we entered into a long-term sale lease-back agreement with the seller/tenant. At the end of the lease, the tenant will be required to restore the site by removing all above and below ground improvements to prepare the property for subsequent development by us. The acquisition price in the table above reflects the \$217.1 million contractual purchase price plus additional consideration of \$15.0 million, which is payable to the tenant at the end of the lease, subject to the tenant completing its restoration obligations under the lease. The \$15.0 million has been recorded in security deposits in the consolidated balance sheets.

The following table summarizes the fair value of amounts allocated to each major class of asset and liability for the acquisitions noted in the table above, as of the date of each acquisition (in thousands):

	2021 Acquisitions
Assets:	
Land	\$ 1,082,342
Buildings and improvements	228,572
Tenant improvements	34,880
Acquired lease intangible assets ⁽¹⁾	56,704
Other acquired assets ⁽²⁾	416
Total assets acquired	1,402,914
Liabilities:	
Acquired lease intangible liabilities ⁽³⁾	54,791
Notes payable ⁽⁴⁾	3,346
Other assumed liabilities ⁽²⁾	23,805
Total liabilities assumed	81,942
Net assets acquired	\$ 1,320,972

- (1) Acquired lease intangible assets is comprised of \$52.6 million of in-place lease intangibles with a weighted average amortization period of 7.8 years and \$4.1 million of above-market lease intangibles with a weighted average amortization period of 9.1 years.
- (2) Includes other working capital assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the time of acquisition.
- (3) Represents below-market lease intangibles with a weighted average amortization period of 8.3 years.
- (4) In connection with the acquisition of one property, we assumed a mortgage loan from the seller. At the date of acquisition, the loan had a fair value of \$3.3 million and a principal balance of \$3.2 million.

Dispositions

The following table summarizes information related to the properties that we sold during the nine months ended September 30, 2021.

Property	Submarket	Date of Disposition	Rentable Square Feet	Contractual Sales Price ⁽¹⁾ (in thousands)	Gain Recorded (in thousands)
14723-14825.25 Oxnard Street	Los Angeles - San Fernando Valley	2/12/2021	77,790	\$ 19,250	\$ 9,906
6760 Central Avenue, Unit B	San Bernardino - Inland Empire East	3/15/2021	9,943	1,530	954
11529-11547 Tuxford Street	Los Angeles - San Fernando Valley	5/20/2021	29,730	8,176	2,750
5803 Newton Drive	San Diego - North	9/15/2021	71,602	18,600	13,702
Total			189,065	\$ 47,556	\$ 27,312

(1) Represents the gross contractual sales price before commissions, prorations, credits and other closing costs.

Real Estate Held for Sale

As of December 31, 2020, our property located at 14723-14825.25 Oxnard Street in Van Nuys, California was classified as held for sale. As of September 30, 2021, we did not have any properties classified as held for sale.

The following table summarizes the major classes of assets and liabilities associated with real estate property classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2020 (dollars in thousands).

	December 31, 2020
Land	\$ 4,458
Building and improvements	5,452
Tenant improvements	443
Real estate held for sale	10,353
Accumulated depreciation	(1,548)
Real estate held for sale, net	8,805
Other assets associated with real estate held for sale	40
Total assets associated with real estate held for sale, net	\$ 8,845
Tenant security deposits	\$ 137
Other liabilities associated with real estate held for sale	56
Total liabilities associated with real estate held for sale	\$ 193

4. Acquired Lease Intangibles

The following table summarizes our acquired lease intangible assets, including the value of in-place tenant leases and above-market tenant leases, and our acquired lease intangible liabilities which includes below-market tenant leases (in thousands):

	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Acquired Lease Intangible Assets:		
In-place lease intangibles	\$ 243,012	\$ 193,653
Accumulated amortization	(128,401)	(109,789)
In-place lease intangibles, net	\$ 114,611	\$ 83,864
Above-market tenant leases	\$ 21,006	\$ 17,079
Accumulated amortization	(9,920)	(8,771)
Above-market tenant leases, net	\$ 11,086	\$ 8,308
Acquired lease intangible assets, net	\$ 125,697	\$ 92,172
Acquired Lease Intangible Liabilities:		
Below-market tenant leases	\$ (154,715)	\$ (101,297)
Accumulated accretion	43,271	34,041
Below-market tenant leases, net	\$ (111,444)	\$ (67,256)
Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net	\$ (111,444)	\$ (67,256)

The following table summarizes the amortization related to our acquired lease intangible assets and liabilities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
In-place lease intangibles ⁽¹⁾	\$ 7,159	\$ 5,537	\$ 21,856	\$ 17,111
Net below-market tenant leases ⁽²⁾	\$ (3,191)	\$ (2,750)	\$ (9,289)	\$ (7,822)

- (1) The amortization of in-place lease intangibles is recorded to depreciation and amortization expense in the consolidated statements of operations for the periods presented.
- (2) The amortization of net below-market tenant leases is recorded as an increase to rental income in the consolidated statements of operations for the periods presented.

5. Notes Payable

The following table summarizes the components and significant terms of our indebtedness as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	Margin Above LIBOR	Interest Rate ⁽¹⁾	Contractual Maturity Date
Unsecured and Secured Debt					
Unsecured Debt:					
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ —	\$ —	0.850 % ⁽²⁾	0.930 % ⁽³⁾	2/13/2024 ⁽⁴⁾
\$225M Term Loan Facility	—	225,000	n/a	n/a	1/14/2023
\$150M Term Loan Facility	150,000	150,000	0.950 % ⁽²⁾	3.713 % ⁽⁵⁾	5/22/2025
\$100M Notes	100,000	100,000	n/a	4.290 %	8/6/2025
\$125M Notes	125,000	125,000	n/a	3.930 %	7/13/2027
\$25M Series 2019A Notes	25,000	25,000	n/a	3.880 %	7/16/2029
\$400M Senior Notes due 2030	400,000	400,000	n/a	2.125 %	12/1/2030
\$400M Senior Notes due 2031	400,000	—	n/a	2.150 %	9/1/2031
\$75M Series 2019B Notes	75,000	75,000	n/a	4.030 %	7/16/2034
Total Unsecured Debt	\$ 1,275,000	\$ 1,100,000			
Secured Debt:					
2601-2641 Manhattan Beach Boulevard ⁽⁶⁾	\$ 3,980	\$ 4,065	n/a	4.080 %	4/5/2023
\$60M Term Loan ⁽⁷⁾	58,304	58,499	1.70 %	1.780 %	8/1/2023 ⁽⁷⁾
960-970 Knox Street ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁸⁾	2,422	2,488	n/a	5.000 %	11/1/2023
7612-7642 Woodwind Drive ⁽⁶⁾	3,829	3,895	n/a	5.240 %	1/5/2024
11600 Los Nietos Road ⁽⁶⁾	2,667	2,785	n/a	4.190 %	5/1/2024
5160 Richton Street ⁽⁶⁾	4,301	4,387	n/a	3.790 %	11/15/2024
22895 Eastpark Drive ⁽⁶⁾	2,699	2,749	n/a	4.330 %	11/15/2024
701-751 Kingshill Place ⁽⁹⁾	7,100	7,100	n/a	3.900 %	1/5/2026
13943-13955 Balboa Boulevard ⁽⁶⁾	15,406	15,661	n/a	3.930 %	7/1/2027
2205 126th Street ⁽¹⁰⁾	5,200	5,200	n/a	3.910 %	12/1/2027
2410-2420 Santa Fe Avenue ⁽¹⁰⁾	10,300	10,300	n/a	3.700 %	1/1/2028
11832-11954 La Cienega Boulevard ⁽⁶⁾	4,019	4,072	n/a	4.260 %	7/1/2028
Gilbert/La Palma ⁽⁶⁾	2,163	2,293	n/a	5.125 %	3/1/2031
7817 Woodley Avenue ⁽⁶⁾	3,162	—	n/a	4.140 %	8/1/2039
Total Secured Debt	\$ 125,552	\$ 123,494			
Total Unsecured and Secured Debt	\$ 1,400,552	\$ 1,223,494			
Less: Unamortized premium/discount and debt issuance costs ⁽¹¹⁾	(13,903)	(7,334)			
Total	\$ 1,386,649	\$ 1,216,160			

- (1) Reflects the contractual interest rate under the terms of each loan as of September 30, 2021 and includes the effect of interest rate swaps that were effective as of September 30, 2021. See footnote (5) below. Excludes the effect of unamortized debt issuance costs and unamortized fair market value premiums and discounts.
- (2) The interest rates on these loans are comprised of LIBOR plus a LIBOR margin. The LIBOR margins will range from 0.725% to 1.400% per annum for the unsecured revolving credit facility and 0.80% to 1.60% per annum for the \$150.0 million term loan facility, depending on our investment grade rating, which may change from time to time.

- (3) The unsecured revolving credit facility is subject to an applicable facility fee which is calculated as a percentage of the total lenders' commitment amount, regardless of usage. The applicable facility fee will range from 0.125% to 0.300% per annum depending upon our investment grade rating.
- (4) Two additional six-month extensions are available at the borrower's option, subject to certain terms and conditions.
- (5) As of September 30, 2021, interest on the \$150 million term loan facility has been effectively fixed through the use of interest rate swaps. See Note 7 for details related to our interest rate swaps.
- (6) Fixed monthly payments of interest and principal until maturity as follows: 2601-2641 Manhattan Beach Boulevard (\$23,138), 960-970 Knox Street (\$17,538), 7612-7642 Woodwind Drive (\$24,270), 11600 Los Nietos (\$22,637), 5160 Richton Street (\$23,270), 22895 Eastpark Drive (\$15,396), 13943-13955 Balboa Boulevard (\$79,198), 11832-11954 La Cienega Boulevard (\$20,194), Gilbert/La Palma (\$24,008) and 7817 Woodley Avenue (\$20,855).
- (7) Loan is secured by six properties. One 24-month extension is available at the borrower's option, subject to certain terms and conditions. Monthly payments of interest only through June 2021, followed by equal monthly payments of principal (\$65,250), plus accrued interest until maturity.
- (8) Loan requires monthly escrow reserve payments for real estate taxes related to the property located at 960-970 Knox Street.
- (9) For 701-751 Kingshill Place, fixed monthly payments of interest only through January 2023, followed by fixed monthly payments of interest and principal (\$33,488) until maturity.
- (10) Fixed monthly payments of interest only.
- (11) Excludes unamortized debt issuance costs related to our unsecured revolving credit facility, which are presented in the line item "Deferred loan costs, net" in the consolidated balance sheets.

Contractual Debt Maturities

The following table summarizes the contractual debt maturities and scheduled amortization payments, excluding debt premiums/discounts and debt issuance costs, as of September 30, 2021, and does not consider extension options available to us as noted in the table above (in thousands):

October 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021	\$	535
2022		2,177
2023		64,815
2024		13,403
2025		250,972
Thereafter		1,068,650
Total	\$	1,400,552

Issuance of \$400 Million Notes Due 2031

On August 4, 2021, we completed an underwritten public offering of \$400.0 million of 2.150% Senior Notes due 2031 (the "\$400 Million Notes due 2031"). The \$400 Million Notes due 2031 were issued to the public at 99.014% of the principal amount, with a coupon rate of 2.150%. Interest on the \$400 Million Notes due 2031 is payable semiannually on the first day of March and September in each year, beginning on March 1, 2022, until maturity on September 1, 2031. The proceeds from our \$400 Million Notes due 2031 are expected to be allocated to investments in recently completed or future green building, energy and resource efficiency and renewable energy projects, including the development and redevelopment of such projects. Pending the allocation to eligible green projects, proceeds were used to repay our \$225.0 million unsecured term loan facility (the "\$225 Million Term Loan Facility") (as described below), and to fund the redemption of all shares of our 5.875% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock as further described in Note 11, and acquisition activities.

We may redeem the \$400 Million Notes due 2031 at our option and sole discretion, in whole at any time or in part from time to time prior to June 1, 2031 (three months prior to the maturity date of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031), at a redemption price equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031 being redeemed; and (ii) a make-whole premium calculated in accordance with the indenture. Notwithstanding the foregoing, on or after June 1, 2031 (three months prior to the maturity date of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031), the redemption price will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031 being redeemed.

Repayment of \$225 Million Term Loan Facility

On August 9, 2021, we used a portion of the proceeds from the issuance of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031 to repay the \$225 Million Term Loan Facility in full. We did not incur any prepayment penalties for repaying the \$225 Million Term Loan Facility in advance of the maturity date of January 14, 2023. In connection with the repayment of the \$225 Million Term Loan Facility, we wrote off \$0.5 million of unamortized debt issuance costs, which is included in “Loss on extinguishment of debt” in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Assumption of Mortgage Loan

On January 27, 2021, in connection with the acquisition of the property located at 7817 Woodley Avenue, we assumed a mortgage loan secured by this property. At the date of acquisition, the assumed loan had a principal balance of \$3.2 million and a fair value of \$3.3 million resulting in an initial net debt premium of \$0.1 million. The mortgage loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.14% per annum.

Credit Agreement

On June 30, 2021, we exercised our option under the Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the “Credit Agreement”) to utilize the accordion feature to increase the authorized borrowing capacity of our unsecured revolving credit facility (the “Revolver”) by \$200.0 million from \$500.0 million to \$700.0 million. Subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in the Credit Agreement, we may increase the size of the Credit Agreement by a further \$700.0 million, which may be comprised of additional revolving commitments under the Revolver, term loan tranches or any combination of the foregoing.

The Revolver is scheduled to mature on February 13, 2024 and has two six-month extension options available. Interest on the Revolver is generally to be paid based upon, at our option, either (i) LIBOR plus an applicable margin that is based upon our investment grade ratings or (ii) the Base Rate (which is defined as the highest of (a) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (b) the administrative agent’s prime rate or (c) the Eurodollar Rate plus 1.00%) plus an applicable margin that is based on our investment grade ratings. As of September 30, 2021, the margins for the Revolver range from 0.725% to 1.40% per annum for LIBOR-based loans and 0.00% to 0.45% per annum for Base Rate-based loans, depending on our investment grade ratings.

In addition to the interest payable on amounts outstanding under the Revolver, we are required to pay an applicable facility fee, on each lender’s commitment amount under the Revolver, regardless of usage. The applicable facility fee ranges in amount from 0.125% to 0.300% per annum, depending on our investment grade ratings.

The Revolver may be voluntarily prepaid in whole or in part at any time without premium or penalty.

The Credit Agreement contains usual and customary events of default including defaults in the payment of principal, interest or fees, defaults in compliance with the covenants set forth in the Credit Agreement and other loan documentation, cross-defaults to certain other indebtedness, and bankruptcy and other insolvency defaults. If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the Credit Agreement, the unpaid principal amount of all outstanding loans, together with all accrued unpaid interest and other amounts owing in respect thereof, may be declared immediately due and payable.

On September 30, 2021, we did not have any borrowings outstanding under the Revolver, leaving \$700.0 million available for future borrowings.

Amendment of \$150 Million Term Loan

On June 30, 2021, we amended our \$150 million unsecured term loan facility (the “\$150 Million Term Loan”) to, among other things, reduce the applicable margin pursuant to which amounts outstanding under the \$150 Million Term Loan bear interest. Following the amendment, the applicable Eurodollar rate margin ranges from 0.80% to 1.60% per annum and the applicable base rate margin ranges from 0.00% to 0.60% per annum, in each case, based on our credit rating.

Debt Covenants

The Credit Agreement, our \$150 Million Term Loan Facility, our \$100 million unsecured guaranteed senior notes (the “\$100 Million Notes”), our \$125 million unsecured guaranteed senior notes (the “\$125 Million Notes”) and our \$25 million unsecured guaranteed senior notes and \$75 million unsecured guaranteed senior notes (together the “Series 2019A and 2019B Notes”) all include a series of financial and other covenants that we must comply with, including the following covenants which are tested on a quarterly basis:

- Maintaining a ratio of total indebtedness to total asset value of not more than 60%;

- For the Credit Agreement and \$150 Million Term Loan Facility, maintaining a ratio of secured debt to total asset value of not more than 45%;
- For the \$100 Million Notes, \$125 Million Notes and Series 2019A and 2019B Notes (together the “Senior Notes”), maintaining a ratio of secured debt to total asset value of not more than 40%;
- For the Senior Notes, maintaining a ratio of total secured recourse debt to total asset value of not more than 15%;
- For the Credit Agreement and \$150 Million Term Loan Facility, maintaining a minimum tangible net worth of at least the sum of (i) \$2,061,865,500, and (ii) an amount equal to at least 75% of the net equity proceeds received by the Company after September 30, 2019;
- For the Senior Notes, maintaining a minimum tangible net worth of at least the sum of (i) \$760,740,750, and (ii) an amount equal to at least 75% of the net equity proceeds received by the Company after September 30, 2016;
- Maintaining a ratio of adjusted EBITDA (as defined in each of the loan agreements) to fixed charges of at least 1.5 to 1.0;
- Maintaining a ratio of total unsecured debt to total unencumbered asset value of not more than 60%; and
- Maintaining a ratio of unencumbered NOI (as defined in each of the loan agreements) to unsecured interest expense of at least 1.75 to 1.00.

The \$400.0 million 2.125% senior notes due 2030 and \$400 Million Notes due 2031 contain the following covenants (as defined in the indentures) that we must comply with:

- Maintaining a ratio of total indebtedness to total asset value of not more than 60%.
- Maintaining a ratio of secured debt to total asset value of not more than 40%.
- Maintaining a Debt Service Coverage Ratio of at least 1.5 to 1.0; and
- Maintaining a ratio of unencumbered assets to unsecured debt of at least 1.5 to 1.0.

The Credit Agreement, \$150 Million Term Loan Facility and Senior Notes also provide that our distributions may not exceed the greater of (i) 95.0% of our funds from operations or (ii) the amount required for us to qualify and maintain our status as a REIT and avoid the payment of federal or state income or excise tax in any 12-month period.

Subject to the terms of the Senior Notes, upon certain events of default, including, but not limited to, (i) a default in the payment of any principal, make-whole payment amount, or interest under the Senior Notes, (ii) a default in the payment of certain of our other indebtedness, (iii) a default in compliance with the covenants set forth in the Senior Notes agreement, and (iv) bankruptcy and other insolvency defaults, the principal and accrued and unpaid interest and the make-whole payment amount on the outstanding Senior Notes will become due and payable at the option of the purchasers. In addition, we are required to maintain at all times a credit rating on the Senior Notes from either Standard and Poor’s Ratings Services, Moody’s Investors Services or Fitch Ratings.

Our \$60 million term loan contains a financial covenant that is tested on a quarterly basis, which requires us to maintain a minimum Debt Service Coverage Ratio (as defined in the term loan agreement) of at least 1.10 to 1.0.

We were in compliance with all of our required quarterly debt covenants as of September 30, 2021.

6. Leases

Lessor – Operating Leases

We lease industrial space to tenants primarily under non-cancelable operating leases that generally contain provisions for minimum base rents plus reimbursement for certain operating expenses. Total minimum lease payments are recognized in rental income on a straight-line basis over the term of the related lease and estimated reimbursements from tenants for real estate taxes, insurance, common area maintenance and other recoverable operating expenses are recognized in rental income in the period that the expenses are incurred.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, we recognized \$112.1 million and \$309.9 million of rental income related to operating lease payments, of which \$92.8 million and \$256.4 million are for fixed lease payments and \$19.3 million and \$53.5 million are for variable lease payments, respectively. For the comparable three and nine month-period ended September 30, 2020, we recognized \$80.9 million and \$233.1 million of rental income related to operating lease payments, of

which \$67.4 million and \$194.9 million were for fixed lease payments and \$13.4 million and \$38.1 million were for variable lease payments, respectively.

The following table sets forth the undiscounted cash flows for future minimum base rents to be received under operating leases as of September 30, 2021 (in thousands):

Twelve Months Ended September 30,		
2022	\$	381,120
2023		345,254
2024		290,634
2025		238,967
2026		190,371
Thereafter		702,273
Total	\$	2,148,619

The future minimum base rents in the table above excludes tenant reimbursements of operating expenses, amortization of adjustments for deferred rent receivables and the amortization of above/below-market lease intangibles.

Lessee

We lease office space as part of conducting our day-to-day business. As of September 30, 2021, our office space leases have remaining lease terms ranging from approximately two months to four years and some include options to renew. These renewal terms can extend the lease term from three years to five years and are included in the lease term when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise the option. We also have one ground lease for a parcel of land that is adjacent to one of our properties and is used as a parking lot. This ground lease has a remaining lease term of approximately two years, with two additional ten-year options to renew, and monthly rent of \$9,000 through expiration.

As of September 30, 2021, total ROU assets and lease liabilities were approximately \$4.6 million and \$5.4 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2020, total ROU assets and lease liabilities were approximately \$5.6 million and \$6.4 million, respectively. All operating lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The tables below present financial information associated with our leases for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, and as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

Lease Cost (in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Operating lease cost ⁽¹⁾	\$ 404	\$ 335	\$ 1,208	\$ 956
Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	15	7	46	31
Total lease cost	\$ 419	\$ 342	\$ 1,254	\$ 987

(1) Amounts are included in "General and administrative" and "Property expenses" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Other Information (in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities	\$ 370	\$ 331	\$ 1,051	\$ 774
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,353

Lease Term and Discount Rate	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Weighted-average remaining lease term	3.5 years	4.2 years
Weighted-average discount rate ⁽¹⁾	2.95 %	2.99 %

(1) Because the rate implicit in each of our leases was not readily determinable, we used our incremental borrowing rate. In determining our incremental borrowing rate for each lease, we considered recent rates on secured borrowings, observable risk-free interest rates and credit spreads correlating to our creditworthiness, the impact of collateralization and the term of each of our lease agreements.

Maturities of lease liabilities as of September 30, 2021 were as follows (in thousands):

October 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021	\$	420
2022		1,615
2023		1,624
2024		1,600
2025		472
Thereafter		—
Total undiscounted lease payments	\$	5,731
Less imputed interest		(289)
Total lease liabilities	\$	5,442

7. Interest Rate Derivatives

Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

We are exposed to certain risks arising from both our business operations and economic conditions. We principally manage our exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of our core business activities. We manage economic risks, including interest rate, liquidity, and credit risk primarily by managing the amount, sources and duration of our debt funding and through the use of derivative financial instruments. Specifically, we enter into derivative financial instruments to manage exposures that arise from business activities that result in the payment of future known and uncertain cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates. Our derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing and duration of our known or expected cash payments principally related to our borrowings.

Our objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense and to manage exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, we primarily use interest rate swaps as part of our interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable amounts from a counterparty in exchange for us making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional value. We do not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

The change in fair value of derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges is initially recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) ("AOCI") and is subsequently reclassified from AOCI into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings.

The following table sets forth a summary of our interest rate swaps at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 (dollars in thousands):

Derivative Instrument	Effective Date	Maturity Date	LIBOR Interest Strike Rate	Current Notional Value ⁽¹⁾		Fair Value of Interest Rate Derivative Liabilities ⁽²⁾	
				September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Interest Rate Swap	2/14/2018	1/14/2022	1.3490 %	\$ —	\$ 125,000	\$ —	\$ (1,591)
Interest Rate Swap	8/14/2018	1/14/2022	1.4060 %	\$ —	\$ 100,000	\$ —	\$ (1,333)
Interest Rate Swap	7/22/2019	11/22/2024	2.7625 %	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ (10,205)	\$ (14,656)

(1) Represents the notional value of swaps that are effective as of the balance sheet date presented.

(2) As of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, all of our derivatives were in a liability position and as such, the fair value is included in the line item “Interest rate swap liability” in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The following table sets forth the impact of our interest rate swaps on our financial statements for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Interest Rate Swaps in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships:				
Amount of (loss) gain recognized in AOCI on derivatives	\$ (2,893)	\$ (46)	\$ (1,435)	\$ (17,364)
Amount of loss reclassified from AOCI into earnings under “Interest expense” ⁽¹⁾	\$ (1,993)	\$ (2,093)	\$ (6,241)	\$ (4,217)
Total interest expense presented in the Consolidated Statement of Operations in which the effects of cash flow hedges are recorded (line item “Interest expense”)	\$ 10,427	\$ 7,299	\$ 29,772	\$ 22,176

(1) Includes amounts that are being amortized from AOCI into interest expense on a straight-line basis related to the T-Locks, \$100M Swap and \$225M Swaps which are discussed below.

Transactions

On July 13, 2021, we executed three 10-year treasury rate lock agreements with a combined notional amount of \$150.0 million at a weighted average fixed interest rate of 1.38179% (the “T-Locks”), intended to designate as a cash flow hedge against changes in interest rates on anticipated future fixed-rate unsecured borrowings. On August 9, 2021, we settled the T-Locks in connection with the issuance of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031 for a payment of \$2.8 million, which is included in the balance of AOCI and is being amortized into interest expense on a straight-line basis over the 10-year term of the hedged transaction.

We had an interest rate swap with a notional amount of \$100.0 million and maturity date of August 14, 2021 (the “\$100M Swap”), that was used to hedge the monthly cash flows associated with \$100 million of LIBOR-based variable-rate debt. In November 2020, in conjunction with the repayment of our \$100 million term loan facility, we paid \$1.2 million to terminate the \$100M Swap, which had an unrealized loss balance of \$1.2 million in AOCI at the time of termination. We amortized the loss on this transaction from AOCI into interest expense on a straight-line basis over the period beginning from the termination date of the \$100M Swap (November 12, 2020) through the original maturity date of the \$100M Swap (August 14, 2021).

On August 11, 2021, in conjunction with the repayment of our \$225 Million Term Loan Facility, we paid \$1.3 million to terminate two interest rate swaps with a combined notional amount of \$225.0 million and a maturity date of January 14, 2022 (the “\$225M Swaps”), that were used to hedge the monthly cash flows associated \$225.0 million of LIBOR-based variable-rate debt, and which had an unrealized loss balance of \$1.3 million in AOCI at the time of termination. We are amortizing the loss on this transaction from AOCI into interest expense on a straight-line basis over the period beginning from the termination date of the \$225M Swaps (August 9, 2021) through the original maturity date of the \$225M Swaps (January 14, 2022).

During the next twelve months, we estimate that an additional \$5.1 million (including the \$0.8 million related to the \$225 Million Swaps and \$0.3 million related to the settled T-Locks) will be reclassified from AOCI into earnings as an increase to interest expense.

Credit-risk-related Contingent Features

Certain of our agreements with our derivative counterparties contain a provision where if we default on any of our indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender within a specified time period, then we could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations.

Certain of our agreements with our derivative counterparties contain provisions where if a merger or acquisition occurs that materially changes our creditworthiness in an adverse manner, we may be required to fully collateralize our obligations under the derivative instrument.

8. Fair Value Measurements

We have adopted FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure (“ASC 820”). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. ASC 820 applies to reported balances that are required or permitted to be measured at fair value under existing accounting pronouncements; accordingly, the standard does not require any new fair value measurements of reported balances.

ASC 820 emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs that are classified within Levels 1 and 2 of the hierarchy) and the reporting entity’s own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy).

Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs may include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, as well as inputs that are observable for the asset or liability (other than quoted prices), such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are typically based on an entity’s own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity. In instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The Company’s assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

Recurring Measurements – Interest Rate Swaps

Currently, we use interest rate swap agreements to manage our interest rate risk. The valuation of these instruments is determined using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves.

To comply with the provisions of ASC 820, we incorporate credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both our own nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty’s nonperformance risk in the fair value measurements. In adjusting the fair value of our derivative contracts for the effect of nonperformance risk, we have considered the impact of netting and any applicable credit enhancements, such as collateral postings, thresholds, mutual puts, and guarantees.

Although we have determined that the majority of the inputs used to value our derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustments associated with our derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by ourselves and our counterparties. However, as of September 30, 2021, we have assessed the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustments on the overall valuation of our derivative positions and have determined that the credit valuation adjustments are not significant to the overall valuation of its

derivatives. As a result, we have determined that its derivative valuations in their entirety are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The table below sets forth the estimated fair value of our interest rate swaps as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, which we measure on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy (in thousands).

	Fair Value Measurement Using			
	Total Fair Value	Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<i>September 30, 2021</i>				
Interest Rate Swap Asset	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Interest Rate Swap Liability	\$ (10,205)	\$ —	\$ (10,205)	\$ —
<i>December 31, 2020</i>				
Interest Rate Swap Asset	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Interest Rate Swap Liability	\$ (17,580)	\$ —	\$ (17,580)	\$ —

Financial Instruments Disclosed at Fair Value

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, rents and other receivables, other assets, accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities, and tenant security deposits approximate fair value because of their short-term nature.

The fair value of our notes payable was estimated by calculating the present value of principal and interest payments, using discount rates that best reflect current market rates for financings with similar characteristics and credit quality, and assuming each loan is outstanding through its respective contractual maturity date.

The table below sets forth the carrying value and the estimated fair value of our notes payable as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 (in thousands):

Liabilities	Fair Value Measurement Using				Carrying Value
	Total Fair Value	Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
<i>Notes Payable at:</i>					
September 30, 2021	\$ 1,414,325	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,414,325	\$ 1,386,649
December 31, 2020	\$ 1,276,217	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,276,217	\$ 1,216,160

9. Related Party Transactions

Howard Schwimmer

We engage in transactions with Howard Schwimmer, our Co-Chief Executive Officer, earning management fees and leasing commissions from entities controlled individually by Mr. Schwimmer. Fees and commissions earned from these entities are included in “Management, leasing and development services” in the consolidated statements of operations. We recorded \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and \$0.3 million and \$0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, in management, leasing and development services revenue.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal

From time to time, we are party to various lawsuits, claims and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business. We are not currently a party to any legal proceedings that we believe would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Environmental

We will generally perform environmental site assessments at properties we are considering acquiring. After the acquisition of such properties, we continue to monitor the properties for the presence of hazardous or toxic substances. From time to time, we acquire properties with known adverse environmental conditions. If at the time of acquisition, losses associated with environmental remediation obligations are probable and can be reasonably estimated, we record a liability.

As of September 30, 2021, we are not aware of any environmental liabilities that would have a material impact on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. However, we cannot be sure that we have identified all environmental liabilities at our properties, that all necessary remediation actions have been or will be undertaken at our properties or that we will be indemnified, in full or at all, in the event that such environmental liabilities arise. Furthermore, we cannot assure you that future changes to environmental laws or regulations and their application will not give rise to loss contingencies for future environmental remediation.

Tenant and Construction Related Commitments

As of September 30, 2021, we had commitments of approximately \$68.2 million for tenant improvement and construction work under the terms of leases with certain of our tenants and contractual agreements with our construction vendors.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

We have deposited cash with financial institutions that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 per institution. Although we have deposits at institutions in excess of federally insured limits as of September 30, 2021, we do not believe we are exposed to significant credit risk due to the financial position of the institutions in which those deposits are held.

Concentration of Properties in Southern California

As of September 30, 2021, all of our properties are located in the Southern California infill markets. The ability of the tenants to honor the terms of their respective leases is dependent upon the economic, regulatory and social factors affecting the markets in which the tenants operate and other conditions, including the impact of the outbreak of COVID-19 and related state and local government reactions.

In response to COVID-19, most municipalities in Southern California, including many municipalities in which we own properties, mandated a moratorium on all commercial evictions and gave tenants impacted by COVID-19 the unilateral right to defer rent while the emergency orders are in effect, with repayment generally within six to twelve months after the end of the local emergency. While many municipalities have allowed their local orders to expire or modified the orders to exclude some tenants (based on the tenant's number of employees, being a publicly traded company or multinational company, or other characteristics), in Los Angeles County, where we operate a significant portion of our portfolio, the eviction restrictions and rent deferment rights are set to expire by January 31, 2022, while in other municipalities the restrictions expire when the local emergency is lifted. We cannot currently predict whether or not these restrictions may be extended or for how long. Some of the orders have been extended multiple times. A number of our tenants have taken advantage of the relief provided by the local government mandates authorizing deferral of rent, irrespective of such tenants' actual ability to pay such rent, and we are currently unable to predict the ultimate impact that the COVID-19 pandemic will have on our tenants or the number of tenants that will continue to take advantage of the relief provided by the local government mandates authorizing the deferral of rent. The continued impact of the pandemic on our and our tenants' businesses is largely dependent on efforts to stem the spread of COVID-19, including governmental efforts to encourage vaccinations and overall vaccination rates in the areas in which we own properties. For details related to rent relief provided to tenants since the pandemic, see Note 2 under "—COVID-19 Lease Concessions."

Tenant Concentration

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, no single tenant accounted for more than 5% of our total consolidated rental income.

11. Stockholders' Equity

Preferred Stock

On August 16, 2021 (the "Redemption Date"), we redeemed all 3,600,000 shares of our 5.875% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock"). The redemption price for the Series A Preferred Stock was equal to \$25.00 per share, plus all accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares up to but not including the Redemption Date, in an amount equal to \$0.183594 per share, for a total payment of \$25.183594 per share, or \$90.7 million. In connection with the redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock on August 16, 2021, we incurred an associated non-cash charge of \$3.3 million as a reduction to net income available to common stockholders for the related original issuance costs.

Common Stock

ATM Program

On November 9, 2020, we established an at-the-market equity offering program pursuant to which we may sell from time to time shares of our common stock having an aggregate sales price of up to \$750.0 million (the "\$750 Million ATM Program"). In connection with the \$750 Million ATM Program, we may sell shares of our common stock directly through sales agents or we may enter into forward equity sale agreements with certain financial institutions acting as forward purchasers whereby, at our discretion, the forward purchasers may borrow and sell shares of our common stock under our \$750 Million ATM Program. The use of a forward equity sale agreement allows us to lock in a share price on the sale of shares of our common stock at the time the agreement is executed but defer settling the forward equity sale agreements and receiving the proceeds from the sale of shares until a later date.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, we directly sold a total of 786,174 and 3,201,560 shares of our common stock under the \$750 Million ATM Program at a weighted average price of \$60.42 and \$52.27 per share, for gross proceeds of \$47.5 million and \$167.3 million, and net proceeds of \$46.9 million and \$165.2 million, respectively, after deducting the sales agents' fees.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, we also entered into forward equity sale agreements with certain financial institutions acting as forward purchasers under the \$750 Million ATM Program with respect to 2,611,784 and 4,409,571 shares of our common stock at a weighted average initial forward sale price of \$60.94 and \$56.80 per share, respectively. We did not receive any proceeds from the sale of common shares by the forward purchasers at the time of sale.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, we physically settled the forward equity sale agreements related to the \$750 Million ATM Program in full by issuing 2,611,784 and 4,409,571 shares of common stock in exchange for

net proceeds of \$159.1 million and \$250.3 million, respectively. The net proceeds were calculated based on a weighted average net forward sale price at the time of settlement of \$60.93 and \$56.76 per share, respectively.

As of September 30, 2021, approximately \$299.4 million of common stock remains available to be sold under the \$750 Million ATM Program. Future sales, if any, will depend on a variety of factors, including among others, market conditions, the trading price of our common stock, determinations by us of the appropriate sources of funding for us and potential uses of funding available to us.

May 2021 Forward Equity Offering

On May 24, 2021, we entered into forward equity sale agreements with certain financial institutions acting as forward purchasers in connection with an underwritten public offering of 9,000,000 shares of common stock at an initial forward sale price of \$55.29 per share (the “May 2021 Forward Sale Agreements”), pursuant to which, the forward purchasers borrowed and sold an aggregate of 9,000,000 shares of common stock in the offering. We did not initially receive any proceeds from the sale of common shares by the forward purchasers at the time of the offering.

In June 2021, we partially settled the May 2021 Forward Sale Agreements by issuing 1,809,526 shares of common stock in exchange for net proceeds of \$100.0 million. The net proceeds were calculated based on the net forward sale price on the settlement date of \$55.26 per share.

In September 2021, we settled the remaining shares under the May 2021 Forward Sale Agreements by issuing 7,190,474 shares of our common stock in exchange for net proceeds of \$395.0 million. The net proceeds were calculated based on the net forward sale price on the settlement date of \$54.93.

September 2021 Equity Offering

On September 27, 2021, we completed an underwritten public offering of 9,600,000 shares of common stock in which we (i) issued an aggregate of 3,100,000 shares of common stock to the underwriters at a purchase price of \$58.65 per share for proceeds of \$181.8 million, and (ii) entered into forward equity sale agreements with certain financial institutions acting as forward purchasers for 6,500,000 shares of common stock at an initial forward sale price of \$58.65 per share (the “September 2021 Forward Sale Agreements”), pursuant to which the forward purchasers borrowed and sold an aggregate of 6,500,000 shares of common stock in the offering. We did not receive any proceeds from the sale of common shares by the forward purchasers at the time of the offering.

We currently expect to physically settle the September 2021 Forward Sale Agreements and receive cash proceeds upon one or more settlement dates, at our discretion, prior to the final settlement date on March 22, 2023. As of September 30, 2021, the net forward sale price was \$58.41 and would result in \$379.6 million in net cash proceeds upon full physical settlement of the September 2021 Forward Sale Agreements.

Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table summarizes the changes in our AOCI balance for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, which consists solely of adjustments related to our cash flow hedges (in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020
Accumulated other comprehensive loss - beginning balance	\$ (17,709)	\$ (7,542)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(1,435)	(17,364)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to interest expense	6,241	4,217
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	4,806	(13,147)
Less: other comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(331)	458
Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	4,475	(12,689)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss - ending balance	\$ (13,234)	\$ (20,231)

Noncontrolling Interests

Noncontrolling interests relate to interests in the Operating Partnership, represented by common units of partnership interests in the Operating Partnership (“OP Units”), fully-vested LTIP units, fully-vested performance units, 4.43937%

Cumulative Redeemable Convertible Preferred Units of partnership interest in the Operating Partnership (the “Series 1 CPOP Units”) and 4.00% Cumulative Redeemable Convertible Preferred Units of partnership interest in the Operating Partnership (the “Series 2 CPOP Units), that are not owned by us.

As of September 30, 2021, noncontrolling interests included 5,213,728 OP Units and 1,201,548 fully-vested LTIP units and performance units and represented approximately 4.1% of our Operating Partnership. OP Units and shares of our common stock have essentially the same economic characteristics, as they share equally in the total net income or loss and distributions of our Operating Partnership. Investors who own OP Units have the right to cause our Operating Partnership to redeem any or all of their units in our Operating Partnership for an amount of cash per unit equal to the then current market value of one share of common stock, or, at our election, shares of our common stock on a one-for-one basis.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, 227,653 OP Units were converted into an equivalent number of shares of common stock, resulting in the reclassification of \$7.7 million of noncontrolling interest to Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.’s stockholders’ equity.

12. Incentive Award Plan

Second Amended and Restated 2013 Incentive Award Plan

On June 17, 2021, our stockholders approved the Second Amended and Restated Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and Rexford Industrial Realty, L.P. 2013 Incentive Award Plan (the “Plan”), superseding and replacing our prior incentive award plan. Pursuant to the Plan, we may make grants of restricted stock, LTIP units of partnership interest in our Operating Partnership (“LTIP Units”), performance units in our Operating Partnership (“Performance Units”), dividend equivalents and other stock based and cash awards to our non-employee directors, employees and consultants.

As of September 30, 2021, a total of 3,105,225 shares of common stock, LTIP Units and Performance Units remain available for issuance under the Plan. Shares and units granted under the Plan may be authorized but unissued shares or units, or, if authorized by the board of directors, shares purchased in the open market. If an award under the Plan is forfeited, expires, or is settled for cash, any shares or units subject to such award will generally be available for future awards.

LTIP Units and Performance Units

LTIP Units and Performance Units are each a class of limited partnership units in the Operating Partnership. Initially, LTIP Units and Performance Units do not have full parity with OP Units with respect to liquidating distributions. However, upon the occurrence of certain events described in the Operating Partnership’s partnership agreement, the LTIP Units and Performance Units can over time achieve full parity with the OP Units for all purposes. If such parity is reached, vested LTIP Units and vested Performance Units may be converted into an equal number of OP Units, and, upon conversion, enjoy all rights of OP Units. LTIP Units, whether vested or not, receive the same quarterly per-unit distributions as OP Units, which equal the per-share distributions on shares of our common stock. Performance Units that have not vested receive a quarterly per-unit distribution equal to 10% of the distributions paid on OP Units.

Share-Based Award Activity

The following table sets forth our unvested restricted stock activity and unvested LTIP Unit activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2021:

	Unvested Awards			
	Number of Shares of Restricted Common Stock	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value per Share	Number of LTIP Units	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value per LTIP Unit
Balance at January 1, 2021	232,899	\$ 38.43	236,646	\$ 41.49
Granted	130,865	50.39	55,503	47.34
Forfeited	(21,836)	41.78	—	—
Vested ⁽¹⁾	(91,489)	35.40	(36,236)	46.54
Balance at September 30, 2021	250,439	\$ 45.50	255,913	\$ 42.05

- (1) During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, 28,943 shares of the Company’s common stock were tendered in accordance with the terms of the Plan to satisfy minimum statutory tax withholding requirements associated with the vesting of restricted shares of common stock.

The following table sets forth the vesting schedule of all unvested share-based awards outstanding as of September 30, 2021:

	Unvested Awards		
	Restricted Common Stock	LTIP Units	Performance Units⁽¹⁾
October 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021	1,005	109,234	174,917
2022	98,939	85,056	253,900
2023	70,785	49,160	476,915
2024	51,396	6,232	—
2025	28,314	6,231	—
Total	250,439	255,913	905,732

- (1) Represents the maximum number of Performance Units that would become earned and vested in December 2021, 2022 and 2023, in the event that the specified maximum total shareholder return and FFO per share growth hurdles are achieved at the end of the three-year performance period for awards that were initially granted in December 2018, 2019, and 2020, respectively.

Compensation Expense

The following table sets forth the amounts expensed and capitalized for all share-based awards for the reported periods presented below (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Expensed share-based compensation ⁽¹⁾	\$ 4,506	\$ 3,102	\$ 13,230	\$ 10,381
Capitalized share-based compensation ⁽²⁾	90	52	264	165
Total share-based compensation	\$ 4,596	\$ 3,154	\$ 13,494	\$ 10,546

- (1) Amounts expensed are included in “General and administrative” and “Property expenses” in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.
- (2) For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, amounts capitalized relate to employees who provide construction services, and are included in “Building and improvements” in the consolidated balance sheets.

As of September 30, 2021, total unrecognized compensation cost related to all unvested share-based awards was \$24.0 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average remaining period of 26 months.

13. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Numerator:				
Net income	\$ 40,186	\$ 31,197	\$ 96,866	\$ 62,740
Less: Preferred stock dividends	(2,976)	(3,636)	(10,249)	(10,909)
Less: Original issuance costs of redeemed preferred stock	(3,349)	—	(3,349)	—
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(2,173)	(1,531)	(5,852)	(3,332)
Less: Net income attributable to participating securities	(143)	(129)	(423)	(389)
Net income attributable to common stockholders –basic and diluted	<u>\$ 31,545</u>	<u>\$ 25,901</u>	<u>\$ 76,993</u>	<u>\$ 48,110</u>
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding – basic	138,762,384	123,548,978	134,922,168	119,153,997
Effect of dilutive securities	868,091	294,999	507,008	270,930
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding – diluted	139,630,475	123,843,977	135,429,176	119,424,927
Earnings per share — Basic				
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.40
Earnings per share — Diluted				
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.40

Unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends, whether paid or unpaid, are accounted for as participating securities. As such, unvested shares of restricted stock, unvested LTIP Units and unvested Performance Units are considered participating securities. Participating securities are included in the computation of basic EPS pursuant to the two-class method. The two-class method determines EPS for each class of common stock and each participating security according to dividends declared (or accumulated) and their respective participation rights in undistributed earnings. Participating securities are also included in the computation of diluted EPS using the more dilutive of the two-class method or treasury stock method for unvested shares of restricted stock and LTIP Units, and by determining if certain market conditions have been met at the reporting date for unvested Performance Units.

The effect of including unvested shares of restricted stock and unvested LTIP Units using the treasury stock method was excluded from our calculation of weighted average shares of common stock outstanding – diluted, as their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

Performance Units, which are subject to vesting based on the Company achieving certain TSR levels over a three-year performance period, are included as contingently issuable shares in the calculation of diluted EPS when TSR has been achieved at or above the threshold levels specified in the award agreements, assuming the reporting period is the end of the performance period, and the effect is dilutive.

Shares issuable under forward equity sale agreements during the period prior to settlement are reflected in our calculation of weighted average shares of common stock outstanding – diluted using the treasury stock method.

We also consider the effect of other potentially dilutive securities, including the Series 1 CPOP Units, Series 2 CPOP Units and OP Units, which may be redeemed for shares of our common stock under certain circumstances, and include them in our computation of diluted EPS when their inclusion is dilutive.

14. Subsequent Events

Acquisitions

The following table summarizes the properties we acquired subsequent to September 30, 2021:

Property	Submarket	Date of Acquisition	Rentable Square Feet	Number of Buildings	Contractual Purchase Price (in thousands)
1010 Belmont Street	San Bernardino - Inland Empire West	10/1/2021	61,824	1	\$ 14,500
21515 Western Avenue	Los Angeles - South Bay	10/12/2021	56,199	1	18,950
Total Subsequent Acquisitions			118,023	2	\$ 33,450

Dividends and Distributions Declared

On October 18, 2021, our board of directors declared the following quarterly cash dividends/distributions:

Security	Amount per Share/Unit	Record Date	Payment Date
Common stock	\$ 0.24	December 31, 2021	January 18, 2022
OP Units	\$ 0.24	December 31, 2021	January 18, 2022
5.875% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock	\$ 0.367188	December 15, 2021	December 31, 2021
5.625% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock	\$ 0.351563	December 15, 2021	December 31, 2021
4.43937% Cumulative Redeemable Convertible Preferred Units	\$ 0.505085	December 15, 2021	December 31, 2021
4.00% Cumulative Redeemable Convertible Preferred Units	\$ 0.45	December 15, 2021	December 31, 2021

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto that appear in Part I, Item 1 “Financial Statements” of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The terms “Company,” “we,” “us,” and “our” refer to Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries except where the context otherwise requires.

Forward-Looking Statements

We make statements in this quarterly report that are forward-looking statements, which are usually identified by the use of words such as “anticipates,” “believes,” “expects,” “intends,” “may,” “might,” “plans,” “estimates,” “projects,” “seeks,” “should,” “will,” “result” and variations of such words or similar expressions. Our forward-looking statements reflect our current views about our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies and prospects, which are based on the information currently available to us and on assumptions we have made. Although we believe that our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies and prospects as reflected in or suggested by our forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that our plans, intentions, expectations, strategies or prospects will be attained or achieved and you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Furthermore, actual results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements and may be affected by a variety of risks and factors including, without limitation:

- the competitive environment in which we operate;
- real estate risks, including fluctuations in real estate values and the general economic climate in local markets and competition for tenants in such markets;
- decreased rental rates or increasing vacancy rates;
- potential defaults on or non-renewal of leases by tenants;
- potential bankruptcy or insolvency of tenants;
- acquisition risks, including failure of such acquisitions to perform in accordance with expectations;
- the timing of acquisitions and dispositions;
- potential natural disasters such as earthquakes, wildfires or floods;
- the consequence of any future security alerts and/or terrorist attacks;
- national, international, regional and local economic conditions, including impacts and uncertainty from trade disputes and tariffs on goods imported to the United States and goods exported to other countries;
- the general level of interest rates;
- potential changes in the law or governmental regulations that affect us and interpretations of those laws and regulations, including changes in real estate and zoning or real estate investment trust (“REIT”) tax laws, and potential increases in real property tax rates;
- financing risks, including the risks that our cash flows from operations may be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest and we may be unable to refinance our existing debt upon maturity or obtain new financing on attractive terms or at all;
- lack of or insufficient amounts of insurance;
- our failure to complete acquisitions;
- our failure to successfully integrate acquired properties;
- our ability to qualify and maintain our qualification as a REIT;
- our ability to maintain our current investment grade rating by Fitch Ratings (“Fitch”), Moody’s Investors Services (“Moody’s) or from Standard and Poor’s Ratings Services (“S&P”);
- litigation, including costs associated with prosecuting or defending pending or threatened claims and any adverse outcomes;
- possible environmental liabilities, including costs, fines or penalties that may be incurred due to necessary remediation of contamination of properties presently owned or previously owned by us;
- an epidemic or pandemic (such as the outbreak and worldwide spread of novel coronavirus (“COVID-19”), and the measures that international, federal, state and local governments, agencies, law enforcement and/or health authorities may implement to address it, which may (as with COVID-19) precipitate or exacerbate one or more of the above-mentioned factors and/or other risks, and significantly disrupt or prevent us from operating our business in the ordinary course for an extended period; and

- other events outside of our control.

Accordingly, there is no assurance that our expectations will be realized. Except as otherwise required by the federal securities laws, we disclaim any obligations or undertaking to publicly release any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein (or elsewhere) to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. The reader should carefully review our financial statements and the notes thereto, as well as the section entitled “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Company Overview

Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. is a self-administered and self-managed full-service REIT focused on owning and operating industrial properties in Southern California infill markets. We were formed as a Maryland corporation on January 18, 2013, and Rexford Industrial Realty, L.P. (the “Operating Partnership”), of which we are the sole general partner, was formed as a Maryland limited partnership on January 18, 2013. Through our controlling interest in our Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries, we acquire, own, improve, redevelop, lease and manage industrial real estate principally located in Southern California infill markets, and, from time to time, acquire or provide mortgage debt secured by industrial property. We are organized and conduct our operations to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “Code”), as amended, and generally are not subject to federal taxes on our income to the extent we distribute our income to our shareholders and maintain our qualification as a REIT.

As of September 30, 2021, our consolidated portfolio consisted of 278 properties with approximately 34.9 million rentable square feet. In addition, we currently manage an additional 20 properties with approximately 1.0 million rentable square feet.

Our goal is to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns for our stockholders by providing superior access to industrial property investments and mortgage debt investments secured by industrial property in high-barrier Southern California infill markets. Our target markets provide us with opportunities to acquire both stabilized properties generating favorable cash flow, as well as properties or land parcels where we can enhance returns through value-add renovations and redevelopments. Scarcity of available space and high barriers limiting new construction of for-lease product all contribute to create superior long-term supply/demand fundamentals within our target infill Southern California industrial property markets. With our vertically integrated operating platform and extensive value-add investment and management capabilities, we believe we are positioned to capitalize upon the opportunities in our markets to achieve our objectives.

2021 Year to Date Highlights

Acquisitions

- During the first quarter of 2021, we completed the acquisition of 11 properties, which included 0.7 million rentable square feet of buildings and 19.0 acres of low coverage outdoor storage sites and land for future redevelopment for an aggregate purchase price of \$163.5 million.
- During the second quarter of 2021, we completed the acquisition of ten properties, which included 0.8 million rentable square feet of buildings and 15.5 acres of low coverage outdoor storage sites and land for future redevelopment for an aggregate purchase price of \$256.9 million.
- During the third quarter of 2021, we completed the acquisition of 13 properties, which included 2.1 million rentable square feet of buildings, 108 acres of income-producing low-coverage industrial outdoor storage sites and 9.8 acres of land for near term redevelopment for an aggregate purchase price of \$880.5 million.

Dispositions

- During the first quarter of 2021, we sold two properties with a combined 0.1 million rentable square feet for a total gross sales price of \$20.8 million and recognized \$10.9 million in gains on sale of real estate.
- During the second quarter of 2021, we sold one property with 29,730 rentable square feet for a gross sales price of \$8.2 million and recognized \$2.8 million in gains on sale of real estate.
- During the third quarter of 2021, we sold one property with 71,602 rentable square feet for a gross sales price of \$18.6 million and recognized \$13.7 million in gains on sale of real estate.

Repositioning & Redevelopment

- During the second quarter of 2021:
 - We stabilized our redevelopment project that was branded as “The Merge” and our repositioning property located at 16221 Arthur Street, which have a combined 0.4 million rentable square feet.
 - We pre-leased our redevelopment property located at 29025-29055 Avenue Paine to a single tenant. The lease is expected to commence in the fourth quarter of 2021 subject to completion of redevelopment site work.
- During the third quarter of 2021:
 - We stabilized four of our repositioning/redevelopment properties located at 8745-8775 Production Avenue, Rancho Pacifica Buildings 1 and 6 and 851 Lawrence, which have a combined 0.6 million rentable square feet, and 19007 Reyes Avenue, which is 4.5 acre industrial site that we converted to a single tenant paved container storage facility
 - We pre-leased our repositioning property located 12133 Greenstone Avenue to a single tenant. The lease is expected to commence in the first quarter of 2022 subject to completion of repositioning site work.
 - We pre-leased our future repositioning property located 900 East Ball Road to a single tenant. The lease is expected to commence in the second quarter of 2022 subject to completion of repositioning site work.

Equity

- During the first quarter of 2021, we issued 2,415,386 shares of common stock under our at-the-market equity offering program for gross proceeds of \$119.8 million, or approximately \$49.61 per share.
- During the third quarter of 2021, we issued 786,174 shares of common stock under our at-the-market equity offering program for gross proceeds of \$47.5 million, or approximately \$60.42 per share.
- During the first half of 2021, we entered into forward equity sales agreements under our at-the-market equity offering program with respect to 1,797,787 shares of common stock at a weighted average initial forward sale price of \$50.77 per share. In June 2021, we physically settled these forward equity sales agreements by issuing 1,797,787 shares of common stock in exchange for net proceeds of \$91.2 million.
- In May 2021, we entered into forward equity sales agreements in connection with an underwritten public offering of 9,000,000 shares of our common stock at an initial forward sale price of \$55.29 per share, or \$497.6 million. In June 2021, we partially settled these forward equity sales agreements by issuing 1,809,526 shares of common stock in exchange for net proceeds of \$100.0 million, and in September 2021, we settled the remaining 7,190,474 shares outstanding under the forward equity sale agreements for net proceeds of \$395.0 million.
- During the third quarter of 2021, we entered into forward equity sales agreements under our at-the-market equity offering program with respect to 2,611,784 shares of common stock at a weighted average initial forward sale price of \$60.94 per share. In September 2021, we physically settled these forward equity sales agreements by issuing 2,611,784 shares of common stock in exchange for net proceeds of \$159.1 million.
- In September 2021, we completed an underwritten public offering of 9,600,000 shares of common stock at a purchase price to the underwriters of \$58.65 per share. The offering consisted of 3,100,000 shares issued and sold directly by us for proceeds of \$181.8 million, and 6,500,000 shares sold under forward equity sale agreements, which we expect to settle prior to March 22, 2023.
- On August 16, 2021, we redeemed all 3,600,000 shares of our 5.875% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (the “Series A Preferred Stock”) at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus all accrued and unpaid dividends through August 15, 2021.

Financing

- On June 30, 2021, we exercised the accordion option on our existing credit facility to increase the borrowing capacity of our senior unsecured revolving credit facility by \$200.0 million to \$700.0 million from \$500.0 million.
- On June 30, 2021, we amended our \$150 million unsecured term loan facility to, among other things, reduce the applicable LIBOR margin by 60 basis points so that our current pricing is LIBOR plus 0.95% per annum, subject to our credit ratings.
- In August 2021, we completed an underwritten public offering of \$400.0 million of 2.150% Senior Notes due 2031 (the “\$400 Million Notes due 2031”). The \$400 Million Notes due 2031 were issued to the public at 99.014% of the

principal amount. The net proceeds from the offering, after deducting the underwriting discount, were approximately \$393.5 million and are expected to be allocated to investments in recently completed or future green building, energy and resource efficiency and renewable energy projects, including the development and redevelopment of such projects. Pending the allocation to eligible green projects, proceeds were initially used to repay our \$225.0 million unsecured term loan facility due 2023, to fund the redemption of all shares of our Series A Preferred Stock, and acquisition activities.

Factors That May Influence Future Results of Operations

COVID-19 Update

In response to COVID-19, most municipalities in Southern California, including many municipalities in which we own properties, mandated a moratorium on all commercial evictions and gave tenants impacted by COVID-19 the unilateral right to defer rent while the emergency orders are in effect, with repayment generally within six to twelve months after the end of the local emergency. While many municipalities have allowed their local orders to expire or modified the orders to exclude some tenants (based on the tenant's number of employees, being a publicly traded company or multinational company, or other characteristics), in Los Angeles, where we operate a significant portion of our portfolio, the eviction restrictions and rent deferment rights are set to expire by January 31, 2022, while in other municipalities the restrictions expire when the local emergency is lifted. We cannot currently predict whether or not these restrictions may be extended or for how long. Some of the orders have been extended multiple times. A limited number of our tenants have taken advantage of the relief provided by the local government mandates authorizing deferral of rent, irrespective of such tenants' actual ability to pay such rent, and we are currently unable to predict the ultimate impact that the COVID-19 pandemic will have on our tenants or the number of tenants that will continue to take advantage of the relief provided by the local government mandates authorizing the deferral of rent.

- As of October 21, 2021, we have collected 98.8% of our third quarter 2021 contractual billings, which includes contractual base rent (including COVID-19 related deferral billings) and tenant reimbursements charged to tenants.
- As of September 30, 2021, we had 1,559 leases representing in-place annualized base rent ("ABR") of \$391.9 million. ABR is defined/calculated as the monthly contractual base rent per the leases, excluding any rent abatements, as of September 30, 2021, multiplied by 12.
- Since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, we have provided rent relief to tenants in the form of deferred rent of approximately \$4.6 million, or 1.2% of our ABR.
- As of October 21, 2021, we have collected approximately \$4.2 million, or 98.0% of deferred rent payments due as of September 30, 2021.
- As of September 30, 2021, we had outstanding rent deferrals of approximately \$0.3 million, or 0.1% of ABR, of which \$0.1 million is due through the remainder of 2021.
- During 2021, we did not enter into any rent relief agreements granting additional deferrals of base rent.

The continued impact of the pandemic on our and our tenants' businesses is largely dependent on efforts to stem the spread of COVID-19, including governmental efforts to encourage vaccinations and overall vaccination rates in the areas in which we own properties.

Market and Portfolio Fundamentals

Our operating results depend upon the infill Southern California industrial real estate market.

The infill Southern California industrial real estate sector has continued to exhibit strong fundamentals. These high-barrier infill markets are characterized by a relative scarcity of available product, generally operating at or above approximately 98% occupancy, coupled with the limited ability to introduce new supply due to high land and redevelopment costs and a dearth of developable land in markets experiencing a net reduction in supply as over time more industrial property is converted to non-industrial uses than can be delivered. Consequently, available industrial supply has continued to decrease in many of our target infill submarkets and construction deliveries have fallen short of demand. Meanwhile, underlying tenant demand within our infill target markets continues to demonstrate growth, illustrated or driven by strong re-leasing spreads and renewal activity, an expanding regional economy, substantial growth in ecommerce transaction and delivery volumes, as well as further

compression of delivery time-frames to consumers and to businesses, increasing the significance of last-mile facilities for timely fulfillment.

Tenant demand remains strong within our portfolio, which is strategically located within prime infill Southern California industrial markets. The quality and intensity of tenant demand through the third quarter of 2021 is demonstrated through the Company's strong leasing spreads and volume, achieving rental rates and related terms from new and renewing tenants that have generally exceeded those from pre-COVID-19 periods (see "—Leasing Activity and Rental Rates" below). This tenant demand has been driven by a wide range of sectors, from consumer products, healthcare and medical products to aerospace, food, construction, and logistics, as well as by an emerging electric vehicle industry, among other sectors. We have also observed a notable increase in ecommerce-oriented tenants securing space within our portfolio, in part driven by the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, which has accelerated the growth in the range and volume of goods and customers transacting through ecommerce. In addition, ecommerce-related delivery demand associated with last-mile distribution are driving discernible shifts in inventory-handling strategies among retailers and distributors, which we believe is driving incremental demand for our infill property locations. Our portfolio, which we believe represents prime locations with superior functionality within the largest last-mile logistics distribution market in the nation, is well-positioned to attract incremental ecommerce-oriented demand.

We believe our portfolio's leasing performance during the first three quarters of 2021 has generally outpaced that of the infill markets within which we operate, although, as discussed in more detail below, our target infill markets continue to operate at or near historically high levels of occupancy. We believe this performance has been driven by our highly entrepreneurial business model focused on acquiring and improving industrial property in superior locations so that our portfolio reflects a higher level of quality and functionality, on average, as compared to typical available product within the markets within which we operate. We also believe the quality and entrepreneurial approach demonstrated by our team of real estate professionals actively managing our properties and our tenants enables the potential to outcompete within our markets that we believe are generally otherwise owned by more passive, less-focused real estate owners.

General Market Conditions

The following are general market conditions and do not necessarily reflect the results of our portfolio. For our portfolio specific results see "—Rental Revenues" and "—Results of Operations" below.

In Los Angeles County, market fundamentals were strong during the third quarter of 2021. Average asking lease rates increased significantly both quarter-over-quarter and year-over-year, and vacancy decreased quarter-over-quarter, with several submarkets achieving or retaining sub 1% vacancy rates, bringing overall vacancy to historically low levels. Current market conditions indicate rents are likely to increase through the remainder of 2021 and into 2022, as demand has been consistently strong, occupancy still remains at near capacity levels and new development is limited by a lack of land availability and an increase in land and development costs.

In Orange County, market fundamentals were strong during the third quarter of 2021. Average asking lease rates increased significantly both quarter-over-quarter and year-over-year and vacancy decreased quarter-over-quarter to a record low. Current market conditions indicate rents are likely to continue to increase through the remainder of 2021 and into 2022, as demand has accelerated over the year and there remains a continued low availability of industrial product in this region.

In San Diego, vacancy decreased quarter-over-quarter to a record low and average asking lease rates increased quarter-over-quarter and year-over-year.

In Ventura County, vacancy decreased quarter-over-quarter and average asking lease rates increased quarter-over-quarter and year-over-year.

Lastly, in the Inland Empire, new industrial product continues to be absorbed well in the market. In the Inland Empire West, which contains infill markets in which we operate, vacancy decreased quarter-over-quarter and year-over-year, reaching a new historic low, and average asking lease rates increased significantly both quarter-over-quarter and year-over-year. Current market conditions indicate rents are likely to continue to increase through the remainder of 2021 and into 2022. We generally do not focus on properties located within the non-infill Inland Empire East sub-market where available land and the development and construction pipeline for new supply is substantial.

Acquisitions and Value-Add Repositioning and Redevelopment of Properties

The Company's growth strategy comprises acquiring leased, stabilized properties as well as properties with value-add opportunities to improve functionality and to deploy our value-driven asset management programs in order to increase cash flow and value. Additionally, from time to time, we may acquire industrial outdoor storage sites, land parcels or properties with excess land for ground-up redevelopment projects. Acquisitions may comprise single property investments as well as the purchase of portfolios of properties, with transaction values ranging from approximately \$10 million single property investments to portfolios potentially valued in the billions of dollars. The Company's geographic focus remains infill Southern California. However, from time-to-time, portfolios could be acquired comprising a critical mass of infill Southern California industrial property that could include some assets located in markets outside of infill Southern California. In general, to the extent non-infill-Southern California assets were to be acquired as part of a larger portfolio, the Company may underwrite such investments with the potential to dispose such assets over a certain period of time in order to maximize its core focus on infill Southern California, while endeavoring to take appropriate steps to satisfy REIT safe harbor requirements to avoid prohibited transactions under REIT tax laws.

A key component of our growth strategy is to acquire properties through off-market and lightly marketed transactions that are often operating at below-market occupancy or below-market rent at the time of acquisition or that have near-term lease roll-over or that provide opportunities to add value through functional or physical repositioning and improvements. Through various repositioning, redevelopment, and professional leasing and marketing strategies, we seek to increase the properties' functionality and attractiveness to prospective tenants and, over time, to stabilize the properties at occupancy rates that meet or exceed market rates.

A repositioning can provide a range of property improvements. This may include a complete structural renovation of a property whereby we convert large underutilized spaces into a series of smaller and more functional spaces, or it may include the creation of additional square footage, the modernization of the property site, the elimination of functional obsolescence, the addition or enhancement of loading areas and truck access, the enhancement of fire-life-safety systems or other accretive improvements, in each case designed to improve the cash flow and value of the property. We have a number of significant repositioning properties, which are presented in the tables below, as well as range of smaller spaces in repositioning, that due to their smaller size, relative scope, projected repositioning costs or relatively nominal amount of down-time, are not presented below, however, in the aggregate, may be substantial.

A repositioning property that is considered significant is typically defined as a property where a significant amount of space is held vacant in order to implement capital improvements, the cost to complete repositioning work and lease-up is estimated to be greater than \$1 million and the repositioning and lease-up time frame is estimated to be greater than six months. A repositioning is generally considered complete once the investment is fully or nearly fully deployed and the property is available for occupancy. Because each repositioning effort is unique and determined based on the property, targeted tenants and overall trends in the general market and specific submarket, the timing and effect of the repositioning on our rental revenue and occupancy levels will vary, and, as a result, will affect the comparison of our results of operations from period to period with limited predictability.

A redevelopment property is defined as a property where we plan to fully or partially demolish an existing building(s) due to building obsolescence and/or a property with excess or vacant land where we plan to construct a ground-up building.

As of September 30, 2021, nine of our properties were under current repositioning or redevelopment and none of our properties were in the lease-up stage. In addition, we have a pipeline of 12 additional properties for which we anticipate beginning repositioning/redevelopment construction work between the fourth quarter of 2021 and the first quarter of 2023. The tables below set forth a summary of these properties, as well the properties that were most recently stabilized in 2021 and 2020, as the timing of these stabilizations have a direct impact on our current and comparative results of operations. We consider a repositioning/redevelopment property to be stabilized upon the earlier of (i) reaching 90% occupancy or (ii) one year from the date construction work is completed.

Property (Submarket)	Market	Total Property Rentable Square Feet ⁽²⁾	Repositioning/ Lease-up Rentable Square Feet ⁽²⁾	Estimated Construction Period ⁽¹⁾		Total Property Leased % at 9/30/2021
				Start	Completion	
Current Repositioning:						
12821 Knott Street (West OC) ⁽³⁾	OC	165,171	165,171	1Q-2019	1Q-2022	—%
12133 Greenstone Avenue (Mid-Counties) ⁽⁴⁾	LA	—	—	1Q-2021	1Q-2022	100% ⁽⁴⁾
11600 Los Nietos Road (Mid-Counties)	LA	103,982	103,982	2Q-2021	1Q-2022	—%
15650-15700 Avalon Boulevard (South Bay) ⁽⁵⁾	LA	98,259	98,259	3Q-2021	1Q-2022	—%
Total Current Repositioning		<u>367,412</u>	<u>367,412</u>			
Future Repositioning:						
900 East Ball Road (North OC) ⁽⁶⁾	OC	62,607	62,607	4Q-2021	2Q-2022	100%
8210-8240 Haskell Ave. (SF Valley)	LA	53,248	53,248	1Q-2022	3Q-2022	—%
3441 MacArthur Boulevard (OC Airport)	OC	122,060	122,060	1Q-2022	4Q-2022	100%
Total Future Repositioning		<u>237,915</u>	<u>237,915</u>			

Property (Submarket)	Market	Estimated Redevelopment Rentable Square Feet ⁽⁷⁾	Estimated Construction Period ⁽¹⁾		Total Property Leased % at 9/30/2021
			Start	Completion	
Current Redevelopment:					
28901-28903 Avenue Paine (San Fernando Valley) ⁽⁸⁾	LA	111,260	1Q-2021	4Q-2021	100% ⁽⁸⁾
415-435 Motor Avenue (San Gabriel Valley)	LA	94,315	2Q-2021	2Q-2022	—%
1055 Sandhill Avenue (South Bay)	LA	127,853	3Q-2021	1Q-2023	—%
9615 Norwalk Boulevard (Mid-Counties) ⁽⁹⁾	LA	201,467	3Q-2021	4Q-2022	—%
15601 Avalon Boulevard (South Bay) ⁽¹⁰⁾	LA	86,830	3Q-2021	4Q-2022	—%
Total Current Redevelopment		<u>621,725</u>			
Future Redevelopment:					
9920-10020 Pioneer Blvd (Mid-Counties)	LA	162,557	4Q-2021	1Q-2023	—%
12752-12822 Monarch Street (West OC) ⁽¹¹⁾	OC	269,465	4Q-2021	4Q-2022	100%
4416 Azusa Canyon Road (San Gabriel Valley) ⁽¹²⁾	LA	129,830	1Q-2022	4Q-2022	—%
1901 Via Burton (North OC) ⁽¹³⁾	OC	139,269	1Q-2022	4Q-2022	100%
8888-8892 Balboa Avenue (Central SD)	SD	128,400	1Q-2022	1Q-2023	—%
2390-2444 American Way (North OC)	OC	96,100	1Q-2022	1Q-2023	—%
15010 Don Julian Road (San Gabriel Valley)	LA	219,242	1Q-2022	2Q-2023	100%
12118 Bloomfield Avenue (Mid-Counties)	LA	110,018	3Q-2022	4Q-2023	100%
12772 San Fernando Road (San Fernando Valley)	LA	146,746	1Q-2023	1Q-2024	52%
Total Future Redevelopment		<u>1,401,627</u>			

– See footnotes starting on the following page –

Stabilized ⁽¹⁴⁾	Market	Stabilized Rentable Square Feet	Period Stabilized	Total Property Leased % at 9/30/2021
The Merge (Inland Empire West)	SB	333,544	2Q-2021	100%
16221 Arthur Street (Mid-Counties)	LA	61,372	2Q-2021	100%
Rancho Pacifica Buildings 1 & 6 (South Bay) ⁽¹⁵⁾	LA	488,114	3Q-2021	100%
8745-8775 Production Avenue (Central SD)	SD	26,200	3Q-2021	100%
19007 Reyes Avenue (South Bay) ⁽¹⁶⁾	LA	— ⁽¹⁶⁾	3Q-2021	100%
851 Lawrence Drive (Ventura)	VC	90,773	3Q-2021	100%
Total 2021 Stabilized		1,000,003		
2455 Conejo Spectrum Street (Ventura)	VC	98,218	1Q-2020	100%
635 8th Street (San Fernando Valley)	LA	72,250	1Q-2020	100%
16121 Carmenita Road (Mid-Counties)	LA	105,477	3Q-2020	100%
10015 Waples Court (Central SD)	SD	106,412	3Q-2020	100%
1210 North Red Gum Street (North OC)	OC	64,570	3Q-2020	100%
7110 E. Rosecrans Avenue - Unit B (South Bay)	LA	37,417	3Q-2020	100%
29003 Avenue Sherman (San Fernando Valley)	LA	68,123	4Q-2020	100%
727 Kingshill Place (South Bay)	LA	46,005	4Q-2020	100%
Total 2020 Stabilized		598,472		

- (1) The estimated start period is the period we anticipate starting physical construction on a project. Prior to physical construction, we engage in pre-construction activities, which include design work, securing permits or entitlements, site work, and other necessary activities preceding construction. The estimated completion period is our current estimate of the period in which we will have substantially completed a project and the project is made available for occupancy. We expect to update our timing estimates on a quarterly basis. The estimated construction period is subject to change as a result of a number of factors including but not limited to permit requirements, delays in construction (including delays related to the COVID-19 pandemic), changes in scope, and other unforeseen circumstances.
- (2) “Total Property Rentable Square Feet” is the total rentable square footage of the entire property or particular building(s) (footnoted if applicable) under repositioning/lease-up. “Repositioning/Lease-up Rentable Square Feet” is the actual rentable square footage that is subject to repositioning at the property/building, and may be less than Total Property Rentable Square Feet.
- (3) At 12821 Knott Street, we are repositioning the existing 120,800 rentable square foot building and constructing approximately 45,000 rentable square feet of new warehouse space.
- (4) At 12133 Greenstone Avenue, a 4.8 acre industrial site, we demolished the existing 12,586 rentable square foot truck terminal building to provide greater functionality as a single tenant container storage facility. As of September 30, 2021, the property has been pre-leased with the lease expected to commence in March 2022, subject to completion of repositioning work.
- (5) At 15650-15700 Avalon Boulevard, we demolished one of the two original buildings and are currently in the process of repositioning the property into a single-tenant low coverage facility with one 98,259 rentable square foot building.
- (6) As of September 30, 2021, 900 East Ball Road has been pre-leased with the lease expected to commence in May 2022, subject to completion of redevelopment work.
- (7) Represents the estimated rentable square footage of the project upon completion of redevelopment.
- (8) As of September 30, 2021, 29025-29055 Avenue Paine has been pre-leased with the lease expected to commence in December 2021, subject to completion of redevelopment work.
- (9) At 9615 Norwalk Boulevard, we demolished the previously existing buildings and are currently in the process of constructing a new 201,467 rentable square foot building.
- (10) At 15601 Avalon Boulevard, we intend to demolish the existing building (63,690 rentable square feet) and construct a new 86,830 rentable square foot building.
- (11) As of September 30, 2021, 12752-12822 Monarch Street comprises two buildings totaling 276,585. We intend to demolish one of the buildings (104,570 RSF) and construct a new 97,450 RSF building in its place, as well as reposition

60,690 RSF of the adjacent second building. At completion, the total project will contain 269,465 RSF.

- (12) At 4416 Azusa Canyon Road, we intend to demolish the existing building (70,510 rentable square feet) and construct a new 129,830 rentable square foot building.
- (13) At 1901 Via Burton, we intend to construct a new 139,269 RSF building. In September 2021, we leased the property to a tenant under a short-term lease to provide income for part of the entitlement period.
- (14) We consider a repositioning property to be stabilized upon the earlier of (i) reaching 90% occupancy or (ii) one year from the date construction work is completed.
- (15) Rancho Pacifica Buildings 1 & 6 are located at 2301-2329 Pacifica Place and 2332-2366 Pacifica Place, and represent two buildings totaling 488,114 rentable square feet, out of six buildings at our Rancho Pacifica Park property, which have a total 1,152,883 rentable square feet. Property leased percentage reflects the two buildings.
- (16) At 19007 Reyes Avenue, a 4.5 acre industrial site, we removed the dysfunctional improvements and converted the site into a single tenant paved container storage facility.

Properties that are nonoperational as a result of repositioning or redevelopment activity may qualify for varying levels of interest, insurance and real estate tax capitalization during the redevelopment and construction period. An increase in our repositioning and redevelopment activities resulting from value-add acquisitions could cause an increase in the asset balances qualifying for interest, insurance and tax capitalization in future periods. We capitalized \$1.3 million and \$2.9 million of interest expense and \$0.7 million and \$1.5 million of insurance and real estate tax expenses during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, respectively, related to our repositioning and redevelopment projects.

Rental Revenues

Our operating results depend primarily upon generating rental revenue from the properties in our portfolio. The amount of rental revenue generated by these properties is affected by our ability to maintain or increase occupancy levels and rental rates at our properties, which will depend upon our ability to lease vacant space and re-lease expiring space at favorable rates.

Occupancy Rates

As of September 30, 2021, our consolidated portfolio, inclusive of space in repositioning as described in the subsequent paragraph, was approximately 96.1% occupied, while our stabilized consolidated portfolio exclusive of such space was approximately 98.4% occupied. We believe the opportunity to increase occupancy at our properties will be an important driver of future revenue growth. An opportunity to drive this growth will derive from the completion and lease-up of repositioning and redevelopment projects that are currently under construction.

As summarized in the tables under “—*Acquisitions and Value-Add Repositioning and Redevelopment of Properties*” above, as of September 30, 2021, nine of our properties with a combined 1.0 million rentable square feet at completion are under current repositioning or redevelopment. Additionally, we have a near-term pipeline of 12 repositioning and redevelopment projects with a combined 1.6 million of estimated rentable square feet at completion. Vacant space at these properties is concentrated in our Los Angeles, Orange County and San Diego markets and represents 2.4% of our total consolidated portfolio square footage as of September 30, 2021. Including vacant space at these properties, our weighted average occupancy rate as of September 30, 2021 in our Los Angeles, Orange County and San Diego markets was 95.1%, 96.5% and 96.4%, respectively. Excluding vacant space at these properties, our weighted average occupancy rate as of September 30, 2021, in these markets was 98.2%, 99.5% and 99.3%, respectively. We believe that an important portion of our long-term future growth will come from the completion of these projects currently under or scheduled for repositioning, as well as through the identification or acquisition of new opportunities for repositioning and redevelopment, whether in our existing portfolio or through new investments, which may vary from period to period subject to market conditions.

The occupancy rate of properties not undergoing repositioning is affected by regional and local economic conditions in our Southern California infill markets. In the last several years, the Los Angeles, Orange County and San Diego markets have continued to show historically low vacancy and positive absorption, resulting from high tenant demand combined with low product availability. Accordingly, our properties in these markets have generally exhibited a similar trend. We believe that general market conditions will remain positive in 2021, and the opportunity to increase occupancy and rental rates at our properties will be an important driver of future revenue growth; however, there can be no assurance that recent positive market trends will continue, due in part to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and the impact it will have on the global economy and our local infill Southern California markets.

Leasing Activity and Rental Rates

The following tables set forth our leasing activity for new and renewal leases for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021:

New Leases									
Quarter	Number of Leases	Rentable Square Feet	Weighted Average Lease Term (in years)	Effective Rent Per Square Foot ⁽¹⁾	GAAP Leasing Spreads ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	Cash Leasing Spreads ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾			
Q1-2021	52	909,694	5.2	\$ 12.52	43.8 %	26.7 %			
Q2-2021	71	1,207,516	5.7	\$ 15.48	38.9 %	25.3 %			
Q3-2021	65	717,104	4.7	\$ 17.84	42.2 %	28.4 %			
Total/Weighted Average	188	2,834,314	5.3	\$ 15.13	41.3 %	26.7 %			

Quarter	Renewal Leases					Expired Leases		Retention % ⁽⁷⁾	
	Number of Leases	Rentable Square Feet	Weighted Average Lease Term (in years)	Effective Rent Per Square Foot ⁽¹⁾	GAAP Leasing Spreads ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾	Cash Leasing Spreads ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	Number of Leases	Rentable Square Feet ⁽⁶⁾	Rentable Square Feet
Q1-2021	70	1,049,547	4.6	\$ 12.93	48.5 %	35.4 %	120	1,781,667	79.2 %
Q2-2021	68	981,781	4.1	\$ 11.96	30.7 %	18.8 %	121	1,881,074	74.0 %
Q3-2021	68	1,104,424	4.8	\$ 13.68	60.8 %	43.7 %	125	1,884,335	72.1 %
Total/Weighted Average	206	3,135,752	4.5	\$ 12.89	46.8 %	32.7 %	366	5,547,076	75.0 %

- Effective rent per square foot is the average base rent calculated in accordance with GAAP, over the term of the lease, expressed in dollars per square foot per year. Includes all new and renewal leases that were executed during the quarter.
- Calculated as the change between GAAP rents for new or renewal leases and the expiring GAAP rents on the expiring leases for the same space.
- Calculated as the change between starting cash rents for new or renewal leases and the expiring cash rents on the expiring leases for the same space.
- The GAAP and cash re-leasing spreads for new leases executed during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, exclude 49 leases aggregating 1,388,205 rentable square feet for which there was no comparable lease data. Of these 49 excluded leases, 17 leases aggregating 869,628 rentable square feet are leases of recently repositioned/redeveloped space. Comparable leases generally exclude: (i) space that has never been occupied under our ownership, (ii) recently repositioned/redeveloped space, (iii) space that has been vacant for over one year or (iv) space with lease terms shorter than six months.
- The GAAP and cash re-leasing rent spreads for renewal leases executed during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, exclude four leases totaling 102,577 rentable square feet for which there was no comparable lease data. Comparable leases generally exclude space with lease terms shorter than six months.
- Includes leases totaling 996,144 rentable square feet that expired during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, for which the space has been or will be placed into repositioning or redevelopment.
- Retention is calculated as renewal lease square footage plus relocation/expansion square footage, divided by the square footage of leases expiring during the period. Retention excludes square footage related to the following: (i) expiring leases associated with space that is placed into repositioning after the tenant vacates, (ii) early terminations with pre-negotiated replacement leases and (iii) move outs where space is directly leased by subtenants.

Our leasing activity is impacted both by our repositioning and redevelopment efforts, as well as by market conditions. While we reposition a property, its space may become unavailable for leasing until completion of our repositioning efforts. As of September 30, 2021, we have nine current repositioning/redevelopment projects with estimated construction completion

periods ranging from the fourth quarter of 2021 through the first quarter of 2023, and additional repositioning and redevelopment projects in our pipeline with estimated completion dates through the first quarter of 2024. We expect these properties to have positive impacts on our leasing activity and revenue generation as we complete our value-add plans and place these properties in service.

Scheduled Lease Expirations

Our ability to re-lease space subject to expiring leases is affected by economic and competitive conditions in our markets and by the relative desirability of our individual properties, which may impact our results of operations. The following table sets forth a summary schedule of lease expirations for leases in place as of September 30, 2021, for each of the 10 full and partial calendar years beginning with 2021 and thereafter, plus space that is available and under current repositioning.

Year of Lease Expiration	Number of Leases Expiring	Total Rentable Square Feet ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Total Owned Square Feet	Annualized Base Rent ⁽²⁾	Percentage of Total Annualized Base Rent ⁽³⁾	Annualized Base Rent per Square Foot ⁽⁴⁾
Vacant ⁽⁵⁾	—	540,016	1.5 %	\$ —	— %	\$ —
Current Repositioning ⁽⁶⁾	—	822,848	2.4 %	—	— %	\$ —
MTM Tenants	8	177,519	0.5 %	2,392	0.6 %	\$ 13.47
Remainder of 2021	69	537,920	1.5 %	6,281	1.6 %	\$ 11.68
2022	402	4,783,374	13.7 %	53,180	13.6 %	\$ 11.12
2023	376	4,855,520	13.9 %	57,021	14.5 %	\$ 11.74
2024	320	5,660,298	16.2 %	60,965	15.5 %	\$ 10.77
2025	139	4,123,386	11.8 %	43,985	11.2 %	\$ 10.67
2026	149	5,780,458	16.6 %	63,315	16.2 %	\$ 10.95
2027	24	1,809,123	5.2 %	16,329	4.2 %	\$ 9.03
2028	13	736,168	2.1 %	9,387	2.4 %	\$ 12.75
2029	11	813,318	2.3 %	8,866	2.3 %	\$ 10.90
2030	12	1,320,331	3.8 %	15,214	3.9 %	\$ 11.52
Thereafter	36	2,972,334	8.5 %	54,920	14.0 %	\$ 18.48
Total Consolidated Portfolio	1,559	34,932,613	100.0 %	\$ 391,855	100.0 %	\$ 11.67

(1) Represents the contracted square footage upon expiration.

(2) Calculated as monthly contracted base rent (before rent abatements) per the terms of such lease, as of September 30, 2021, multiplied by 12. Excludes billboard and antenna revenue and tenant reimbursements. Amounts in thousands.

(3) Calculated as annualized base rent set forth in this table divided by annualized base rent for the total portfolio as of September 30, 2021.

(4) Calculated as annualized base rent for such leases divided by the occupied square feet for such leases as of September 30, 2021.

(5) Represents vacant space (not under repositioning) as of September 30, 2021. Includes leases aggregating 161,563 rentable square feet that had been signed but had not yet commenced as of September 30, 2021.

(6) Represents vacant space at properties that were classified as repositioning or redevelopment properties as of September 30, 2021. Excludes stabilized properties and properties in lease-up. Refer to the table under “—Acquisitions and Value-Add Repositioning and Redevelopment of Properties” for additional details related to these properties

As of September 30, 2021, in addition to 0.5 million rentable square feet of currently available space in our portfolio and 0.8 million rentable square feet of vacant space under current repositioning, leases representing 1.5% and 13.7% of the aggregate rentable square footage of our portfolio are scheduled to expire during the remainder of 2021 and 2022, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we renewed 206 leases for 3.1 million rentable square feet, resulting in a 75.0% retention rate. Our retention rate during the period was impacted by the combination of low vacancy and high demand in many of our key markets. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, new and renewal leases had a weighted average term of 5.3 and 4.5 years, and we expect future new and renewal leases to have similar terms.

The leases scheduled to expire during the remainder of 2021 and 2022 represent approximately 1.6% and 13.6% respectively, of the total annualized base rent for our portfolio as of September 30, 2021. We estimate that, on a weighted

average basis, in-place rents of leases scheduled to expire during the remainder of 2021 and 2022 are currently below current market asking rates, although individual units or properties within any particular submarket may currently be leased either above, below, or at the current market asking rates within that submarket. As described under “—Market and Portfolio Fundamentals” above, we expect market dynamics to remain strong and that these positive trends will continue to provide a favorable environment for additional increases in lease renewal rates. Accordingly, we expect the remainder of 2021 will show positive renewal rates and leasing spreads.

Conditions in Our Markets

The properties in our portfolio are located primarily in Southern California infill markets. Positive or negative changes in economic or other conditions, including the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, and related state and local government reactions, adverse weather conditions and natural disasters in this market may affect our overall performance.

Property Expenses

Our property expenses generally consist of utilities, real estate taxes, insurance, site repair and maintenance costs, and the allocation of overhead costs. For the majority of our properties, our property expenses are recovered, in part, by either the triple net provisions or modified gross expense reimbursements in tenant leases. The majority of our leases also comprise contractual three percent annual rental rate increases meant, in part, to help mitigate potential increases in property expenses over time. However, the terms of our leases vary, and, in some instances, we may absorb property expenses. Our overall financial results will be impacted by the extent to which we are able to pass-through property expenses to our tenants.

Taxable REIT Subsidiary

As of September 30, 2021, our Operating Partnership indirectly and wholly owns Rexford Industrial Realty and Management, Inc., which we refer to as our services company. We have elected, together with our services company, to treat our services company as a taxable REIT subsidiary for federal income tax purposes. A taxable REIT subsidiary generally may provide non-customary and other services to our tenants and engage in activities that we or our subsidiaries (other than a taxable REIT subsidiary) may not engage in directly without adversely affecting our qualification as a REIT, provided a taxable REIT subsidiary may not operate or manage a lodging facility or health care facility or provide rights to any brand name under which any lodging facility or health care facility is operated. We may form additional taxable REIT subsidiaries in the future, and our Operating Partnership may contribute some or all of its interests in certain wholly owned subsidiaries or their assets to our services company. Any income earned by our taxable REIT subsidiaries will not be included in our taxable income for purposes of the 75% or 95% gross income tests, except to the extent such income is distributed to us as a dividend, in which case such dividend income will qualify under the 95%, but not the 75%, gross income test. Because a taxable REIT subsidiary is subject to federal income tax, and state and local income tax (where applicable) as a regular corporation, the income earned by our taxable REIT subsidiaries generally will be subject to an additional level of tax as compared to the income earned by our other subsidiaries. Our taxable REIT subsidiary is a C-corporation subject to federal and state income tax. However, it has a cumulative unrecognized net operation loss carryforward and therefore there is no income tax provision for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses for the reporting periods. Actual amounts may differ from these estimates and assumptions. Management evaluates these estimates on an ongoing basis, based upon information currently available and on various assumptions that it believes are reasonable as of the date hereof. In addition, other companies in similar businesses may use different estimation policies and methodologies, which may affect the comparability of our results of operations and financial condition to those of other companies.

In our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, we identified certain critical accounting policies that affect certain of our more significant estimates and assumptions used in preparing our consolidated financial statements. We have not made any material changes to our critical accounting policies during the period covered by this report.

Results of Operations

Our consolidated results of operations are often not comparable from period to period due to the effect of (i) property acquisitions, (ii) property dispositions and (iii) properties that are taken out of service for repositioning or redevelopment during the comparative reporting periods. Our “Total Portfolio” represents all of the properties owned during the reported periods. To eliminate the effect of changes in our Total Portfolio due to acquisitions, dispositions, and repositioning/redevelopment and to highlight the operating results of our on-going business, we have separately presented the results of our “Same Properties Portfolio.”

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, our Same Properties Portfolio includes all properties in our industrial portfolio that were wholly-owned by us for the period from January 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021, and that were stabilized prior to January 1, 2020, which consisted of 194 properties aggregating approximately 24.7 million rentable square feet. Results for our Same Properties Portfolio exclude any properties that were acquired or sold during the period from January 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021, properties classified as current or future repositioning, redevelopment or lease-up during 2021 or 2020, interest income, interest expense and corporate general and administrative expenses.

In addition to the properties included in our Same Properties Portfolio, our Total Portfolio includes the 72 properties aggregating approximately 8.6 million rentable square feet that were purchased between January 1, 2020 and September 30, 2021, and the eight properties aggregating approximately 0.4 million rentable square feet that were sold between January 1, 2020 and September 30, 2021.

At September 30, 2021 and 2020, our Same Properties Portfolio occupancy was approximately 98.8% and 98.3%, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, our Same Properties Portfolio weighted average occupancy was approximately 98.6% and 97.8%, respectively. Comparatively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, our Same Properties Portfolio weighted average occupancy was approximately 98.5% and 97.8%.

Comparison of the Three Months Ended September 30, 2021 to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

The following table summarizes the historical results of operations for our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 (dollars in thousands):

	Same Properties Portfolio				Total Portfolio			
	Three Months Ended September 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	%	Three Months Ended September 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	%
	2021	2020			2021	2020		
REVENUES								
Rental income	\$ 80,278	\$ 74,543	\$ 5,735	7.7 %	\$ 115,260	\$ 83,622	\$ 31,638	37.8 %
Management, leasing and development services	—	—	—	— %	136	118	18	15.3 %
Interest income	—	—	—	— %	7	116	(109)	(94.0)%
TOTAL REVENUES	80,278	74,543	5,735	7.7 %	115,403	83,856	31,547	37.6 %
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Property expenses	18,104	17,866	238	1.3 %	27,501	20,684	6,817	33.0 %
General and administrative	—	—	—	— %	11,806	9,464	2,342	24.7 %
Depreciation and amortization	24,368	25,067	(699)	(2.8)%	38,676	28,811	9,865	34.2 %
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	42,472	42,933	(461)	(1.1)%	77,983	58,959	19,024	32.3 %
OTHER EXPENSES								
Acquisition expenses	—	—	—	— %	4	70	(66)	(94.3)%
Interest expense	—	—	—	— %	10,427	7,299	3,128	42.9 %
TOTAL EXPENSES	42,472	42,933	(461)	(1.1)%	88,414	66,328	22,086	33.3 %
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	—	—	— %	(505)	—	(505)	100.0 %
Gains on sale of real estate	—	—	—	— %	13,702	13,669	33	0.2 %
NET INCOME	\$ 37,806	\$ 31,610	\$ 6,196	19.6 %	\$ 40,186	\$ 31,197	\$ 8,989	28.8 %

Rental Income

Under current lease accounting guidance, we account for and present all rental income earned pursuant to tenant leases, including tenant reimbursements, as a single component in one line, "Rental income," in our consolidated statements of operations. In the following table, we present the components of rental income separately, which includes rental revenue, tenant reimbursements and other income related to leases. We believe that the below presentation of rental income is not, and is not intended to be, a presentation in accordance with GAAP. We are presenting this information because we believe it is frequently used by management, investors, securities analysts and other interested parties to understand and evaluate the Company's performance.

Category	Same Properties Portfolio				Total Portfolio			
	Three Months Ended September 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	%	Three Months Ended September 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	%
	2021	2020			2021	2020		
Rental revenue ⁽¹⁾	\$ 67,658	\$ 62,523	\$ 5,135	8.2 %	\$ 96,004	\$ 70,153	\$ 25,851	36.8 %
Tenant reimbursements ⁽²⁾	12,478	11,814	664	5.6 %	19,024	13,247	5,777	43.6 %
Other income ⁽³⁾	142	206	(64)	(31.1)%	232	222	10	4.5 %
Rental income	<u>\$ 80,278</u>	<u>\$ 74,543</u>	<u>\$ 5,735</u>	<u>7.7 %</u>	<u>\$ 115,260</u>	<u>\$ 83,622</u>	<u>\$ 31,638</u>	<u>37.8 %</u>

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio rental income increased by \$5.7 million, or 7.7%, and \$31.6 million, or 37.8%, respectively, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020, for the reasons described below:

(1) Rental Revenue

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio rental revenue increased by \$5.1 million, or 8.2%, and \$25.9 million, or 36.8%, respectively, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in our Same Properties Portfolio rental revenue is primarily due to an increase in average rental rates on new and renewal leases, an increase in the weighted average occupancy of the portfolio and a net increase in rental revenue due to bad debt recoveries and a decrease in reserves for tenant and deferred rent receivables, partially offset by a decrease in amortization of net below-market lease intangibles. Our Total Portfolio rental revenue was also positively impacted by the incremental revenues from the 72 properties we acquired between January 1, 2020, and September 30, 2021.

(2) Tenant Reimbursements

Our Same Properties Portfolio tenant reimbursements revenue increased by \$0.7 million, or 5.6%, and our Total Portfolio tenant reimbursements revenue increased by \$5.8 million, or 43.6%, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in our Same Properties Portfolio tenant reimbursements revenue is primarily due to an increase in the weighted average occupancy of the portfolio and an increase in recoverable property expenses, partially offset by a decrease in tenant reimbursements due to timing differences in completing prior year recoverable expense reconciliations for comparable periods. Our Total Portfolio tenant reimbursements revenue was also impacted by the incremental tenant reimbursements from the 72 properties we acquired between January 1, 2020 and September 30, 2021.

(3) Other Income

Our Same Properties Portfolio other income decreased by \$0.1 million, or 31.1%, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020, due to a decrease in miscellaneous income. Our Total Portfolio other income increased by \$10 thousand, or 4.5%, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020.

Management, Leasing and Development Services

Our Total Portfolio management, leasing and development services revenue increased by \$18 thousand, or 15.3%, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020.

Interest Income

Interest income decreased by \$0.1 million, or 94.0%, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to a decrease in the average cash balance invested in money market accounts.

Property Expenses

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio property expenses increased by \$0.2 million, or 1.3%, and \$6.8 million, or 33.0%, respectively, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in our Same Properties Portfolio property expenses is primarily due to increases in real estate tax expense relating to California Proposition 13 annual increases, allocated overhead costs reflecting a higher employee headcount and insurance expense due to increased premiums, partially offset by a decrease in repairs and maintenance expense, including roof repairs, landscaping maintenance and janitorial services. Our Total Portfolio property expenses were also impacted by incremental expenses from the 72 properties we acquired between January 1, 2020, and September 30, 2021.

General and Administrative

Our Total Portfolio general and administrative expenses increased by \$2.3 million, or 24.7%, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to increases in non-cash equity compensation expense primarily related to performance unit equity grants made in December 2020, accrued bonus expense and other various corporate expenses.

Depreciation and Amortization

Our Same Properties Portfolio depreciation and amortization expense decreased by \$0.7 million, or 2.8%, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to acquisition-related in-place lease intangibles becoming fully depreciated at certain of our properties subsequent to January 1, 2020, partially offset by an increase in depreciation expense related to capital improvements placed into service subsequent to January 1, 2020. Our Total Portfolio depreciation and amortization expense increased by \$9.9 million, or 34.2%, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to the incremental expense from the 72 properties we acquired between January 1, 2020, and September 30, 2021.

Acquisition Expenses

Our Total Portfolio acquisition expenses decreased by \$0.1 million, or 94.3%, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020.

Interest Expense

Our Total Portfolio interest expense increased by \$3.1 million, or 42.9%, during the three months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in interest expense is primarily comprised of the following: (i) a \$2.1 million increase due to the issuance of \$400.0 million of 2.125% senior notes in November 2020, (ii) a \$1.3 million increase due to the issuance of \$400.0 million of 2.150% senior notes in August 2021 and (iii) a \$0.7 million increase due to an increase in borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility. These increases were partially offset by the following decreases: (i) a \$0.5 million net decrease related to the repayment of our \$100.0 million term loan facility and termination of related interest rate swap in November 2020 and (ii) a \$0.5 million net decrease related to the repayment of our \$225.0 million unsecured term loan facility and termination of the related interest rate swap in August 2021. See Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements for additional details related to our interest rate swaps.

Loss on Extinguishment of Debt

In September 2021, we repaid our \$225.0 million unsecured term loan facility (the “\$225 Million Term Loan Facility”) in advance of the maturity date of January 14, 2023 without incurring any prepayment fees. The loss on extinguishment of debt of \$0.5 million represents the write-off of unamortized debt issuance costs related to the term loan facility.

Gains on Sale of Real Estate

During the three months ended September 30, 2021, we recognized gains on sale of real estate of \$13.7 million from the disposition of one property that was sold for a gross sales price of \$18.6 million. During the three months ended September 30, 2020, we recognized gains on sale of real estate of \$13.7 million from the disposition of three properties that were sold for an aggregate gross sales price of \$44.2 million.

Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021 to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

The following table summarizes the historical results of operations for our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 (dollars in thousands):

	Same Properties Portfolio				Total Portfolio			
	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	%	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	%
	2021	2020			2021	2020		
REVENUES								
Rental income	\$ 236,442	\$ 219,630	\$ 16,812	7.7 %	\$ 319,140	\$ 240,882	\$ 78,258	32.5 %
Management, leasing and development services	—	—	—	— %	350	325	25	7.7 %
Interest income	—	—	—	— %	36	279	(243)	(87.1)%
TOTAL REVENUES	236,442	219,630	16,812	7.7 %	319,526	241,486	78,040	32.3 %
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Property expenses	53,278	51,412	1,866	3.6 %	75,631	57,682	17,949	31.1 %
General and administrative	—	—	—	— %	33,981	27,753	6,228	22.4 %
Depreciation and amortization	73,203	76,556	(3,353)	(4.4)%	110,048	84,715	25,333	29.9 %
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	126,481	127,968	(1,487)	(1.2)%	219,660	170,150	49,510	29.1 %
OTHER EXPENSES								
Acquisition expenses	—	—	—	— %	35	89	(54)	(60.7)%
Interest expense	—	—	—	— %	29,772	22,176	7,596	34.3 %
TOTAL EXPENSES	126,481	127,968	(1,487)	(1.2)%	249,467	192,415	57,052	29.7 %
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	—	—	— %	(505)	—	(505)	100.0 %
Gains on sale of real estate	—	—	—	— %	27,312	13,669	13,643	99.8 %
NET INCOME	\$ 109,961	\$ 91,662	\$ 18,299	20.0 %	\$ 96,866	\$ 62,740	\$ 34,126	54.4 %

Rental Income

The following table reports the breakdown of 2021 and 2020 rental income, as reported prior to the adoption of ASC 842 (dollars in thousands). We believe that the below presentation of rental income is not, and is not intended to be, a presentation in accordance with GAAP. We are presenting this information because we believe it is frequently used by management, investors, securities analysts and other interested parties to evaluate the Company's performance.

Category	Same Properties Portfolio				Total Portfolio			
	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	%	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	%
	2021	2020			2021	2020		
Rental revenue ⁽¹⁾	\$ 198,704	\$ 185,033	\$ 13,671	7.4 %	\$ 265,671	\$ 202,757	\$ 62,914	31.0 %
Tenant reimbursements ⁽²⁾	37,277	34,211	3,066	9.0 %	52,787	37,673	15,114	40.1 %
Other income ⁽³⁾	461	386	75	19.4 %	682	452	230	50.9 %
Rental income	<u>\$ 236,442</u>	<u>\$ 219,630</u>	<u>\$ 16,812</u>	<u>7.7 %</u>	<u>\$ 319,140</u>	<u>\$ 240,882</u>	<u>\$ 78,258</u>	<u>32.5 %</u>

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio rental income increased by \$16.8 million, or 7.7%, and \$78.3 million, or 32.5%, respectively, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020, for the reasons described below:

(1) Rental Revenue

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio rental revenue increased by \$13.7 million, or 7.4%, and \$62.9 million, or 31.0%, respectively, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in our Same Properties Portfolio rental revenue is primarily due to the increase in average rental rates on new and renewal leases, an increase in the weighted average occupancy of the portfolio and a net increase in rental revenue due to bad debt recoveries and a decrease in reserves for tenant and deferred rent receivables, partially offset by a decrease in amortization of net below-market lease intangibles. Our Total Portfolio rental revenue was also positively impacted by the incremental revenues from the 72 properties we acquired between January 1, 2020, and September 30, 2021.

(2) Tenant Reimbursements

Our Same Properties Portfolio tenant reimbursements revenue increased by \$3.1 million, or 9.0%, and our Total Portfolio tenant reimbursements revenue increased by \$15.1 million, or 40.1% during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in our Same Properties Portfolio tenant reimbursements revenue is primarily due to an increase in the weighted average occupancy of the portfolio, an increase in recoverable property expenses and an increase in tenant reimbursements due to timing differences in completing prior year recoverable expense reconciliations for comparable periods. Our Total Portfolio tenant reimbursements revenue was also impacted by the incremental tenant reimbursements from the 72 properties we acquired between January 1, 2020 and September 30, 2021.

(3) Other Income

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio other income increased by \$0.1 million, or 19.4%, and \$0.2 million, or 50.9%, respectively, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to an increase in miscellaneous income.

Management, Leasing and Development Services

Our Total Portfolio management, leasing and development services revenue increased by \$25 thousand, or 7.7%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Interest Income

Interest income decreased by \$0.2 million, or 87.1%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020, due to a decrease in both the average cash balance invested in money market accounts and the average interest rate earned.

Property Expenses

Our Same Properties Portfolio and Total Portfolio property expenses increased by \$1.9 million, or 3.6%, and \$17.9 million, or 31.1%, respectively, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in our Same Properties Portfolio property expenses is primarily due to increases in real estate tax expense relating to California Proposition 13 annual increases, allocated overhead costs reflecting a higher employee headcount, insurance expense due to increased premiums, non-recoverable costs related to fire and water damage at two properties and utilities expense. Our Total Portfolio property expenses were also impacted by incremental expenses from the 72 properties we acquired between January 1, 2020, and September 30, 2021.

General and Administrative

Our Total Portfolio general and administrative expenses increased by \$6.2 million, or 22.4%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to increases in non-cash equity compensation expense primarily related to performance unit equity grants made in December 2020, accrued bonus expense and payroll related costs due to a higher employee headcount.

Depreciation and Amortization

Our Same Properties Portfolio depreciation and amortization expense decreased by \$3.4 million, or 4.4%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to acquisition-related in-place lease intangibles becoming fully depreciated at certain of our properties subsequent to January 1, 2020, partially offset by an increase in depreciation expense related to capital improvements placed into service subsequent to January 1, 2020. Our Total Portfolio depreciation and amortization expense increased by \$25.3 million, or 29.9%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to the incremental expense from the 72 properties we acquired between January 1, 2020, and September 30, 2021.

Acquisition Expenses

Our Total Portfolio acquisition expenses decreased by \$54 thousand or 60.7%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Interest Expense

Our Total Portfolio interest expense increased by \$7.6 million, or 34.3%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in interest expense is primarily comprised of the following: (i) a \$6.4 million increase due to the issuance of \$400.0 million of 2.125% senior notes in November 2020, (ii) a \$1.3 million increase due to the issuance of \$400.0 million of 2.15% senior notes in August 2021, (iii) a \$0.9 million increase due to the assumption of \$66.4 million of debt as part of the consideration for the acquisition of 11 properties during 2020 and one additional property during 2021 and (iv) a \$0.8 million increase due to an increase in borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility and higher facility fees. These increases were partially offset by the following decreases: (i) a \$1.2 million net decrease related to the repayment of our \$100.0 million term loan facility and termination of the related interest rate swap in November 2020, (ii) a \$0.6 million net decrease related to the repayment of the \$225 Million Term Loan Facility and termination of the related interest rate swaps in August 2021 and (iii) a \$0.4 million decrease related to our variable rate \$60 million term loan due to a decrease in LIBOR. See Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements for additional details related to our interest rate swaps.

Loss on Extinguishment of Debt

In September 2021, we repaid the \$225 Million Term Loan Facility in advance of the January 2023 maturity date without incurring any prepayment fees. The loss on extinguishment of debt of \$0.5 million represents the write-off of unamortized debt issuance costs related to the term loan facility.

Gains on Sale of Real Estate

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we recognized gains on sale of real estate of \$27.3 million from the disposition of four properties that were sold for an aggregate gross sales price of \$47.6 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, we recognized gains on sale of real estate of \$13.7 million from the disposition of three properties that were sold for an aggregate gross sales price of \$44.2 million.

Non-GAAP Supplemental Measure: Funds From Operations

We calculate funds from operations (“FFO”) attributable to common stockholder in accordance with the standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (“NAREIT”). FFO represents net income (loss) (computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”)), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of depreciable operating property or assets incidental to our business, impairment losses of depreciable operating property or assets incidental to our business, real estate related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs and amortization of above/below-market lease intangibles) and after adjustments for unconsolidated joint ventures.

Management uses FFO as a supplemental performance measure because, in excluding real estate related depreciation and amortization, gains and losses from property dispositions, and asset impairments, it provides a performance measure that, when compared year over year, captures trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs. We also believe that, as a widely recognized measure of performance used by other REITs, FFO may be used by investors as a basis to compare our operating performance with that of other REITs.

However, because FFO excludes depreciation and amortization and captures neither the changes in the value of our properties that result from use or market conditions nor the level of capital expenditures and leasing commissions necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties, all of which have real economic effects and could materially impact our results from operations, the utility of FFO as a measure of our performance is limited. Other equity REITs may not calculate or interpret FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition as we do, and, accordingly, our FFO may not be comparable to such other REITs’ FFO. FFO should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, and is not indicative of funds available for our cash needs, including our ability to pay dividends.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net income, the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, to FFO (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Net income	\$ 40,186	\$ 31,197	\$ 96,866	\$ 62,740
Add:				
Depreciation and amortization	38,676	28,811	110,048	84,715
Deduct:				
Gains on sale of real estate	13,702	13,669	27,312	13,669
Funds From Operations (FFO)	\$ 65,160	\$ 46,339	\$ 179,602	\$ 133,786
Less: preferred stock dividends	(2,976)	(3,636)	(10,249)	(10,909)
Less: original issuance costs of redeemed preferred stock	(3,349)	—	(3,349)	—
Less: FFO attributable to noncontrolling interest ⁽¹⁾	(3,277)	(2,017)	(9,667)	(5,472)
Less: FFO attributable to participating securities ⁽²⁾	(223)	(197)	(656)	(584)
FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$ 55,335	\$ 40,489	\$ 155,681	\$ 116,821

(1) Noncontrolling interests represent (i) holders of outstanding common units of the Company's Operating Partnership that are owned by unit holders other than the Company and (ii) holders of Series 1 CPOP Units and Series 2 CPOP Units.

(2) Participating securities include unvested shares of restricted stock, unvested LTIP units and unvested performance units.

Non-GAAP Supplemental Measures: NOI and Cash NOI

Net operating income (“NOI”) is a non-GAAP measure which includes the revenue and expense directly attributable to our real estate properties. NOI is calculated as rental income less property expenses (before interest expense, depreciation and amortization).

We use NOI as a supplemental performance measure because, in excluding real estate depreciation and amortization expense, general and administrative expenses, interest expense, gains (or losses) on sale of real estate and other non-operating items, it provides a performance measure that, when compared year over year, captures trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs. We also believe that NOI will be useful to investors as a basis to compare our operating performance with that of other REITs. However, because NOI excludes depreciation and amortization expense and captures neither the changes in the value of our properties that result from use or market conditions, nor the level of capital expenditures and leasing commissions necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties (all of which have real economic effect and could materially impact our results from operations), the utility of NOI as a measure of our performance is limited. Other equity REITs may not calculate NOI in a similar manner and, accordingly, our NOI may not be comparable to such other REITs' NOI. Accordingly, NOI should be considered only as a supplement to net income as a measure of our performance. NOI should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs. NOI should not be used as a substitute for cash flow from operating activities in accordance with GAAP.

NOI on a cash-basis ("Cash NOI") is a non-GAAP measure, which we calculate by adding or subtracting the following items from NOI: (i) fair value lease revenue and (ii) straight-line rental revenue adjustments. We use Cash NOI, together with NOI, as a supplemental performance measure. Cash NOI should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs. Cash NOI should not be used as a substitute for cash flow from operating activities computed in accordance with GAAP.

The following table sets forth the revenue and expense items comprising NOI and the adjustments to calculate Cash NOI (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Rental income	\$ 115,260	\$ 83,622	319,140	240,882
Property expenses	27,501	20,684	75,631	57,682
Net Operating Income	\$ 87,759	\$ 62,938	\$ 243,509	\$ 183,200
Amortization of (below) above market lease intangibles, net	(3,191)	(2,751)	(9,289)	(7,822)
Straight line rental revenue adjustment	(5,865)	(3,088)	(14,904)	(10,972)
Cash Net Operating Income	\$ 78,703	\$ 57,099	\$ 219,316	\$ 164,406

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net income, the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, to NOI and Cash NOI (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Net income	\$ 40,186	\$ 31,197	\$ 96,866	\$ 62,740
Add:				
General and administrative	11,806	9,464	33,981	27,753
Depreciation and amortization	38,676	28,811	110,048	84,715
Acquisition expenses	4	70	35	89
Interest expense	10,427	7,299	29,772	22,176
Loss on extinguishment of debt	505	—	505	—
Deduct:				
Management, leasing and development services	136	118	350	325
Interest income	7	116	36	279
Gains on sale of real estate	13,702	13,669	27,312	13,669
Net Operating Income	\$ 87,759	\$ 62,938	\$ 243,509	\$ 183,200
Amortization of (below) above market lease intangibles, net	(3,191)	(2,751)	(9,289)	(7,822)
Straight line rental revenue adjustment	(5,865)	(3,088)	(14,904)	(10,972)
Cash Net Operating Income	\$ 78,703	\$ 57,099	\$ 219,316	\$ 164,406

Non-GAAP Supplemental Measure: EBITDAre

We calculate earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization for real estate (“EBITDAre”) in accordance with the standards established by NAREIT. EBITDAre is calculated as net income (loss) (computed in accordance with GAAP), before interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization, gains (or losses) from sales of depreciable operating property, impairment losses and adjustments for unconsolidated joint ventures.

We believe that EBITDAre is helpful to investors as a supplemental measure of our operating performance as a real estate company because it is a direct measure of the actual operating results of our properties. We also use this measure in ratios to compare our performance to that of our industry peers. In addition, we believe EBITDAre is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of equity REITs. However, our industry peers may not calculate EBITDAre in accordance with the NAREIT definition as we do and, accordingly, our EBITDAre may not be comparable to our peers’ EBITDAre. Accordingly, EBITDAre should be considered only as a supplement to net income (loss) as a measure of our performance.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net income, the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, to EBITDAre (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Net income	\$ 40,186	\$ 31,197	\$ 96,866	\$ 62,740
Interest expense	10,427	7,299	29,772	22,176
Depreciation and amortization	38,676	28,811	110,048	84,715
Gains on sale of real estate	(13,702)	(13,669)	(27,312)	(13,669)
EBITDAre	\$ 75,587	\$ 53,638	\$ 209,374	\$ 155,962

Supplemental Guarantor Information

In March 2020, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) adopted amendments to Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X and created Rule 13-01 to simplify disclosure requirements related to certain registered securities. The rule became effective January 4, 2021. The Company and the Operating Partnership have filed a registration statement on Form S-3 with the SEC registering, among other securities, debt securities of the Operating Partnership, which will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Company. At September 30, 2021, the Operating Partnership had issued and outstanding \$400.0 million of 2.125% Senior Notes due 2030 (the “\$400 Million Notes due 2030”) and the \$400 Million Notes due 2031. The obligations of the Operating Partnership to pay principal, premiums, if any, and interest on the \$400 Million Notes due 2030 and \$400 Million Notes due 2031 are guaranteed on a senior basis by the Company. The guarantee is full and unconditional, and the Operating Partnership is a consolidated subsidiary of the Company.

As a result of the amendments to Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X, subsidiary issuers of obligations guaranteed by the parent are not required to provide separate financial statements, provided that the subsidiary obligor is consolidated into the parent company’s consolidated financial statements, the parent guarantee is “full and unconditional” and, subject to certain exceptions as set forth below, the alternative disclosure required by Rule 13-01 is provided, which includes narrative disclosure and summarized financial information. Accordingly, separate consolidated financial statements of the Operating Partnership have not been presented. Furthermore, as permitted under Rule 13-01(a)(4)(vi), the Company has excluded the summarized financial information for the Operating Partnership as the assets, liabilities and results of operations of the Company and the Operating Partnership are not materially different than the corresponding amounts presented in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, and management believes such summarized financial information would be repetitive and not provide incremental value to investors.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

Our short-term liquidity requirements consist primarily of funds to pay for operating expenses, interest expense, general and administrative expenses, capital expenditures, tenant improvements and leasing commissions, and distributions to our common and preferred stockholders and holders of common units of partnership interests in our Operating Partnership (“OP Units”). We expect to meet our short-term liquidity requirements through available cash on hand, cash flow from operations, by

drawing on our unsecured revolving credit facility and by issuing shares of common stock pursuant to our at-the-market equity offering program or issuing other securities as described below.

Our long-term liquidity needs consist primarily of funds necessary to pay for acquisitions, recurring and non-recurring capital expenditures and scheduled debt maturities. We intend to satisfy our long-term liquidity needs through net cash flow from operations, proceeds from long-term unsecured and secured financings, borrowings available under our unsecured revolving credit facility, the issuance of debt and/or equity securities, including preferred stock, and proceeds from selective real estate dispositions as we identify capital recycling opportunities.

As of September 30, 2021, our cash and cash equivalents were \$60.2 million, and we did not have any borrowings outstanding under our unsecured revolving credit facility, leaving \$700.0 million available for future borrowings.

Sources of Liquidity

Cash Flow from Operations

Cash flow from operations is one of our key sources of liquidity and is primarily dependent upon: (i) the occupancy levels and lease rates at our properties, (ii) our ability to collect rent, (iii) the level of operating costs we incur and (iv) our ability to pass through operating expenses to our tenants. Our ability to use cash from operations to continue to meet our liquidity needs could be affected by various risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. We are subject to a number of risks, which have been heightened as the result of the COVID-19 pandemic, related to general economic conditions, including reduced occupancy levels, tenant defaults and bankruptcies and potential reductions in rental rates on new and renewal leases, which have the potential to affect our overall performance and resulting cash flows from operations.

ATM Program

On November 9, 2020, we established an at-the-market equity offering program pursuant to which we may sell from time to time shares of our common stock having an aggregate sales price of up to \$750.0 million (the “\$750 Million ATM Program”) through sales agents or by entering into forward equity sale agreements with certain financial institutions acting as forward purchasers.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we directly sold a total of 3,201,560 shares of our common stock under the \$750 Million ATM Program at a weighted average price of \$52.27 per share, for gross proceeds of \$167.3 million, and net proceeds of \$165.2 million, after deducting the sales agents’ fee.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we also entered into forward equity sale agreements with certain financial institutions acting as forward purchasers under the \$750 Million ATM Program with respect to 4,409,571 shares of our common stock at a weighted average initial forward sale price of \$56.80 per share. We did not receive any proceeds from the sale of common shares by the forward purchasers at the time of sale.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we physically settled the forward equity sale agreements related to the \$750 Million ATM Program in full by issuing 4,409,571 shares of common stock in exchange for net proceeds of \$250.3 million. The net proceeds were calculated based on a weighted average net forward sale price at the time of settlement of \$56.76 per share.

As of September 30, 2021, approximately \$299.4 million of common stock remains available to be sold under the \$750 Million ATM Program. Future sales, if any, will depend on a variety of factors to be determined by us from time to time, including among others, market conditions, the trading price of our common stock and capital needs. We intend to use the net proceeds from the offering of shares under the \$750 Million ATM Program, if any, to fund potential acquisition opportunities, repay amounts outstanding from time to time under our unsecured revolving credit facility or other debt financing obligations, to fund our repositioning or redevelopment activities and/or for general corporate purposes.

Securities Offerings

We evaluate the capital markets on an ongoing basis for opportunities to raise capital, and as circumstances warrant, we may issue additional securities, from time to time, to fund acquisitions, for the repayment of long-term debt upon maturity and for other general corporate purposes. Such securities may include common equity, preferred equity and/or debt of us or our subsidiaries. Any future issuance, however, is dependent upon market conditions, available pricing and capital needs and there can be no assurance that we will be able to complete any such offerings of securities.

Issuance of \$400 Million Notes Due 2031 — On August 4, 2021, we completed the underwritten public offering of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031. The \$400 Million Notes due 2031 were issued to the public at 99.014% of the principal amount,

with a coupon rate of 2.150%. Interest on the \$400 Million Notes due 2031 is payable semiannually on the first day of March and September in each year, beginning on March 1, 2022, until maturity on September 1, 2031.

We may redeem the \$400 Million Notes due 2031 at our option and sole discretion, in whole at any time or in part from time to time prior to June 1, 2031 (three months prior to the maturity date of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031), at a redemption price equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031 being redeemed; and (ii) a make-whole premium calculated in accordance with the indenture. Notwithstanding the foregoing, on or after June 1, 2031 (three months prior to the maturity date of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031), the redemption price will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031 being redeemed.

The proceeds from the \$400 Million Notes due 2031 are expected to be allocated to investments in recently completed or future green building, energy and resource efficiency and renewable energy projects, including the development and redevelopment of such projects. Pending the allocation to eligible green projects, proceeds were initially used to repay the \$225 Million Term Loan Facility, to fund the redemption of all shares of the Series A Preferred Stock, and acquisition activities.

May 2021 Equity Offering — On May 24, 2021, we entered into forward equity sale agreements with certain financial institutions acting as forward purchasers in connection with an underwritten public offering of 9,000,000 shares of common stock at an initial forward sale price of \$55.29 per share (the “May 2021 Forward Sale Agreements”), pursuant to which, the forward purchasers borrowed and sold an aggregate of 9,000,000 shares of common stock in the offering. We did not receive any proceeds from the sale of common shares by the forward purchasers at the time of the offering.

In June 2021, we partially settled the May 2021 Forward Sale Agreements by issuing 1,809,526 shares of common stock in exchange for net proceeds of \$100.0 million. The net proceeds were calculated based on the net forward sale price on the settlement date of \$55.26 per share.

In September 2021, we settled the remaining shares under the May 2021 Forward Sale Agreements by issuing 7,190,474 shares of our common stock in exchange for net proceeds of \$395.0 million. The net proceeds were calculated based on the net forward sale price on the settlement date of \$54.93.

September 2021 Equity Offering — On September 27, 2021, we completed an underwritten public offering of 9,600,000 shares of common stock in which we (i) issued an aggregate of 3,100,000 shares of common stock to the underwriters at a purchase price of \$58.65 per share for proceeds of \$181.8 million, and (ii) entered into forward equity sale agreements with certain financial institutions acting as forward purchasers for 6,500,000 shares of common stock at an initial forward sale price of \$58.65 per share (the “September 2021 Forward Sale Agreements”), pursuant to which the forward purchasers borrowed and sold an aggregate of 6,500,000 shares of common stock in the offering. We did not receive any proceeds from the sale of common shares by the forward purchasers at the time of the offering.

We currently expect to physically settle the September 2021 Forward Sale Agreements and receive cash proceeds upon one or more settlement dates, at our discretion, prior to the final settlement date on March 22, 2023. As of September 30, 2021, the net forward sale price was \$58.41 and would result in \$379.6 million in cash proceeds upon full physical settlement of the September 2021 Forward Sale Agreements.

Capital Recycling

We continuously evaluate opportunities for the potential disposition of properties in our portfolio when we believe such disposition is appropriate in view of our business objectives. In evaluating these opportunities, we consider a variety of criteria including, but not limited to, local market conditions and lease rates, asset type and location, as well as potential uses of proceeds and tax considerations. Tax considerations include entering into tax-deferred like-kind exchanges under Section 1031 of the Code (“1031 Exchange”), when possible, to defer some or all of the taxable gains, if any, on dispositions.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, we completed the sale of four properties for a total gross sales price of \$47.6 million and total net cash proceeds of \$45.4 million. The net cash proceeds were used to partially fund the acquisition of six properties during the nine months ended September 30, 2021, through 1031 Exchange transactions.

We anticipate continuing to selectively and opportunistically dispose of properties, however, the timing of any potential future dispositions will depend on market conditions, asset-specific circumstances or opportunities, and our capital needs. Our ability to dispose of selective properties on advantageous terms, or at all, is dependent upon a number of factors including the availability of credit to potential buyers to purchase properties at prices that we consider acceptable, which may be impacted by the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic.

Investment Grade Rating

Our credit ratings at September 30, 2021, were Baa3 from Moody's, BBB from S&P and BBB from Fitch, with a stable outlook for all three, with respect to our Credit Agreement (described below), \$150 million unsecured term loan facility (the "\$150 Million Term Loan Facility"), \$100 million unsecured guaranteed senior notes (the "\$100 Million Notes"), \$25 million unsecured guaranteed senior notes and \$75 million unsecured guaranteed senior notes (together the "Series 2019A and 2019B Notes"), \$400 Million Notes due 2030 and \$400 Million Notes due 2031. Our credit rating at September 30, 2021, was BB+ from both Fitch and S&P with respect to our 5.875% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock and our 5.625% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. Our credit ratings are based on our operating performance, liquidity and leverage ratios, overall financial position and other factors employed by the credit rating agencies in their rating analysis of us, and, although it is our intent to maintain our investment grade credit rating, there can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain our current credit ratings. In the event our current credit ratings are downgraded, it may become difficult or more expensive to obtain additional financing or refinance existing indebtedness as maturities become due.

Credit Agreement

On June 30, 2021, we exercised our option under the Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") to utilize the accordion feature to increase the authorized borrowing capacity of our unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Revolver") by \$200.0 million from \$500.0 million to \$700.0 million. Subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in the Credit Agreement, we may increase the size of the Credit Agreement by an additional \$700.0 million, which may be comprised of additional revolving commitments under the Revolver, term loan tranches or any combination of the foregoing.

The Revolver is scheduled to mature on February 13, 2024 and has two six-month extension options available. Interest on the Revolver is generally to be paid based upon, at our option, either (i) LIBOR plus an applicable margin that is based upon our investment grade ratings or (ii) the Base Rate (which is defined as the highest of (a) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (b) the administrative agent's prime rate or (c) the Eurodollar Rate plus 1.00%) plus an applicable margin that is based on our investment grade ratings. As of September 30, 2021, the margins for the Revolver range from 0.725% to 1.40% per annum for LIBOR-based loans and 0.00% to 0.45% per annum for Base Rate-based loans, depending on our investment grade ratings.

In addition to the interest payable on amounts outstanding under the Revolver, we are required to pay an applicable facility fee on each lender's commitment amount under the Revolver, regardless of usage. The applicable facility fee ranges in amount from 0.125% to 0.300% per annum, depending on our investment grade ratings.

The Revolver may be voluntarily prepaid in whole or in part at any time without premium or penalty.

The Credit Agreement contains usual and customary events of default including defaults in the payment of principal, interest or fees, defaults in compliance with the covenants set forth in the Credit Agreement and other loan documentation, cross-defaults to certain other indebtedness, and bankruptcy and other insolvency defaults. If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the Credit Agreement, the unpaid principal amount of all outstanding loans, together with all accrued unpaid interest and other amounts owing in respect thereof, may be declared immediately due and payable.

As of the filing date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we had \$12.0 million outstanding under the Revolver, leaving \$688.0 million available for future borrowings.

Uses of Liquidity

Acquisitions

One of our most significant liquidity needs has historically been for the acquisition of real estate properties. Year to date including properties acquired subsequent to quarter end, we have acquired 36 properties with 3.7 million rentable square feet of buildings and 156.3 acres of low coverage outdoor storage sites and land for near term redevelopment for an aggregate purchase price of \$1.3 billion, and we are actively monitoring a volume of properties in our markets that we believe represent attractive potential investment opportunities to continue to grow our business. As of the filing date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we have over \$300 million of acquisitions under contract or letter of intent. There can be no assurance we will complete any such acquisitions. While the actual number of acquisitions that we complete will be dependent upon a number of factors, in the short term, we expect to fund our acquisitions through available cash on hand, cash flows from operations, borrowings available under the Revolver, recycling capital through property dispositions and, in the long term, through the issuance of equity securities or proceeds from long-term secured and unsecured financings. See Note 3 "Investments in Real Estate" to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a summary of the properties we acquired during the nine months ended September 30, 2021.

Recurring and Nonrecurring Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures are considered part of both our short-term and long-term liquidity requirements. As discussed above under — Factors that May Influence Future Results — Acquisitions and Value-Add Repositioning and Redevelopment of Properties, as of September 30, 2021, nine of our properties were under current repositioning, redevelopment, or lease-up and we have a pipeline of 12 additional properties for which we anticipate beginning construction work over the next six quarters. We currently estimate that approximately \$241.6 million of capital will be required over the next three full and partial years (2021-2023), to complete the repositioning/redevelopment of these properties. However, this estimate is based on our current construction plans and budgets, both of which are subject to change as a result of a number of factors, including as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and restrictions intended to prevent its spread, which has and may continue to cause delays or which may increase costs associated with building materials or construction services. If we are unable to complete construction on schedule or within budget, we could incur increased construction costs and experience potential delays in leasing the properties. We expect to fund these projects through a combination of cash flow from operations, the issuance of common stock under the \$750 Million ATM Program and borrowings available under the Revolver.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding non-recurring and recurring capital expenditures at the properties in our portfolio as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021		
	Total ⁽¹⁾	Square Feet ⁽²⁾	Per Square Foot ⁽³⁾
Non-Recurring Capital Expenditures ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 58,823	21,569,721	\$ 2.73
Recurring Capital Expenditures ⁽⁵⁾	7,103	32,534,710	\$ 0.22
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 65,926		

- (1) Cost is reported in thousands. Excludes the following capitalized costs: (i) compensation costs of personnel directly responsible for and who spend their time on redevelopment, renovation and rehabilitation activity and (ii) interest, property taxes and insurance costs incurred during the pre-construction and construction periods of repositioning or redevelopment projects.
- (2) For non-recurring capital expenditures, reflects the aggregate square footage of the properties in which we incurred such capital expenditures. For recurring capital expenditures, reflects the weighted average square footage of our consolidated portfolio during the period.
- (3) Per square foot amounts are calculated by dividing the aggregate capital expenditure costs by the square footage as defined in (2) above.
- (4) Non-recurring capital expenditures are expenditures made with respect to improvements to the appearance of such property or any redevelopment or other major upgrade or renovation of such property, and further includes capital expenditures for seismic upgrades, or capital expenditures for deferred maintenance existing at the time such property was acquired.
- (5) Recurring capital expenditures are expenditures made with respect to the maintenance of such property and replacement of items due to ordinary wear and tear including, but not limited to, expenditures made for maintenance of parking lots, roofing materials, mechanical systems, HVAC systems and other structural systems.

Contractual Obligations

The following table sets forth our principal obligations and commitments as of September 30, 2021, including (i) scheduled principal payments and debt maturities, (ii) periodic interest payments related to our outstanding indebtedness and interest rate swaps, (iii) office lease payments and (iv) other contractual obligations (in thousands):

	Payments by Period						
	Total	Remainder of 2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Thereafter
Principal payments and debt maturities	\$ 1,400,552	\$ 535	\$ 2,177	\$ 64,815	\$ 13,403	\$ 250,972	\$ 1,068,650
Interest payments - fixed-rate debt ⁽¹⁾	274,179	6,164	33,535	32,834	32,370	32,039	137,237
Interest payments - variable-rate debt ⁽²⁾	20,271	1,663	6,596	6,203	5,199	610	—
Ground and office lease payments ⁽³⁾	5,731	420	1,615	1,624	1,600	472	—
Contractual obligations ⁽⁴⁾	68,152	68,152	—	—	—	—	—
Total	\$ 1,768,885	\$ 76,934	\$ 43,923	\$ 105,476	\$ 52,572	\$ 284,093	\$ 1,205,887

- (1) Reflects scheduled interest payments on our fixed rate debt, including the \$100 Million Notes, \$125 Million Notes, Series 2019A Notes, Series 2019B Notes, \$400 Million Notes due 2030, \$400 Million Notes due 2031 and our various mortgage loans.
- (2) Reflects an estimate of interest payments due on variable rate debt, including the impact of interest rate swaps. For variable rate debt where interest is paid based on LIBOR plus an applicable LIBOR margin, we used the applicable LIBOR margin in effect as of September 30, 2021, and the one-month LIBOR rate of 0.08025%, as of September 30, 2021. Furthermore, it is assumed that any maturity extension options available are not exercised.
- (3) See Note 6 to our consolidated financial statements for further details regarding leases.
- (4) Includes total commitments for tenant improvements related to obligations under certain tenant leases and construction work related to obligations under contractual agreements with our construction vendors. We anticipate these obligations to be paid as incurred through the remainder of 2021 and 2022, however, as the timing of these obligations is subject to a number of factors, for purposes of this table, we have included the full amount under "Remainder of 2021".

Redemption of Series A Preferred Stock

On August 16, 2021 (the "Redemption Date"), we redeemed all 3,600,000 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock. The redemption price for the Series A Preferred Stock was equal to \$25.00 per share, plus all accrued and unpaid dividends on such shares up to but not including the Redemption Date, in an amount equal to \$0.183594 per share, for a total payment of \$25.183594 per share, or \$90.7 million. Upon redemption of the outstanding Series A Preferred Stock, we incurred an associated non-cash charge of \$3.3 million as a reduction to net income available to common stockholders for the related original issuance costs.

Dividends and Distributions

In order to maintain our qualification as a REIT, we are required to distribute annually at least 90% of our REIT taxable income, determined without regard to the dividends paid deduction and excluding any net capital gains. To satisfy the requirements to qualify as a REIT and generally not be subject to U.S. federal income tax, we intend to distribute a percentage of our cash flow on a quarterly basis to holders of our common stock. In addition, we intend to make distribution payments to holders of OP Units and preferred units and dividend payments to holders of our preferred stock.

On October 18, 2021, our board of directors declared the following quarterly cash dividends/distributions:

Security	Amount per Share/Unit	Record Date	Payment Date
Common stock	\$ 0.24	December 31, 2021	January 18, 2022
OP Units	\$ 0.24	December 31, 2021	January 18, 2022
5.875% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock	\$ 0.367188	December 15, 2021	December 31, 2021
5.625% Series C Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock	\$ 0.351563	December 15, 2021	December 31, 2021
4.43937% Cumulative Redeemable Convertible Preferred Units	\$ 0.505085	December 15, 2021	December 31, 2021
4.00% Cumulative Redeemable Convertible Preferred Units	\$ 0.45	December 15, 2021	December 31, 2021

Consolidated Indebtedness

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to our consolidated indebtedness outstanding as of September 30, 2021:

	<u>Contractual Maturity Date</u>	<u>Margin Above LIBOR</u>	<u>Effective Interest Rate⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Principal Balance (in thousands)⁽²⁾</u>	<u>Maturity Date of Effective Swaps</u>
Unsecured and Secured Debt:					
Unsecured Debt:					
Revolving Credit Facility ⁽³⁾	2/13/2024 ⁽⁴⁾	0.850 % ⁽⁵⁾	0.930 %	\$ —	
\$150M Term Loan Facility	5/22/2025	0.950 % ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	3.713 % ⁽⁷⁾	150,000	11/22/2024
\$100M Senior Notes	8/6/2025	n/a	4.290 %	100,000	
\$125M Senior Notes	7/13/2027	n/a	3.930 %	125,000	
\$25M Series 2019A Senior Notes	7/16/2029	n/a	3.880 %	25,000	
\$400M Senior Notes due 2030	12/1/2030	n/a	2.125 %	400,000	
\$400M Senior Notes due 2031	9/1/2031	n/a	2.150 %	400,000	
\$75M Series 2019B Senior Notes	7/16/2034	n/a	4.030 %	75,000	
Total Unsecured Debt				\$ 1,275,000	
Secured Debt:					
2601-2641 Manhattan Beach Boulevard	4/5/2023	n/a	4.080 %	\$ 3,980	
\$60M Term Loan	8/1/2023 ⁽⁸⁾	1.700 %	1.780 %	58,304	
960-970 Knox Street	11/1/2023	n/a	5.000 %	2,422	
7612-7642 Woodwind Drive	1/5/2024	n/a	5.240 %	3,829	
11600 Los Nietos Road	5/1/2024	n/a	4.190 %	2,667	
5160 Richton Street	11/15/2024	n/a	3.790 %	4,301	
22895 Eastpark Drive	11/15/2024	n/a	4.330 %	2,699	
701-751 Kingshill Place	1/5/2026	n/a	3.900 %	7,100	
13943-13955 Balboa Boulevard	7/1/2027	n/a	3.930 %	15,406	
2205 126th Street	12/1/2027	n/a	3.910 %	5,200	
2410-2420 Santa Fe Avenue	1/1/2028	n/a	3.700 %	10,300	
11832-11954 La Cienega Boulevard	7/1/2028	n/a	4.260 %	4,019	
Gilbert/La Palma	3/1/2031	n/a	5.125 %	2,163	
7817 Woodley Avenue	8/1/2039	n/a	4.140 %	3,162	
Total Secured Debt				\$ 125,552	
Total Consolidated Debt			2.832 %	\$ 1,400,552	

- (1) Includes the effect of interest rate swaps that were effective as of September 30, 2021. Assumes a 1-month LIBOR rate of 0.08025% as of September 30, 2021, as applicable. Excludes the effect of amortization of debt issuance costs, premiums/discounts and the facility fee on the Revolver.
- (2) Excludes unamortized debt issuance costs and premiums/discounts totaling \$13.9 million as of September 30, 2021.
- (3) The Revolver is subject to an applicable facility fee which is calculated as a percentage of the total lenders' commitment amount, regardless of usage. The applicable facility fee will range from 0.125% to 0.300% per annum depending upon our investment grade rating.
- (4) Two additional six-month extensions are available at the borrower's option, subject to certain terms and conditions.
- (5) The interest rates on these loans are comprised of LIBOR plus a LIBOR margin. The LIBOR margin will range from 0.725% to 1.400% per annum for the Revolver and 0.80% to 1.60% per annum for the \$150 Million Term Loan Facility, depending on our investment grade rating, which may change from time to time.

- (6) On June 30, 2021, we amended the \$150 Million Term Loan to reduce the applicable LIBOR margin from a range of 1.40% to 2.35% per annum to a range of 0.80% to 1.60% per annum, based on our credit ratings.
- (7) As of September 30, 2021, the \$150 Million Term Loan Facility has been effectively fixed at 2.7625% plus an applicable LIBOR margin through the use of an interest rate swap with a notional value of \$150.0 million and an effective date of July 22, 2019.
- (8) The \$60 million term loan is secured by six properties. One 24-month extension is available at the borrower's option, subject to certain terms and conditions.

The following table summarizes the composition of our consolidated debt between fixed-rate and variable-rate and secured and unsecured debt as of September 30, 2021:

	Average Term Remaining (in years)	Stated Interest Rate	Effective Interest Rate ⁽¹⁾	Principal Balance (in thousands) ⁽²⁾	% of Total
Fixed vs. Variable:					
Fixed	8.1	2.88%	2.88%	\$ 1,342,248	96%
Variable	1.8	LIBOR + 1.70%	1.78%	\$ 58,304	4%
Secured vs. Unsecured:					
Secured	3.8		3.02%	\$ 125,552	9%
Unsecured	8.2		2.81%	\$ 1,275,000	91%

- (1) Includes the effect of interest rate swaps that were effective as of September 30, 2021. Excludes the effect of amortization of debt issuance costs, premiums/discounts and the facility fee on the Revolver. Assumes a one-month LIBOR rate of 0.08025% as of September 30, 2021, as applicable.
- (2) Excludes unamortized debt issuance costs and discounts totaling \$13.9 million as of September 30, 2021.

At September 30, 2021, we had total consolidated indebtedness of \$1.4 billion, excluding unamortized debt issuance costs and premiums/discounts, with a weighted average interest rate of 2.83% and an average term-to-maturity of 7.8 years. As of September 30, 2021, \$1.3 billion, or 96% of our outstanding indebtedness had an interest rate that was effectively fixed under either the terms of the loan (\$1.2 billion) or an interest rate swap (\$150.0 million).

At September 30, 2021, we had consolidated indebtedness of \$1.4 billion, reflecting a net debt to total combined market capitalization of approximately 12.7%. Our total market capitalization is defined as the sum of the liquidation preference of our outstanding preferred stock and preferred units plus the market value of our common stock excluding shares of nonvested restricted stock, plus the aggregate value of common units not owned by us, plus the value of our net debt. Our net debt is defined as our consolidated indebtedness less cash and cash equivalents.

Debt Covenants

The Credit Agreement, \$150 Million Term Loan Facility, \$100 Million Notes, \$125 Million Notes and Series 2019A and 2019B Notes all include a series of financial and other covenants that we must comply with, including the following covenants which are tested on a quarterly basis:

- Maintaining a ratio of total indebtedness to total asset value of not more than 60%;
- For the Credit Agreement and \$150 Million Term Loan Facility, maintaining a ratio of secured debt to total asset value of not more than 45%;
- For the \$100 Million Notes, \$125 Million Notes and Series 2019A and 2019B Notes (together the "Senior Notes"), maintaining a ratio of secured debt to total asset value of not more than 40%;
- For the Senior Notes, maintaining a ratio of total secured recourse debt to total asset value of not more than 15%;
- For the Credit Agreement and \$150 Million Term Loan Facility, maintaining a minimum tangible net worth of at least the sum of (i) \$2,061,865,500, and (ii) an amount equal to at least 75% of the net equity proceeds received by the Company after September 30, 2019;
- For the Senior Notes, maintaining a minimum tangible net worth of at least the sum of (i) \$760,740,750, and (ii) an amount equal to at least 75% of the net equity proceeds received by the Company after September 30, 2016;

- Maintaining a ratio of adjusted EBITDA (as defined in each of the loan agreements) to fixed charges of at least 1.5 to 1.0;
- Maintaining a ratio of total unsecured debt to total unencumbered asset value of not more than 60%; and
- Maintaining a ratio of unencumbered NOI (as defined in each of the loan agreements) to unsecured interest expense of at least 1.75 to 1.00.

The \$400 Million Notes due 2030 and \$400 Million Notes due 2031 contain the following covenants (as defined in the indentures) that we must comply with:

- Maintaining a ratio of total indebtedness to total asset value of not more than 60%;
- Maintaining a ratio of secured debt to total asset value of not more than 40%;
- Maintaining a Debt Service Coverage Ratio of at least 1.5 to 1.0; and
- Maintaining a ratio of unencumbered assets to unsecured debt of at least 1.5 to 1.0.

The Credit Agreement, \$150 Million Term Loan Facility and Senior Notes also contain limitations on our ability to pay distributions on our common stock. Specifically, our cash dividends may not exceed the greater of (i) 95% of our FFO (as defined in the credit agreement) and (ii) the amount required for us to qualify and maintain our REIT status. If an event of default exists, we may only make distributions sufficient to qualify and maintain our REIT status.

Additionally, subject to the terms of the Senior Notes, upon certain events of default, including, but not limited to, (i) a default in the payment of any principal, make-whole payment amount, or interest under the Senior Notes, (ii) a default in the payment of certain of our other indebtedness, (iii) a default in compliance with the covenants set forth in the Senior Notes agreement and (iv) bankruptcy and other insolvency defaults, the principal and accrued and unpaid interest and the make-whole payment amount on the outstanding Senior Notes will become due and payable at the option of the purchasers. In addition, we are required to maintain at all times a credit rating on the Senior Notes from either S&P, Moody's or Fitch.

The \$60 Million Term Loan contains the following financial covenants:

- Maintaining a Debt Service Coverage Ratio (as defined in the term loan agreement) of at least 1.10 to 1.00, to be tested quarterly;
- Maintaining Unencumbered Liquid Assets (as defined in the term loan agreement) of not less than (i) \$5 million, or (ii) \$8 million if we elect to have Line of Credit Availability (as defined in the term loan agreement) included in the calculation, of which \$2 million must be cash or cash equivalents, to be tested annually as of December 31 of each year;
- Maintaining a minimum Fair Market Net Worth (as defined in the term loan agreement) of at least \$75 million, to be tested annually as of December 31 of each year.

We were in compliance with all of our quarterly debt covenants as of September 30, 2021.

Cash Flows

Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2021 to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

The following table summarizes the changes in net cash flows associated with our operating, investing, and financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Change
	2021	2020	
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 179,943	\$ 146,648	\$ 33,295
Cash used in investing activities	\$ (1,352,721)	\$ (222,098)	\$ (1,130,623)
Cash provided by financing activities	\$ 1,055,459	\$ 282,599	\$ 772,860

Net cash provided by operating activities. Net cash provided by operating activities increased by \$33.3 million to \$179.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to \$146.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase was primarily attributable to the incremental cash flows from property acquisitions completed subsequent to January 1, 2020, the increase in Cash NOI from our Same Properties Portfolio and changes in working capital (excluding the change in sales-type lease receivable), partially offset by net proceeds of \$19.6 million from the sale of 2722 Fairview Street (“Fairview”) which was sold in September 2020 pursuant to the tenant exercising the option under its lease to purchase the property, and an increase in cash interest paid for comparable periods.

Net cash used in investing activities. Net cash used in investing activities increased by \$1.13 billion to \$1.35 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to \$222.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase was primarily attributable to a \$1.14 billion increase in cash paid for property acquisitions and acquisition related deposits and a \$14.1 million increase in cash paid for construction and repositioning/redevelopment projects, partially offset by a \$22.7 million increase in proceeds from the sale of real estate (excluding the proceeds from the sale of Fairview noted above) for comparable periods.

Net cash provided by financing activities. Net cash provided by financing activities increased by \$772.9 million to \$1.06 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2021, compared to \$282.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase was primarily attributable to the following: (i) an increase of \$717.8 million in net cash proceeds from the issuance of shares of our common stock, (ii) an increase of \$587.5 million in cash proceeds from borrowings under the Revolver and (iii) an increase of \$392.4 million in net cash proceeds from the issuance of the \$400 Million Notes due 2031. These increases were partially offset by the following: (i) a decrease of \$587.5 million from the repayment of our borrowings under the Revolver, (ii) a decrease of \$225.0 million from the repayment of the \$225 Million Term Loan Facility, (iii) a decrease of \$90.0 million from the redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock and (iv) an increase of \$23.2 million in dividends paid to common stockholders and common unitholders primarily resulting from the increase in the number of common shares outstanding and the increase in our quarterly per share cash dividend.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market risk refers to the risk of loss from adverse changes in market prices and interest rates. A key market risk we face is interest rate risk. We are exposed to interest rate changes primarily as a result of using variable-rate debt to satisfy various short-term and long-term liquidity needs, which have interest rates based upon LIBOR. We use interest rate swaps to manage, or hedge, interest rate risks related to our borrowings. Because actual interest rate movements over time are uncertain, our swaps pose potential interest rate risks, notably if interest rates fall. We also expose ourselves to credit risk, which we attempt to minimize by contracting with highly-rated banking financial counterparties. For a summary of our outstanding variable-rate debt, see Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources. For a summary of our interest rate swaps and recent transactions, see Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements.

As of September 30, 2021, the \$150 Million Term Loan Facility has been effectively fixed through the use of an interest rate swap. The interest rate swap has a notional value of \$150.0 million, an effective date of July 22, 2019, a maturity date of November 22, 2024, and currently fixes the annual interest rate payable on the \$150 Million Term Loan Facility at 2.7625% plus an applicable margin under the terms of the \$150 Million Term Loan Facility.

At September 30, 2021, we had total consolidated indebtedness, excluding unamortized debt issuance costs and premiums/discounts, of \$1.40 billion. Of this total amount, \$1.34 billion, or 96%, had an interest rate that was effectively fixed under the terms of the loan or an interest rate swap. The remaining \$58.3 million, or 4%, comprises our variable-rate debt. Based upon the amount of variable-rate debt outstanding as of September 30, 2021, if LIBOR were to increase by 50 basis points, the increase in interest expense on our variable-rate debt would decrease our future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$0.3 million annually. If LIBOR were to decrease by 50 basis points, assuming an interest rate floor of 0%, the decrease in interest expense on our variable-rate debt would increase our future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$47 thousand annually.

Interest risk amounts are our management's estimates and were determined by considering the effect of hypothetical interest rates on our financial instruments. We calculate interest sensitivity by multiplying the amount of variable rate debt outstanding by the respective change in rate. The sensitivity analysis does not take into consideration possible changes in the balances or fair value of our floating rate debt or the effect of any change in overall economic activity that could occur in that environment. Further, in the event of a change of that magnitude, we may take actions to further mitigate our exposure to the change. However, due to the uncertainty of the specific actions that would be taken and their possible effects, this analysis assumes no changes in our financial structure.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) or Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the “Exchange Act”)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is processed, recorded, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Security and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As required by SEC Rule 13a-15(b), we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2021, the end of the period covered by this report.

Based on the foregoing, our Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of September 30, 2021, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. No changes to our internal control over financial reporting were identified that occurred during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are party to various lawsuits, claims and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business. We are not currently a party to any legal proceedings that we believe would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Please refer to our Risk Factors as set forth in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. There have been no material changes to the risk factors as set forth in that document.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(a) Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

None.

(b) Use of Proceeds

None.

(c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or approximate dollar value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021	30	\$ 60.53	N/A	N/A
August 1, 2021 to August 31, 2021	176	\$ 61.15	N/A	N/A
September 1, 2021 to September 30, 2021	403	\$ 63.01	N/A	N/A
	<u>609</u>	<u>\$ 62.35</u>	N/A	N/A

(1) Reflects shares of common stock that were tendered by certain of our employees to satisfy tax withholding obligations related to the vesting of restricted shares of common stock.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

<u>Exhibit</u>	
3.1	Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Form S-11/A, filed by the registrant on July 15, 2013 (Registration No. 333-188806))
3.2	Fourth Amended and Restated Bylaws of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Form 8-K, filed by the registrant on February 14, 2020)
3.3	Articles Supplementary designating the Series B Preferred Stock of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 of Form 8-A, filed by the registrant on November 9, 2017)
3.4	Articles Supplementary designating the Series C Preferred Stock of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 of Form 8-A, filed by the registrant on September 19, 2019)
3.5	Seventh Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Rexford Industrial Realty, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Form 8-K, filed by the registrant on March 5, 2020)
4.1	Form of Certificate of Common Stock of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form S-11/A, filed by the registrant on July 15, 2013 (Registration No. 333-188806))
4.2	Form of Specimen Certificate of Series B Preferred Stock of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form 8-A, filed by the registrant on November 9, 2017)
4.3	Form of Specimen Certificate of Series C Preferred Stock of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form 8-A, filed by the registrant on September 19, 2019)
4.4	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 9, 2021, among Rexford Industrial Realty, L.P., as issuer, Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc., as guarantor, and U.S. Bank, National Association, as trustee, including the form of the Notes and the Guarantee. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of Form 8-K, filed by the registrant on August 9, 2021)
10.1	Confirmation of Registered Forward Transaction, dated September 22, 2021, by and between Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and Bank of America, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.2 of Form 8-K, filed by the registrant on September 27, 2021)
10.2	Confirmation of Registered Forward Transaction, dated September 22, 2021, by and between Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.3 of Form 8-K, filed by the registrant on September 27, 2021)
22.1*	List of Issuers of Guaranteed Securities
31.1*	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.3*	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.3*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.1*	The registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2021, formatted in inline XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited), (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited), (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (unaudited), (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) and (vi) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) that have been detail tagged.
104.1*	Cover Page Interactive Data File - The cover page interactive data file does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the inline XBRL document.

* Filed herein

† Compensatory plan or arrangement

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto authorized.

Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.

October 25, 2021

/s/ Michael S. Frankel

Michael S. Frankel

Co-Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

October 25, 2021

/s/ Howard Schwimmer

Howard Schwimmer

Co-Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

October 25, 2021

/s/ Laura E. Clark

Laura E. Clark

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

List of Issuers of Guaranteed Securities

As of September 30, 2021, the following subsidiary was the issuer of the 2.125% Senior Notes due 2030 and the 2.150% Senior Notes due 2031, which are both guaranteed by Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.

Name of Subsidiary	Jurisdiction of Organization
Rexford Industrial Realty, L.P.	Maryland

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Michael S. Frankel, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

October 25, 2021

By: /s/ Michael S. Frankel
 Michael S. Frankel
 Co-Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Howard Schwimmer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

October 25, 2021

By: /s/ Howard Schwimmer
Howard Schwimmer
Co-Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Laura E. Clark, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

October 25, 2021

By: /s/ Laura E. Clark
 Laura E. Clark
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended September 30, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael S. Frankel, Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Michael S. Frankel

Michael S. Frankel

Co-Chief Executive Officer

October 25, 2021

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended September 30, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Howard Schwimmer, Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Howard Schwimmer

Howard Schwimmer

Co-Chief Executive Officer

October 25, 2021

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended September 30, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Laura E. Clark, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Laura E. Clark

Laura E. Clark
Chief Financial Officer
October 25, 2021